[KD 015]

Sub. Code: 1253

D.M. DEGREE EXAMINATION.

(Higher Specialities)

Branch IV - Gastroenterology

(Revised Regulations)

Paper III — HEPATOBILIARY, PANCREATIC DISEASES

Time: Three hours

Maximum: 100 marks

Answer ALL questions

- 1. Discuss the non-surgical management of complications of chronic pancreatitis. (25)
- Role of liver transplant in Indian scenerio (25)
- 3 Short notes on :

 $(5 \times 10 = 50)$ 

- (a) HBV mutants.
- (b) Vipoma.
- (c) Neonatal Hepatitis.
- (d) Hepato pulmonary syndrome.
- (e) Treatment of Intra hepatic cholestasis.

[KE 015]

Sub. Code: 1253

#### D.M. DEGREE EXAMINATION

(Higher Specialities)

(Revised Regulations)

Branch IV -- Gastroenterology

### Paper III — HEPATOBILIARY AND PANCREATIC DISEASES

Time: Three hours

Maximum: 100 marks

## Answer ALL questions

- Give an account of the diagnosis and management of Autoimmune hepatitis. (25)
- Discuss the aetiology and pathogenesis of chronic pancreatitis. (25)
- Write short notes on :

 $(5 \times 10 = 50)$ 

- (a) Shwachman Syndrome.
- (b) Management of coagulation defect in liver disease.
  - (c) Iatrogenic hepato-renal syndrome.
- (d) Prediction of bleeding from oesophageal varices.
  - (e) Management of Wilson's disease.

[KG 015]

Sub. Code: 1253

#### D.M. DEGREE EXAMINATION.

(Higher Specialities)

(Revised Regulations)

Branch IV — Gastroenterology

### Paper III — HEPATOBILIARY AND PANCREATIC DISEASES

Time: Three hours

-Maximum: 100 marks

Answer ALL questions.

- Discuss the natural history and management of Hepatitic C. (25)
- Discuss the diagnosis and management of pancreatic necrosis. (25)
- Write short notes on :

 $(5 \times 10 = 50)$ 

- (a) Diagnosis of Hereditary haemochromatosis
- (b) Management of laparoscopic injury to bile duct
  - (c) Crigler-Najjar Syndrome
  - (d) Hepato-Pulmonary Syndrome
  - (e) Endotherapy in Chronic pancreatitis.

[KH 015]

Sub. Code: 1253

#### D.M. DEGREE EXAMINATION

(Higher Specialities)

(Revised Regulations)

Branch IV — Gastroenterology

# Paper III — HEPATOBILIARY AND PANCREATIC DISEASES

Time: Three hours

Maximum: 100 marks

## Answer ALL questions.

- Discuss the aetiology and pathogenesis of Acute pancreatitis. (25)
- Discuss the patho physiology, diagnostic criteria and management of Hepato renal syndrome. (25)
- 3 Write short notes on (50)
  - (a) Diagnosis of cystic fibrosis of Pancreas
  - (b) Medical management of variceal bleed
  - (e) INH induced hepatitis
  - (d) Veno occlusive disease
  - (e) Retained common bile duct stone.

[KK 015]

Sub. Code: 1253

D.M. DEGREE EXAMINATION.

(Higher Specialities)

(Revised Regulations)

Branch IV - Gastroenterology

Paper III — HEPATOBILIARY, PANCREATIC DISEASES

Time: Three hours Maximum: 100 marks

Theory: Two hours and Theory: 80 marks

forty minutes

M.C.Q.: Twenty minutes M.C.Q.: 20 marks

Answer ALL questions.

A. Essay:

 $(2 \times 15 = 30)$ 

- Discuss the diagnostic and prognostic criteria of acute pancreatitis - classical and modified.
- (2) Wilson's disease Discuss the Etiology, Clinical features. Investigation and management.

B. Write short notes on :

 $(10 \times 5 = 50)$ 

- Hepato pulmonary syndrome.
- (2) HBV mutants.
- (3) Absolute and relative contra indications of liver transplantation.
- (4) Hepato biliary complication of inflammatory bowel disease.
  - (5) Interferrons.
  - (6) Non-invasive pancreatic function tests.
  - Pancreatic divisum.
- (8) Non-surgical management of pancreatic pseudocyst.
  - (9) Spontaneous bacterial peritonitis.
  - (10) Management of refractory ascitis.

[KL 015]

Sub. Code: 1253

#### D.M. DEGREE EXAMINATION.

(Higher Specialities)

(Revised Regulations)

Branch IV - Gastroenterology

## Paper III — HEPATOBILIARY, PANCREATIC DISEASES

Time: Three hours

Maximum: 100 marks

Theory: Two hours and

Theory: 80 marks

forty minutes

M.C.Q.: Twenty minutes

M.C.Q. : 20 marks

Answer ALL questions.

I. Essay :

 $(2 \times 15 = 30)$ 

- Discuss etiopathogenesis, diagnosis and management of primary sclerosing cholangitis.
- (2) Write in detail the types, etiopathogenesis, diagnosis and management of Budd-Chiari syndrome.

II. Write short notes on :

 $(10 \times 5 = 50)$ 

- (a) HBeAg Negative chronic hepatitis 'B'.
- (b) Auto immune Hepatitis.
- (c) Measurement of hepatic blood flow.
- (d) MELD Score.

- (e) Adefovir Dipiroxil.
- (f) Treatment options for hepatic fibrosis.
- (g) Pancreatic pseudocyst.
- (h) Endoscopic treatment of chronic pancreatitis.
- (i) Dual label Schilling test.
- (j) Treatment options for Non resectable hilar cholangio carcinoma.

[KM 015]

Sub. Code: 1253

#### D.M. DEGREE EXAMINATION.

(Higher Specialities)

(Revised Regulation)

Branch IV - Gastroenterology

#### Paper III — HEPATOBILIARY, PANCREATIC DISEASES

Time: Three hours Maximum: 100 marks

Theory: Two hours and Theory: 80 marks

forty minutes

M.C.Q.: Twenty minutes M.C.Q.: 20 marks

#### Answer ALL questions.

#### L Essay:

 $(2 \times 15 = 30)$ 

- Describe etiopathogenetic mechanisms, epidemiology, clinical features, diagnosis and management of gall stone disease.
- (2) How do you approach to a case of pancreatic necrosis? Please highlight the various issues including role of imaging, FNA, antibiotics and newer modalities of management.

I. Write short notes on :

 $(10 \times 5 = 50)$ 

- (a) Minimal hepatic encephalopathy
- (b) HBV genotypes
- (c) Post Liver transplant biliary complications
- (d) Autoimmune pancreatitis
- (e) Is Adefovir the first line treatment of chronic HBV injection?
- (f) Does pre operative billiary drainage improve the outcome of surgery for obstructive jaundice?
  - (g) Non invasive assessment for liver fibrosis
  - (h) Insulin resistance syndrome and NAFLD
  - (i) Is cirrnosis reversible?
  - Overlap syndromes.

[KO 015] Sub. Code: 1253

D.M. DEGREE EXAMINATION.

(Higher Specialities)

(Revised Regulation)

Branch IV - Gastroenterology

Paper III — HEPATOBILIARY, PANCREATIC DISEASES

Time: Three hours Maximum: 100 marks

Theory: Two hours and Theory: 80 marks

forty minutes

M.C.Q.: Twenty minutes M.C.Q.: 20 marks

Answer ALL questions.

I. Essay:

 $(2 \times 15 = 30)$ 

- Describe the genetics, clinical features, diagnosis and management of heriditary haemochromatosis.
- (2) Describe the approach to the diagnosis and management of hepatitis C infection.

II. Short notes on :

 $(10 \times 5 = 50)$ 

- (a) Subclinical hepatic encephalopathy
- (b) Post-cholecystectomy bile leak
- (c) Diagnosis of autoimmune hepatitis
- (d) Management of hepatorenal syndrome
- (e) Complications of pancreatic diabetes
- (f) Annular pancreas
- (g) Negative feedback of pancreatic enzyme secretion
  - (h) Endoscopic therapy of gall stone pancreatitis
  - (i) AIDS cholangiopathy
  - Long term effects of biliary sphincterotomy.

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[KP 015]

Sub. Code: 1253

#### D.M. DEGREE EXAMINATION.

(Higher Specialities)

(Revised Regulations)

Branch IV - Gastroenterology

## Paper III — HEPATOBILIARY, PANCREATIC DISEASES

Time: Three hours

Maximum: 100 marks

Theory: Two hours and

Theory: 80 marks

forty minutes

M.C.Q.: Twenty minutes

M.C.Q.: 20 marks

#### Answer ALL questions.

## I. Essay :

- (1) Describe the pathophysiology and management of multi-organ dysfunction in a patient with necrotising pancreatitis. (20)
- (2) Describe the pathophysiology and management of hepatorenal syndrome. (15)
- (3) Describe the physiology of the Sphincter of Oddi. Discuss the presentation, diagnosis and management of dysfunction of the Sphincter. (15)

II. Write short notes on :

 $(6 \times 5 = 30)$ 

- (a) Criggler Najjar Syndrome
- (b) Hepatic effects of methotrexate
- (c) Biliary microlithiasis
- (d) Treatment of Hepatitis D virus infection
- (e) Cationic trypsinogen gene mutations
- (f) Endoscopic papillectomy.

[KQ 015]

Sub. Code: 1253

## D.M. DEGREE EXAMINATION.

(Higher Specialities)

(Revised Regulations)

Branch IV - Gastroenterology

## Paper III — HEPATOBILIARY, PANCREATIC DISEASES

Time: Three hours Maximum: 100 marks

Theory: Two hours and Theory: 80 marks

forty minutes

M.C.Q.: Twenty minutes M.C.Q.: 20 marks

## Answer ALL questions.

### I. Essay:

- 1. Defination, diagnostic criteria, subclassification and management of autoimmune hepatitis. (20)
- Discuss the actiology, risk factors, pathogenesis and treatment of NAFLD. (15)
- Discuss the aetiology, clinical features, diagnostic criteria and management of autoimmune pancreatitis.
   (15)

II. Short notes :

 $(6 \times 5 = 30)$ 

- Role of MELD scoring system in liver transplantation.
- Non-surgical management of early hepatocellular carcinoma.
- Progressive familial intrahepatic cholestasis.
- Management of Hepatitis B and C in HIV positive patients.
- Medical management of gall stone disease.
- Different modalities in endoscopic management of pancreatic lithiasis.

[KR 015]

Sub. Code: 1253

D.M. DEGREE EXAMINATION.

(Higher Specialities)

(Revised Regulations)

Branch IV - Gastroenterology

Paper III — HEPATOBILIARY, PANCREATIC DISEASES

Time: Three hours

Maximum: 100 marks

Theory: Two hours and

Theory: 80 marks

forty minutes

M.C.Q.: Twenty minutes

M.C.Q. : 20 marks

Answer ALL questions.

- I. Essay questions:
- 1. Describe the scoring systems in acute pancreatitis.

(20)

2. Discuss the management of cholangiocarcinoma.

(15)

3. Discuss liver transplant dysfunction. (15)

II. Short notes – Each carry 5 marks : (6

 $(6 \times 5 = 30)$ 

- (a) eec DNA
- (b) Genetics in chronic pancreatitis
- (c) Post-cholecystectomy bile leak
- (d) Treatment of Wilsons disease
- (e) Fat maldigestion
- (f) HELLP syndrome.

### August 2008

[KT 015] Sub. Code: 1253

#### D.M. DEGREE EXAMINATION

(Higher Specialities)

#### Branch IV - GASTROENTEROLOGY

(Revised Regulations)

## Paper III – HEPATOBILIARY, PANCREATIC DISEASES

Q.P. Code: 161253

Time: Three hours Maximum: 100 Marks

## **Answer ALL questions**

Draw suitable diagrams wherever necessary.

I. Essays:  $2 \times 20 = 40$ 

- 1. Classify various cystic lesions of pancreas. Give a detail commentary on primary cystic neoplasms of pancreas.
- 2. Describe the pathophysiology, diagnosis and treatment of hemochromatosis. Discuss the natural history and preventive measures of hepatoma associated with hemochromatosis.

#### II. Write short notes on:

 $10 \times 6 = 60$ 

- 1. Monoclonal antibodies in treatment of alcoholic hepatitis.
- 2. Hepatitis 'G' virus.
- 3. Veno-occlusive disease.
- 4. Prognostic criteria in acute pancreatitis.
- 5. Klatskin tumor.
- 6. Cystic tumors of pancreas.
- 7. Immunopathogenesis of chronic hepatitis 'C'.
- 8. Antiviral treatment strategy for chronic HBV infection.
- 9. Recurrent pyogenic cholangitis.
- 10. Choledocholithiasis.

## August 2009

[KV 015] Sub. Code: 1253

#### D.M. DEGREE EXAMINATION

(Higher Specialities)

## **Branch IV - GASTROENTEROLOGY**

(Revised Regulations)

## Paper III – HEPATOBILIARY, PANCREATIC DISEASES

Q.P. Code: 161253

Time: Three hours Maximum: 100 Marks

**Answer ALL questions** 

Draw suitable diagrams wherever necessary.

I. Essays:  $2 \times 20 = 40$ 

- 1. Fatty liver disease epidemiology, aetiopathogenesis, and current trends in management.
- 2. Diagnostic and prognostic criteria in acute pancreatitis. Discuss role of enteric nutrition in acute pancreatitis.

#### II. Write short notes on:

 $10 \times 6 = 60$ 

- 1. Genetics of Wilson's disease.
- 2. Overlap syndromes.
- 3. Cholestasis of pregnancy approach to management.
- 4. Minimal hepatic encephalopathy.
- 5. Vaccine therapy for chronic 'B' hepatitis.
- 6. Statins and liver.
- 7. Groove pancreatitis.
- 8. Hepatic stellate cells.
- 9. Tubeless pancreatic function tests.
- 10. Hepatitis G and GB agent infection.

## February 2011

[KY 015] Sub. Code: 1253

## **DOCTOR OF MEDICINE (D.M.) DEGREE EXAMINATION**

(Super Specialities)

## **Branch IV – GASTROENTEROLOGY**

(Revised Regulations)

## Common to all candidates

## Paper III – HEPATOBILIARY, PANCREATIC DISEASES

Q.P. Code: 161253

Time: Three hours Maximum: 100 Marks

## **Answer ALL questions**

Draw suitable diagrams wherever necessary.

I. Essays:  $2 \times 20 = 40$ 

- 1. Pathogenesis and treatment of Alcoholic Liver Disease.
- 2. Diagnosis and treatment of Autoimmune pancreatitis.

#### II. Write short notes on:

 $10 \times 6 = 60$ 

- 1. Drug induced chronic cholestasis.
- 2. Hepatic venous pressure Gradient.
- 3. Choledochal cysts.
- 4. Hepatitis C recurrence after liver transplantation.
- 5. Tumour markers for Hepatocellular carcinoma.
- 6. Vascular complications of acute pancreatitis.
- 7. Porto pulmonary syndrome.
- 8. Role of antibiotics in pancreatitis.
- 9. Epidemiology of pancreatic cancer.
- 10. Therapeutic applications of EUS in pancreatic disorders.

## August 2011

[KZ 015] Sub. Code: 1253

# DOCTORATE OF MEDICINE (D.M.) DEGREE EXAMINATION (SUPER SPECIALITIES)

## BRANCH IV – GASTROENTEROLOGY HEPATOBILIARY, PANCREATIC DISEASES

Q.P. Code: 161253

Time: 3 hours	Maximum: 100 marks		
(180 Min)	0-4		
Answer ALL questions in the same ord I. Elaborate on :	<b>Pages</b>		Marks (Max.)
<ol> <li>Describe various Cystic lesions of liver. Give a detailed commentary on Hydatid disease of liver.</li> </ol>	11	35	15
2. Describe the pathology, diagnosis and treatment of Pancreatic cancer.	11	35	15
II. Write notes on :			
1. Emphysematous cholecystitis.	4	10	7
2. Extracorporeal shock wave lithrotiripsy.	4	10	7
3. Hepatomegaly in HIV.	4	10	7
4. Recurrent pyogenic cholangitis.	4	10	7
5. Choledochal cyst.	4	10	7
6. Pancreatic duct leaks.	4	10	7
7. Cystic fibrosis.	4	10	7
8. Hereditary Pancreatitis.	4	10	7
9. Ectopic Pancreatic tissue.	4	10	7
10. Anomalous Pancreaticobiliary unions.	4	10	7

[LB 015] AUGUST 2012 Sub. Code: 1253

## D.M – GASTROENTEROLOGY

# Paper – III HEPATOBILIARY, PANCREATIC DISEASES Q.P. Code: 161253

Time: 3 hours Maximum: 100 marks

Time: 3 hours (180 Min)		Maximum: 100 marks		
Answer ALL questions in the same ord I. Elaborate on:			Marks (Max.)	
1. Liver diseases encountered during pregnancy – diagnosis,	1.0	2.5	1.5	
investigations and treatment.	16	35	15	
2. Recurrent acute pancreatitis: causes, investigations and treat	tment.16	35	15	
II. Write notes on:				
1. Management of benign focal liver lesions.	4	10	7	
2. Causes of jaundice in a HIV infected person, discuss				
management of the same.	4	10	7	
3. Management of biliary sludge.	4	10	7	
4. Vaccine against Hepatitis E.	4	10	7	
5. Management of Caroli's disease.	4	10	7	
6. Management of Ischemic Hepatitis.	4	10	7	
7. Hepatic venous pressure gradient measurement: technique,				
clinical utility.	4	10	7	
8. Management of cystic lesions of the pancreas.	4	10	7	
9. Portopulmonary hypertension – definition, management.	4	10	7	

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10

4

7

10. Management of pancreatic ascites.

## D.M. – GASTROENTEROLOGY Paper – III HEPATOBILIARY, PANCREATIC DISEASES Q.P.Code: 161253

Time: Three Hours Maximum: 100 marks

I. Elaborate on: (2X15=30)

1. Discuss the management of patient suffering from Chronic hepatitis C virus infection.

2. Discuss the pathophysiology and management of acute necrotizing pancreatitis.

## **II. Write notes on:** (10X7=70)

- 1. What is the effect of Hepato pulmonary syndrome with respect to liver transplantation?
- 2. Mention the criteria to diagnose Shwachman diamond syndrome.
- 3. Briefly analyse the role of Statins with respect to liver dysfunction.
- 4. What are the various types of Schilling test?
- 5. Mention the role of Provocative tests in Gilbert's syndrome.
- 6. Mention various modalities of diagnosing Biliary microlithiasis.
- 7. Discuss briefly the diagnostic criteria and management of Minimal Hepatic Encephalopathy.
- 8. Analyse the various nonsurgical options in Early Hepatocellular carcinoma management.
- 9. What are the clinical features, diagnostic criteria of Veno-occlusive disease.
- 10. What are the current trends in the management of Hep 'e' negative chronic HBV state.

#### D.M. – GASTROENTEROLOGY

# Paper III – HEPATOBILIARY, PANCREATIC DISEASES

Q. P. Code: 161253

Time: Three Hours Maximum: 100 Marks

Answer ALL questions in the same order.

I. Elaborate on:  $(2 \times 15 = 30)$ 

- 1. Etiopathogenesis, clinical features, diagnosis and management of chronic Pancreatitis.
- 2. Discuss the evaluation and management of Acute liver failure.

II. Write notes on:  $(10 \times 7 = 70)$ 

- 1. Management of pseudocyst of pancreas
- 2. Bio degradable biliary stents
- 3. Post ERCP pancreatitis
- 4. Auto immune pancreatitis- simplified criteria for diagnosis
- 5. TACE
- 6. Coagulation disorders in Chronic liver disease
- 7. Enterohepatic circulation
- 8. Recurrent acute pancreatitis
- 9. Direct per oral cholangioscopy
- 10. Budd Chiari syndrome.