

APRIL 2001

[KD 1522]

Sub. Code : 3030

DIPLOMA IN ANAESTHESIOLOGY EXAMINATION.

(New Regulations)

Part I

Paper I — BASIC SCIENCES RELATED TO
ANAESTHESIA, HISTORY OF ANAESTHESIA AND
PHYSICS IN ANAESTHESIA

Time : Three hours

Maximum : 100 marks

Answer ALL questions.

1. (a) Discuss the anatomy of epidural space.
(b) Discuss the current status of epidural analgesia. (25)
 2. Discuss the Biotransformation of Intravenous anaesthetic agents. (25)
 3. Write short notes on : (5 × 10 = 50)
 - (a) Calcium channel blockers
 - (b) Propofol
 - (c) CVP
 - (d) Magill
 - (e) Flowmeters.
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NOVEMBER 2001

[KE 1522]

Sub. Code : 3030

DIPLOMA IN ANAESTHESIOLOGY EXAMINATION.

(New Regulations)

Part I

Paper I — BASIC SCIENCES RELATED TO
ANAESTHESIA — HISTORY OF ANAESTHESIA AND
PHYSICS IN ANAESTHESIA

Time : Three hours

Maximum : 100 marks

Answer ALL questions.

1. Describe various types of Hypoxia and their effects on various systems. Discuss about post operative Hypoxia. (25)
 2. Describe Bronchopulmonary segments and their importance in Thoracic Anaesthesia. (25)
 3. Write short notes on : (5 × 10 = 50)
 - (a) Second Gas effect
 - (b) Kartagener's Syndrome
 - (c) Claude Bernard
 - (d) Ayre's 'T' Piece
 - (e) Chloroprocaine.
-

MARCH 2002

[KG 1522]

Sub. Code : 3030

DIPLOMA IN ANAESTHESIOLOGY EXAMINATION.

(New Regulations)

Part I

Paper I — BASIC SCIENCES RELATED TO
ANAESTHESIA — HISTORY OF ANAESTHESIA AND
PHYSICS IN ANAESTHESIA

Time : Three hours

Maximum : 100 marks

Answer ALL questions.

1. Describe the factors affecting pulmonary function with special reference to Anaesthesia. Describe various devices and methods of administration of oxygen therapy. (25)
 2. Describe various endobronchial tubes with special reference to physiology of one lung anaesthesia. (25)
 3. Write short notes on : (5 × 10 = 50)
 - (a) Amethocaine.
 - (b) Surfactant.
 - (c) H.E.G. Boyle.
 - (d) Water's canister.
 - (e) Diltiazem.
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SEPTEMBER 2002

[KH 1522]

Sub. Code : 3030

DIPLOMA IN ANAESTHESIOLOGY EXAMINATION.

(New Regulations)

Part I

Paper I — BASIC SCIENCES RELATED TO
ANAESTHESIA, HISTORY OF ANAESTHESIA AND
PHYSICS IN ANAESTHESIA

Time : Three hours

Maximum : 100 marks

Answer ALL questions.

1. (a) Describe in detail the anatomy and physiology of neuromuscular junction.
 - (b) Write briefly the differences between depolarising and non-depolarising neuromuscular block. (25)
 2. Describe in detail the mechanism of acid base balance in human physiology. (25)
 3. Write short notes on : (5 × 10 = 50)
 - (a) Sir Ralph Water
 - (b) CIDEX
 - (c) Adam valve
 - (d) Glomerular Filtration rate
 - (e) Dantrolene Sodium.
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APRIL 2003

[KI 1522]

Sub. Code : 3030

DIPLOMA IN ANAESTHESIOLOGY EXAMINATION.

(New Regulations)

Part I

Paper I — BASIC SCIENCES RELATED TO
ANAESTHESIA, HISTORY OF ANAESTHESIA AND
PHYSICS IN ANAESTHESIA

Time : Three hours

Maximum : 100 marks

Answer ALL questions.

1. (a) Describe pharmacology of antiarrhythmic drugs.
(b) How will you detect and treat perioperative arrhythmias? (25)
 2. (a) Discuss the lung function tests.
(b) Narrate the preoperative evaluation of a patient coming for lung resection. (25)
 3. Write short notes on : (5 × 10 = 50)
 - (a) Laplace's law
 - (b) Ideal gas equation
 - (c) Double burst stimulation
 - (d) Green morton
 - (e) Magnesium.
-

OCTOBER 2003

[KJ 1522]

Sub. Code : 3030

DIPLOMA IN ANAESTHESIOLOGY EXAMINATION.

(New Regulations)

Part I

Paper I — BASIC SCIENCES RELATED TO
ANAESTHESIA, HISTORY OF ANAESTHESIA AND
PHYSICS IN ANAESTHESIA

Time : Three hours

Maximum : 100 marks

Theory : Two hours and
forty minutes

Theory : 80 marks

M.C.Q. : Twenty minutes

M.C.Q. : 20 marks

M.C.Q. must be answered **SEPARATELY** on the
answer sheet provided as per the instructions on the
first page of M.C.Q. Booklet.

Answer ALL questions.

Draw suitable diagrams wherever necessary.

I. Essay : (2 × 15 = 30)

(1) Describe the anatomy of the larynx and
tracheobronchial tree and the clinical applied anatomy
in relation to the anaesthesiologist.

(2) Describe the cardiac cycle in detail with
diagrammatic representation and discuss factors
controlling cardiovascular physiology.

II. Short notes : (10 × 5 = 50)

- (1) Sir Robert Magill.
- (2) Venturi principle.
- (3) Oxygen dissociation curve.
- (4) Anatomy of the neuromuscular junction.
- (5) Hypoxic Pulmonary Vasoconstriction (HPV).
- (6) Intrathecal opioids.
- (7) Aprotinin.
- (8) LUFT principle and its clinical application.
- (9) Pharmacogenetics of suxamethonium.
- (10) ACE inhibitors.

AUGUST 2004

[KL 1522]

Sub. Code : 3030

DIPLOMA IN ANAESTHESIOLOGY EXAMINATION.

(New Regulations)

Part I

**Paper I — BASIC SCIENCES RELATED TO
ANAESTHESIA, HISTORY OF ANAESTHESIA AND
PHYSICS IN ANAESTHESIA**

Time : Three hours Maximum : 100 marks

**Theory : Two hours and Theory : 80 marks
forty minutes**

M.C.Q. : Twenty minutes M.C.Q. : 20 marks

Answer ALL questions.

Draw suitable diagrams wherever necessary.

- I. Essay : (2 × 15 = 30)**
- (1) Describe the anatomy of epidural space.**
 - (2) Describe the transport of oxygen in the blood.**
- II. Short notes : (10 × 5 = 50)**
- (a) Triple Index.**
 - (b) Shunt Fraction.**
 - (c) Liquid Oxygen.**
 - (d) Buffer systems of body.**

- (e) Remi fantanyl.**
 - (f) Neuromuscular junction.**
 - (g) Hagen–Poiseuille's equation.**
 - (h) John snow.**
 - (i) Pathways of pain in labour.**
 - (j) Liver function Tests.**
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FEBRUARY 2005

[KM 1522]

Sub. Code : 3030

DIPLOMA IN ANAESTHESIOLOGY EXAMINATION.

(New Regulations)

Part I

Paper I — BASIC SCIENCES RELATED TO
ANAESTHESIA, HISTORY OF ANAESTHESIA AND
PHYSICS IN ANAESTHESIA

Time : Three hours

Maximum : 100 marks

Theory : Two hours and
forty minutes

Theory : 80 marks

M.C.Q. : Twenty minutes

M.C.Q. : 20 marks

Answer ALL questions.

Draw suitable diagrams wherever necessary.

I. Essay : (2 × 15 = 30)

(1) Describe the historical milestones in the development of regional anaesthesia (drugs and technique) from its early days to as it stands today. (15)

(2) Describe the physiological effects of CENTRAL NEURAXIAL BLOCKADE. (15)

II. Short notes : (10 × 5 = 50)

- (a) Anatomy of Nasal Cavity.
- (b) Reynolds Number
- (c) Transcutaneous monitoring of O₂ and CO₂
- (d) Checking the integrity of circle system with CO₂ absorbant in anaesthesia machine
- (e) Differences between crystalloids and colliods
- (f) Protamine
- (g) FRANK STARLING relationship
- (h) Etomidate
- (i) High dose opioid anaesthesia advantages and limitations
- (j) Carbon monoxide poisoning.

MARCH 2007

[KQ 1522]

Sub. Code : 3030

DIPLOMA IN ANAESTHESIOLOGY (D.A.)
EXAMINATION.

Paper I — BASIC SCIENCES RELATED TO
ANAESTHESIA, HISTORY OF ANAESTHESIA AND
PHYSICS IN ANAESTHESIA

Common to

(Candidates admitted from 1993-94 onwards)

and

(Candidates admitted from 2004-05 onwards)

Time : Three hours Maximum : 100 marks

Theory : Two hours and Theory : 80 marks
forty minutes

M.C.Q. : Twenty minutes M.C.Q. : 20 marks

Answer ALL questions.

Draw suitable diagrams wherever necessary.

I. Essay questions :

(1) Classify Opioids according to their anaesthetic uses. Describe opioid anaesthesia (high dosage opioid anaesthesia). (20)

(2) Describe Cardiovascular effects of Epidural Blockade. Mention clinical tests to evaluate residual activity in cardiac sympathetic nerves. (15)

(3) Discuss closed circuit anaesthesia. (15)

II. Write short notes : (6 × 5 = 30)

(a) Atypical Thoracic Vertebra

(b) Dr. Ralph M. Waters

(c) Mivacurium

(d) High air flow with oxygen enrichment masks

(e) Intraosseous administration of fluids and drugs.

(f) Factors affecting hypoxic pulmonary vasoconstriction.

MARCH 2008

WS 11

[KS 1522]

Sub. Code : 3030

DIPLOMA IN ANAESTHESIOLOGY (D.A.) EXAMINATION.

Paper I — BASIC SCIENCES RELATED TO ANAESTHESIA,
HISTORY OF ANAESTHESIA AND PHYSICS IN ANAESTHESIA

(Common to All Regulations)

Q.P. Code : 343030

Time : Three hours

Maximum : 100 marks

Answer ALL questions.

Draw suitable diagrams wherever necessary.

I. Essay questions : (2 × 20 = 40)

(1) Discuss the pharmacology of various drugs used for controlled hypotension. What are the demerits of controlled hypotensive anaesthesia. (20)

(2) Describe the anatomy of broncho-pulmonary segments with the help of a diagram. Discuss the pulmonary function tests. (20)

II. Write short notes : (10 × 6 = 60)

- (1) Three-in-one block.
 - (2) Autologous blood transfusion.
 - (3) Positioning under anaesthesia.
 - (4) 16th October 1846.
 - (5) Anaesthesia for laproscopic surgery.
 - (6) Flow meters.
 - (7) Amniotic fluid embolism.
 - (8) Venturi principle.
 - (9) Pharmacology and clinical utilization of Heparin.
 - (10) Low flow anaesthesia.
-

September 2008

[KT 1519]

Sub. Code: 3027

DIPLOMA IN ANAESTHESIOLOGY EXAMINATION.

**Paper I – BASIC SCIENCES RELATED TO ANAESTHESIA,
HISTORY OF ANAESTHESIA AND PHYSICS IN
ANAESTHESIA**

(Common to all candidates)

Q.P. Code : 343030

Time : Three hours

Maximum : 100 marks

Draw suitable diagram wherever necessary.

Answer ALL questions.

I. Essay questions :

(2 X 20 = 40)

1. Discuss in detail the uptake and distribution of inhalational anaesthetic agents and factors affecting it.
2. Describe the anatomy and discuss stellate ganglion block.

II. Write short notes on :

(10 X 6 = 60)

1. Anaphylactic reactions during anaesthesia.
 2. Monitoring neuromuscular blockade.
 3. Malignant hyperthermia.
 4. Weaning from mechanical ventilation.
 5. Horace wells.
 6. Thromboelastograph Tracings.
 7. Epidural analgesics.
 8. Hyperkalemia.
 9. Propofol.
 10. Oxygen dissociation curve.
-

MARCH -2009

[KU 1522]

Sub. Code: 3030

DIPLOMA IN ANAESTHESIOLOGY EXAMINATION.
Paper I – BASIC SCIENCES RELATED TO ANAESTHESIA,
HISTORY OF ANAESTHESIA AND PHYSICS IN
ANAESTHESIA

(Common to all candidates)

Q.P. Code : 343030

Time : Three hours

Maximum : 100 marks

Draw suitable diagram wherever necessary.

Answer ALL questions.

I. Essay questions : (2 X 20 = 40)

1. Describe coronary circulation. Discuss factors affecting cardiac output.
2. Describe in detail the development, functioning and usage of circle absorber system.

II. Write short notes on : (10 X 6 = 60)

1. Phase II block.
2. Pulmonary capillary wedge pressure.
3. Failed intubation drill.
4. Recurrent laryngeal nerve.
5. James young simpson.
6. Sodium nitroprusside.
7. Autologous Transfusion.
8. PEEP.
9. Pulse oximetry.
10. Glasgow coma scale.

September - 2009

[KV 1522]

Sub. Code: 3030

DIPLOMA IN ANAESTHESIOLOGY EXAMINATION.

**Paper I – BASIC SCIENCES RELATED TO ANAESTHESIA,
HISTORY OF ANAESTHESIA AND PHYSICS IN
ANAESTHESIA**

(Common to all candidates)

Q.P. Code : 343030

Time : Three hours

Maximum : 100 marks

Draw suitable diagram wherever necessary.

Answer ALL questions.

I. Essay questions : (2 X 20 = 40)

1. Discuss about sympathomimetic drugs.
2. Hyponatremia and hypernatremia – causes, clinical features, treatment and anaesthetic considerations.

II. Write short notes on : (10 X 6 = 60)

1. Sodalime.
2. Total intravenous anaesthesia.
3. Nerve supply of larynx.
4. Extra-Junctional receptors.
5. Double burst stimulation.
6. Principles of pulse-oximetry.
7. Ivan Magill.
8. Malignant hyperthermia.
9. Monitored anaesthesia care.
10. Anatomy of epidural space.

March 2010

[KW 1522]

Sub. Code: 3030

DIPLOMA IN ANAESTHESIOLOGY EXAMINATION

**BASIC SCIENCES RELATED TO ANAESTHESIA,
HISTORY OF ANAESTHESIA AND PHYSICS IN
ANAESTHESIA**

(Common to all candidates)

Q.P. Code : 343030

Time : Three hours Maximum : 100 marks

Draw suitable diagram wherever necessary

Answer ALL questions

I. Essay questions : (2 x 20 = 40)

1. Describe the brachial plexus.
2. Discuss the physiological changes during pregnancy in relation to anaesthesia.

II. Write short notes on : (10 x 6 = 60)

1. Visual analogue scale.
2. Rocuronium.
3. John snow.
4. Capnography.
5. Propofol.
6. Oxygen toxicity.
7. Allens test.
8. Safety devices on anaesthesia machines.
9. Venturi principle and its application.
10. Surfactant.

September 2010

[KX 1522]

Sub. Code: 3030

**DIPLOMA IN ANAESTHESIOLOGY (D.A.) EXAMINATION.
Part I for Candidates admitted upto 2003-04 & Candidates admitted
from 2008-09 onwards**

And

Paper I for Candidates admitted from 2004-05 to 2007-08

**BASIC SCIENCES RELATED TO ANAESTHESIA,
HISTORY OF ANAESTHESIA AND PHYSICS IN
ANAESTHESIA**

Q.P. Code : 343030

Time : Three hours

Maximum : 100 marks

Draw suitable diagram wherever necessary.

Answer ALL questions.

I. Essay questions :

(2 X 20 = 40)

1. Discuss in detail positioning under Anaesthesia.
2. Discuss in detail about post operative Hypoxia.

II. Write short notes on :

(10 X 6 = 60)

1. Nerve supply of larynx.
2. Limitations of pulse oximetry.
3. Respiratory effects of subarachnoid block.
4. Aortacaval compression.
5. Propofol.
6. Fentanyl.
7. Caudal block.
8. Ether dome.
9. Liquid Oxygen.
10. Carbondioxide absorbants.

APRIL 2011

[KY 1522]

Sub. Code: 3030

DIPLOMA IN ANAESTHESIOLOGY (DA) EXAMINATION

BASIC SCIENCES RELATED TO ANAESTHESIA,
HISTORY OF ANAESTHESIA AND PHYSICS IN
ANAESTHESIA

Q.P. Code : 343030

Time : 3 hours
(180 Min)

Maximum : 100 marks

Answer ALL questions in the same order.

I. Elaborate on :

	Pages (Max.)	Time (Max.)	Marks (Max.)
1. Describe the physiology of neuro muscular transmission. Discuss the factors that modify the action of muscle relaxants.	11	35	15
2. Classify vaporizers. Briefly discuss the functioning of TEC 6 vaporizer and mention about pumping and pressurizing effect.	11	35	15

II. Write notes on :

1. Anatomy of internal jugular vein.	4	10	7
2. Critical temperature.	4	10	7
3. Hoffmann's degradation.	4	10	7
4. Anion gap.	4	10	7
5. Changes in vocal cord in various types of palsies.	4	10	7
6. Capnography and various abnormal capnographs.	4	10	7
7. Ralph waters.	4	10	7
8. B. Adrenergic blocking drugs.	4	10	7
9. Oxygen toxicity.	4	10	7
10. Hyperkalemia.			

October 2011

[KZ 1522]

Sub. Code: 3030

DIPLOMA IN ANAESTHESIOLOGY (DA) EXAMINATION
BASIC SCIENCES RELATED TO ANAESTHESIA,
HISTORY OF ANAESTHESIA AND PHYSICS IN ANAESTHESIA

Q.P. Code : 343030

Time : 3 hours
(180 Min)

Maximum : 100 marks

Answer ALL questions in the same order.

I. Elaborate on :

Pages Time Marks
(Max.) (Max.) (Max.)

- | | | | |
|---|----|---------|----|
| 1. Draw anatomy of Brachial plexus and summarize various approaches for shock with merits and demerits. | 11 | 35 min. | 15 |
| 2. Definition and classification of shock. Anaesthetic management of two days old perforation peritonitis in a male aged 62 years. such patients? | 11 | 35 min. | 15 |

II. Write notes on :

- | | | | |
|-----------------------------------|---|---------|---|
| 1. W.T.G. MORTON. | 4 | 10 min. | 7 |
| 2. Etomidate. | 4 | 10 min. | 7 |
| 3. Cerebro spinal fluid. | 4 | 10 min. | 7 |
| 4. Duchenne muscular dystrophy. | 4 | 10 min. | 7 |
| 5. First pass metabolism. | 4 | 10 min. | 7 |
| 6. Hagen – Poiseuille's law. | 4 | 10 min. | 7 |
| 7. GABA. | 4 | 10 min. | 7 |
| 8. Post dural puncture head ache. | 4 | 10 min. | 7 |
| 9. Transverse abdominis block. | 4 | 10 min. | 7 |
| 10. Q-T interval prolongation. | 4 | 10 min. | 7 |

April 2012

[LA 1522]

Sub. Code: 3030

DIPLOMA IN ANAESTHESIOLOGY (DA) EXAMINATION

**BASIC SCIENCES RELATED TO ANAESTHESIA,
HISTORY OF ANAESTHESIA AND PHYSICS IN ANAESTHESIA**

Q.P. Code : 343030

**Time : 3 hours
(180 Min)**

Maximum : 100 marks

Answer ALL questions in the same order.

I. Elaborate on :

	Pages (Max.)	Time (Max.)	Marks (Max.)
1. Explain in detail the cardiac cycle, Factors regulating cardiac output and methods of measuring cardiac output.	16	35	15
2. Describe the mode of action of Local Anesthetic Drugs. What are the pharmacological requisites of an ideal local anesthetic?	16	35	15

II. Write notes on :

1. Write about AMBU bag, its usage and the different types of valves used.	4	10	7
2. Hagen poiselle law-state the law and its anesthetic applications.	4	10	7
3. Discuss in detail about Intubating Laryngeal Mask Airway (ILMA).	4	10	7
4. Diagnosis of Hyperkalemia and its anesthetic implications.	4	10	7
5. Mention the Factors affecting cerebral blood flow.	4	10	7
6. Causes and prevention of Mendelsons syndrome.	4	10	7
7. Describe the Bedside pulmonary functions tests.	4	10	7
8. Factors affecting Hypoxic pulmonary Vasoconstriction.	4	10	7
9. Explain Goldman cardiac risk index.	4	10	7
10. Uses of Peripheral nerve stimulator in monitor muscle relaxation.	4	10	7

[LB 1522]

OCTOBER 2012

Sub. Code: 3030

**DIPLOMA IN ANAESTHESIOLOGY (DA) EXAMINATION
BASIC SCIENCES RELATED TO ANAESTHESIA, HISTROY OF ANAESTHESIA
AND PHYSICS IN ANAESTHESIA**

Q.P. Code: 343030

**Time: 3 hours
(180 Min)**

Maximum: 100 marks

ANSWER ALL QUESTIONS IN THE SAME ORDER.

I. Elaborate on:

1. Discuss the lung function tests.
How will you evaluate preoperatively a patient coming for lung resection?

Pages (Max.)	Time (Max.)	Marks (Max.)
16	35	15

2. Discuss the pharmacology of anti-arrhythmic drugs.
How will you detect and manage peri-operative arrhythmias?

16	35	15
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II. Write Short Notes on:

1. Anatomy of epidural space and the anaesthetic implications.

4	10	7
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2. Phase 2 block and it's significance to the Anaesthesiologists.

4	10	7
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3. Autologous transfusion and it's role in the peri-operative period.

4	10	7
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4. Signs, Symptoms of Malignant hyperpyrexia and it's management.

4	10	7
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5. Role of Thromboelastography for practicing Anaesthesiologists.

4	10	7
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6. Ralph Waters and his Inventions in Anaesthesiology.

4	10	7
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7. Pharmacodynamics & Pharmacokinetics of Propofol.

4	10	7
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8. Role of 2, 3 – DPG in massive Blood Transfusion

4	10	7
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9. Hagen-Poiseuille's law.

4	10	7
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10. Transport of carbon-di-oxide in blood.

4	10	7
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(LC 1522)

APRIL 2013

Sub. Code: 3030

**DIPLOMA IN ANAESTHESIOLOGY (DA) EXAMINATION
BASIC SCIENCES RELATED TO ANAESTHESIA, HISTORY OF
ANAESTHESIA AND PHYSICS IN ANAESTHESIA**

Q.P. Code : 343030

Time: Three Hours

Maximum: 100 marks

I. Elaborate on:

(2X15=30)

1. Describe the factors influencing the normal cardiac output.
2. Describe the anatomy of epidural space. Discuss the physiological effects and complications of epidural block.

II. Write notes on:

(10X7=70)

1. John Snow
2. Hagen Poiseuille's law
3. Hypokalemia
4. Sodalime
5. Nerve supply of larynx
6. High airflow oxygen enrichment masks
7. Pin index system
8. Principles of pulse oximetry
9. Phase II block
10. Sodium nitroprusside

(LD 1522)

OCTOBER 2013

Sub. Code: 3030

**DIPLOMA IN ANAESTHESIOLOGY (DA) EXAMINATION
APPLIED BASIC SCIENCES RELATED TO ANAESTHESIA, HISTORY
OF ANAESTHESIA AND PHYSICS IN ANAESTHESIA**

Q.P. Code : 343030

Time: Three Hours

Maximum: 100 marks

I. Elaborate on:

(2X15=30)

1. Describe the anatomy, indications and methods of stellate ganglion block.
2. Discuss the physiological changes occurring during pregnancy and their influence on anaesthesia.

II. Write notes on:

(10X7=70)

1. Oxygen cascade.
2. Protamine.
3. Cardioversion.
4. John Snow.
5. Fat embolism.
6. Ayre`s T piece.
7. Sodium bicarbonate.
8. Allen`s test.
9. Low flow anaesthesia.
10. Malignant hyperthermia.

(LE 1522)

APRIL 2014

Sub. Code:3030

DIPLOMA IN ANAESTHESIOLOGY (DA) EXAMINATION

**APPLIED BASIC SCIENCES RELATED TO ANAESTHESIA,
HISTORY OF ANAESTHESIA AND PHYSICS IN ANAESTHESIA**

Q.P.Code: 343030

Time: Three Hours

Maximum: 100 marks

I. Elaborate on:

(2X15=30)

1. Define functional residual capacity and closing capacity. Briefly describe their significance in anaesthetic practice.
2. Describe CVP (central venous pressure) wave forms and correlate with ECG with the help of a diagram. Discuss the diagnostic significance of the CVP wave forms.

II. Write notes on:

(10X7=70)

1. Caudal epidural space.
2. BOHR Effect.
3. W.T.G Morton.
4. Hypokalemia.
5. α_2 agonists.
6. Boyle's law.
7. Alveolar Air equation.
8. Oxygen fail safe devices.
9. Proseal LMA (Laryngeal mask airway).
10. Innervation of larynx.

(LF 1522)

OCTOBER 2014

Sub. Code: 3030

DIPLOMA IN ANAESTHESIOLOGY (DA) EXAMINATION

**APPLIED BASIC SCIENCES RELATED TO ANAESTHESIA,
HISTORY OF ANAESTHESIA AND PHYSICS IN ANAESTHESIA**

Q.P.Code: 343030

Time: Three Hours

Maximum: 100 marks

I. Elaborate on:

(2 x 15 = 30)

1. Describe the anatomy of the Broncho – pulmonary segments with the help of a diagram. Discuss the Pulmonary Function Tests.
2. Describe the pharmacology of anti-arrhythmic drugs. How will you detect and treat perioperative arrhythmias?

II. Write notes on:

(10 x 7 = 70)

1. Cerebral auto regulation.
2. Beer – Lamberts Law.
3. 16th October 1846.
4. Etomidate.
5. Liquid Oxygen.
6. Venturi Principle.
7. Carotid and aortic reflexes and respiration.
8. Diaphragm.
9. Target controlled Infusion.
10. Sir Ralph Water.
