APRIL 2001

KD 1503]

Sub. Code: 3003

DIPLOMA IN OBSTETRICS AND GYNAECOLOGY EXAMINATION.

(New Regulations)

Part I

Paper I — BASIC SCIENCES RELATED TO OBSTETRICS AND GYNAECOLOGY

Time : Three hours Maximum : 100 marks

1. Describe the neuroendocrinological control of menstrual cycle. Define various types of menstrual irregularities. (20 + 5)

2. Describe the lymphatic drainage system of the female genital tract and their clinical importance.

(20 + 5)

3. Write short notes on : $(5 \times 10 = 50)$

(a) Perineal body

(b) Cardiovascular changes in pregnancy

(c) Immunological tests for pregnancy

(d) Vaginal candidiasis

(e) Use of parenteral Magnesium sulphate in Pregnancy.

NOVEMBER 2001

[KE 1503]

Sub. Code: 3003

DIPLOMA IN OBSTETRICS AND GYNAECOLOGY EXAMINATION.

(New Regulations)

Part I

Paper I — BASIC SCIENCES RELATED TO OBSTETRICS AND GYNAECOLOGY

Time : Three hours Maximum : 100 marks

1. Enumerate the reproductive tract abnormalities. Discuss the management of ruptured uterine rudimentary horn pregnancy. (25)

2. Etiology, pathology and managemnet of Carcinoma of cervix uteri. (25)

3. Write short notes on : $(5 \times 10 = 50)$

(a) Lymphatic drainage of the breast

(b) Chlymadial infection

(c) HELLP syndrome

(d) Endodermal Sinus Tumour

(e) Teratogenic drugs.

MARCH 2002

[KG 1503]

Sub. Code: 3003

DIPLOMA IN OBSTETRICS AND GYNAECOLOGY EXAMINATION.

(New Regulations)

Part I

Paper I — BASIC SCIENCES RELATED TO OBSTETRICS AND GYNAECOLOGY

Time : Three hours Maximum : 100 marks

1. Enumerate various types of bony pelvis. Discuss the management of labour in contracted pelvis. (25)

2. Mention the role of hormones in Gynaecology and discuss the management of polycystic ovarian syndrome. (25)

3. Write short notes on : $(5 \times 10 = 50)$

(a) Peurperal sepsis.

(b) Cytotoxic drugs.

(c) Retroversion of uterus.

(d) Foetal circulation.

(e) Hormonal implant.

SEPTEMBER 2002

[KH 1503]

Sub. Code: 3003

DIPLOMA IN OBSTETRICS AND GYNAECOLOGY EXAMINATION.

(New Regulations)

Part I

Paper I — BASIC SCIENCES RELATED TO OBSTETRICS AND GYNAECOLOGY

Time : Three hours Maximum : 100 marks

Answer ALL questions.

1. Discuss the development and organisation of the Placenta. Mention the abnormalities of the placenta.

(20 + 5)

2. Discuss the metabolic changes during pregnancy. Enumerate the effects of obesity on pregnancy. (20 + 5)

3. Write short notes on : $(5 \times 10 = 50)$

(a) Prevention of mother to child transmission of HIV/AIDS

(b) Lymphatic drainage of the cervix

(c) Rh-incompatibility

(d) Prostaglandins

(e) Vaginosis.

APRIL 2003

[KI 1503]

Sub. Code : 3003

DIPLOMA IN OBSTETRICS AND GYNAECOLOGY EXAMINATION.

(New Regulations)

Part I

Paper I — BASIC SCIENCES RELATED TO OBSTETRICS AND GYNAECOLOGY

Time : Three hours Maximum : 100 marks

1. Describe the structure and functions of Placenta. (25)

2. Physiology of initiation of labour and causes for post datism. (25)

Short notes on : (5 × 10 = 50)

(a) Use of antihypertensives in pregnancy

(b) Pathways of coagulation

(c) Pelvic cellular tissue

(d) Chorion villous sampling

(e) GnRh analogues.

OCTOBER 2003

[KJ 1503]

Sub. Code : 3003

DIPLOMA IN OBSTETRICS AND GYNAECOLOGY EXAMINATION.

(New Regulations)

Part I

Paper I — BASIC SCIENCES RELATED TO OBSTETRICS AND GYNAECOLOGY

Time : Three hours	Maximum : 100 marks
Theory : Two hours and forty minutes	Theory : 80 marks
M.C.Q. : Twenty minutes	M.C.Q. : 20 marks

M.C.Q. must be answered SEPARATELY on the answer sheet provided as per the instructions given on the first page of the M.C.Q. Booklet.

Answer ALL questions.

Draw suitable diagrams wherever necessary.

Essay: $(2 \times 15 = 30)$

 Describe the development of female genital tract. Name some of the anomalies of utero-vaginal canal and other associate systems. How do you manage a case of cryptomenorrhoea? 2. What are the sources and composition of amniotic fluid? What are the (causes) clinical significance of oligohydromnios and polyhydromnios ? How do you manage a case of polyhydromnios at 3H weeks of gestation?

- 3. Write short notes on : $(10 \times 5 = 50)$
 - (1) Asymptomatic Bacteruria
 - (2) Pudendal block
 - (3) Bacterial vaginosis
 - (4) Fetal circulation
 - (5) Iron requirements in pregnancy
 - (6) Lymphatic drainage of the breast
 - (7) Hematometra
 - (8) Cervical intraepithelial neoplasm (CIN)
 - (9) Blood supply of vagina
 - (10) Laser in gynaecology.

AUGUST 2004

[KL 1503]

Sub. Code : 3003

DIPLOMA IN OBSTETRICS AND GYNAECOLOGY EXAMINATION.

(New Regulations)

Part I

Paper I — BASIC SCIENCES RELATED TO OBSTETRICS AND GYNAECOLOGY

Time : Three hours	Maximum : 100 mar	
Theory : Two hours and forty minutes	Theory :	80 marks
M.C.Q. : Twenty minutes	M.C.Q. :	20 marks

Answer ALL questions.

I. Write essay on : $(2 \times 15 = 30)$

 Mention common condition of obstetrics associated with coagulation failure, what are the mechanisms — Add a note on their prevention.

(2) What is universal precaution? How is it observed while managing HIV seropositive lady during labour? Add a note on their postnatal management.

- II. Short notes on : (10 × 5 = 50)
 - (a) Antiphospholipid antibody syndrome.
 - (b) Neonatal jaundice.
 - (c) Lymphatic drainage of Cervix.
 - (d) Screening for GDM.
 - (e) Breast feeding.
 - (f) Cardiovascular changes in pregnancy.
 - (g) Magnesium sulphate.
 - (h) Hormonal changes during menopause
 - (i) Prostaglandins.
 - (j) Immunotherapy.

2

[KL 1503]

FEBRUARY 2005

[KM 1503]

Sub. Code: 3003

DIPLOMA IN OBSTETRICS AND GYNAECOLOGY EXAMINATION.

(New Regulations)

Part I

Paper I — BASIC SCIENCES RELATED TO OBSTETRICS AND GYNAECOLOGY

Time : Three hours	Maximum : 100 marks
Theory : Two hours and	Theory : 80 marks
forty minutes	

M.C.Q. : Twenty minutes M.C.Q. : 20 marks

Answer ALL questions.

I. Write essay on : $(2 \times 15 = 30)$

 Describe pelvic floor. Its importance in Gynaecology and Obstetrics.

(2) Describe fetal circulation and changes following birth.

- II. Short notes on : $(10 \times 5 = 50)$
 - (a) Physiological changes in menopause.

(b) Development of placenta and its abnormalities.

(c) Immunotherapy.

(d) Developmental anomalies of female genital organs.

(e) Physiology of lactation.

- (f) Physiology of onset of labour.
- (g) Fertilization and nidation.
- (h) Ovarian stéroido genesis.

 (i) Course of uretur in pelvis and its importance.

2

(j) Amnoitic fluid.

[KM 1503]

MARCH 2006

[KO 1503]

Sub. Code : 3003

DIPLOMA IN OBSTETRICS AND GYNAECOLOGY EXAMINATION.

BASIC SCIENCES RELATED TO OBSTETRICS AND GYNAECOLOGY

Time : Three hours	Maximum : 100 marks
Theory : Two hours and forty minutes	Theory: 80 marks
M.C.Q. : Twenty minutes	M.C.Q.: 20 marks

_Answer ALL questions.

Draw suitable diagrams wherever necessary.

I. Essay questions : $(2 \times 15 = 30)$

(1) Describe the applied anatomy of anterior abdominal wall with special reference to the laparoscopic trochar entry sites.

(2) What are the causes jaundice in pregnancy? How will you make a Differential diagnosis between the causes?

- II. Write Short notes on : $(10 \times 5 = 50)$
 - (a) Treatment of post menopausal osteoporosis.
 - (b) Development and structure of placenta.
 - (c) Different modes of inheritance.
 - (d) Immuno therapy of cancer.
 - (e) Intra uterine progesterone.
 - (f) Spermatogenesis.
 - (g) Nutrition in pregnancy.
 - (h) Alpha feto protein.
 - (i) Thyroid function tests.
 - (j) Prostaglandins.

2

[KO 1503]

[KQ 1503] MARCH 2007 Sub. Code : 3003

DIPLOMA IN OBSTETRICS AND GYNAECOLOGY (D.G.O) EXAMINATION.

BASIC SCIENCES RELATED TO OBSTETRICS AND GYNAECOLOGY

Common to

(Candidates admitted from 1993-94 onwards)

and

(Candidates admitted from 2004-05 onwards)

Time : Three hours	Maximum : 100 marks
Theory : Two hours and forty minutes	Theory : 80 marks
M.C.Q. : Twenty minutes	M.C.Q. : 20 marks

Answer ALL questions.

Draw suitable diagrams wherever necessary.

I. Essay questions:

1. Describe the Anatomy of <u>BONYPELVIS</u> in new born female. Discuss its transformation to adult female pelvis. (20) 2. Describe the Gross Anatomy and Histology of external genital organs in female. (15)

- Describe the physiology of micturition. (15)
- II. Short notes on : $(6 \times 5 = 30)$
 - (a) Meconium
 - (b) Histology of Decidua

(c) Changing trends in Bacteriology of post abortal sepsis

(d) Vestibule

(e) Histopathology of endometrium in dysfunctional uterine bleeding.

2

(f) Oral misoprostol

MARCH 2008

[KS 1503]

Sub. Code : 3003

DIPLOMA IN OBSTETRICS AND GYNAECOLOGY EXAMINATION.

Paper I — BASIC SCIENCES RELATED TO OBSTETRICS AND GYNAECOLOGY

Common to all regulations

Q.P. Code: 343003

Answer ALL questions.

Time : Three hours

Maximum : 100 marks

I. Essay questions:

 $(2 \times 20 = 40)$

1. Discuss the development and anatomy of the lower uterine segment and discuss its role in obstetrics.

2. Discuss the endocrine regulation of ovulation. What are the common causes of anovulation?

II.	Short notes :	$(10 \times 6 = 60)$
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- (1) Development of ovary
- (2) Anatomy of pelvic ureter
- (3) Placental harmones
- (4) Bacterial vaginosis
- (5) Asymptomatic Bacturia
- (6) GTD (Gestational Trophoblastic Disease)
- (7) Ca 125
- (8) Hematometra
- (9) Emergency contraception

(10) Progestational therapy for gynaecological problems and their management.

September 2008

Sub. Code: 3003

DIPLOMA IN OBSTETRICS AND GYNAECOLOGY EXAMINATION.

Paper I – BASIC SCIENCES RELATED TO OBSTETRICS AND GYNAECOLOGY

(Common to all candidates)

Q.P. Code: 343003

Time : Three hours

Maximum : 100 marks

Draw suitable diagram wherever necessary.

Answer	ALL	questions.
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I. Essay questions :

- 1. Carbohydrate Metabolism and screening for diabetes Mellitus in Pregnancy.
- 2. Course of left ureter in female pelvis, likely sites of injury during Hysterectomy.

II. Write short notes on :

- 1. Pathology of Hydatiform mole.
- 2. α -Fetoprotein in pregnancy
- 3. Anatomy of anterior abdominal wall in relation to laparoscopy.
- 4. Anti-retroviral drugs in pregnancy
- 5. Suppression of Lactation.
- 6. Prostaglandins for induction of labour.
- 7. Treatment of Malaria in pregnancy.
- 8. Corpus leuteum.
- 9. Posterior sagital diameter.
- 10. Normal puerperium.

[KT 1503]

 $(10 \times 6 = 60)$

(2 X 20 = 40)

MARCH -2009

[KU 1503]

Sub. Code: 3003

DIPLOMA IN OBSTETRICS AND GYNAECOLOGY EXAMINATION. Paper I – BASIC SCIENCES RELATED TO OBSTETRICS AND GYNAECOLOGY (Common to all candidates)

Q.P. Code : 343003

Time : Three hours

Maximum : 100 marks

Draw suitable diagram wherever necessary. Answer ALL questions.

I. Essay questions : (2 X 20 = 40)

1. Physiological changes in Maternal cardiovascular system in pregnancy.

2. Discuss Thyroid metabolism in pregnancy.

II. Write short notes on : $(10 \times 6 = 60)$

- 1. Anatomy of uterine artery and its branches.
- 2. Inhibin.
- 3. Pathology of Hydrosalpinx.
- 4. Regulation of H.P.O Axis.
- 5. Bacterial vaginosis.
- 6. Use of magnesium sulphate in obstetrics and gynaecology.
- 7. Lymphatic drainage of cervix.
- 8. Classification of Germ cell ovarian tumours of ovary.
- 9. Insulin resistance in PCOs-Poly cystic ovary syndrome.
- 10. Pelvic Inlet.

September - 2009

Sub. Code: 3003

DIPLOMA IN OBSTETRICS AND GYNAECOLOGY EXAMINATION.

Paper I – BASIC SCIENCES RELATED TO OBSTETRICS AND GYNAECOLOGY

(Common to all candidates)

Q.P. Code: 343003

Time : Three hours

[KV 1503]

Maximum : 100 marks

Draw suitable diagram wherever necessary.

Answer ALL questions. (2 X 20 = 40)

I. Essay questions :

- 1. Discuss the development and functions of placenta.
- 2. Describe the course of ureter in pelvis and its surgical importance.

II. Write short notes on : $(10 \times 6 = 60)$

- 1. Anatomy of internal iliac artery and its clinical applications.
- 2. Physiology of uterine action.
- 3. Physiology of pelvic diaphragm.
- 4. Bartholin cyst.
- 5. Oligospermia.
- 6. Clomiphene citrate.
- 7. Physiology of lactation.
- 8. Molar pregnancy follow up.
- 9. Carbohydrate metabolism in pregnancy.
- 10. Anti hypertensive drugs in pregnancy. List them with merits and demerits.

March 2010

[KW 1503]

DIPLOMA IN OBSTETRICS AND GYNAECOLOGY

EXAMINATION

Paper I – BASIC SCIENCES RELATED TO OBSTETRICS AND GYNAECOLOGY

(Common to all candidates)

O.P. Code : 343003

Time : Three hours

Draw suitable diagram wherever necessary

Answer ALL questions

I. Essay questions :

- 1. Physiological changes in maternal cardiovascular system in pregnancy.
- 2. Describe the pelvic floor anatomy and its clinical importance.

II. Write short notes on :

- 1. Anatomy of uterine artery and its branches.
- 2. Inhibin.
- 3. Pathology of hydrosalpinx.
- 4. Regulation of H.P.O axis.
- 5. Bacterial vaginosis.
- 6. Use of magnesium sulphate in obstetrics and gynaecology.
- 7. Lymphatic drainage of cervix.
- 8. Classification of germ cell ovarian tumours of ovary.
- 9. Insulin resistance in poly cystic ovary syndrome.
- 10. Suppression of lactation.

Sub. Code: 3003

$(2 \ge 20 = 40)$

$$(10 \times 6 = 60)$$

Maximum : 100 marks

DIPLOMA IN OBSTETRICS AND GYNAECOLOGY (D.G.O) EXAMINATION.

from 2008-09 onwards And Paper I for Candidates admitted from 2004-05 to 2007-08

BASIC SCIENCES RELATED TO OBSTETRICS AND GYNAECOLOGY *Q.P. Code : 343003*

Time : Three hours

[KX 1503]

Irs Maximum : 100 marks Draw suitable diagram wherever necessary. Answer ALL questions.

I. Essay questions :

- 1. Describe the Mechanisms of Coagulation and mention the Etiology of Coagulation failure in Obstetrics.
- 2. Describe the Anatomy of the Pelvic ureter. Discuss the management of Ureteric injuries in Gynaecology.

II. Write short notes on :

- 1. Edema in Pregnancy.
- 2. Iron Metabolism.
- 3. Placental Circulation.
- 4. Medical Abortion.
- 5. Hormone Replacement Therapy.
- 6. Tuberculous Salpingitis.
- 7. Anti Retroviral Therapy.
- 8. Vaginal Cytology.
- 9. Ovarian Steroidogenesis.
- 10. Antioxidants in Pregnancy.

September 2010

 $(10 \times 6 = 60)$

(2 X 20 = 40)

APRIL 2011

[KY 1503]

Sub. Code: 3003

DIPLOMA IN OBSTETRICS AND GYNAECOLOGY (DGO) EXAMINATION

BASIC SCIENCES RELATED TO OBSTETRICS AND GYNAECOLOGY

Q.P. Code : 343003

Time : 3 hours

Maximum: 100 marks

(180 Min)

Answer ALL questions in the same order.

I. Elaborate on :	Pages (Max.)	Time (Max.)	Marks (Max.)
1. Describe the anatomy of Pelvic floor and its			
importance in Gynaecology and Obstetrics.	11	35	15
2. Explain Carbohydrate metabolism and discuss			
Screening for Diabetes Mellitus in pregnancy.	11	35	15
II. Write notes on :			
1. Ovarian Steroidogenesis.	4	10	7
2. Diameters of pelvis.	4	10	7
3. Lower uterine segment.	4	10	7
4. Anatomy of pelvic ureter.	4	10	7
5. Prostaglandins in labour.	4	10	7
6. Development of placenta.	4	10	7
7. Hormone replacement therapy.	4	10	7
8. Bacterial vaginosis.	4	10	7
9. Iron metabolism.	4	10	7
10. Physiology of lactation.	4	10	7

October 2011

[KZ 1503]

Sub. Code: 3003

DIPLOMA IN OBSTETRICS AND GYNAECOLOGY (DGO) EXAMINATION BASIC SCIENCES RELATED TO OBSTETRICS AND GYNAECOLOGY

<i>Q.P. Code : 343003</i> Time : 3 hours (180 Min)	Maximu	n : 100 marks
Answer ALL questions in the same or	ler.	
I. Elaborate on :	Pages (Max.)	TimeMarks(Max.)(Max.)
1. Discuss the development, functions and anomalies of placenta.	11	35 min. 15
2. Discuss in detail the anatomy of Internal Iliac artery and its clinical significance.	11	35 min. 15
II. Write notes on :		
1. Posterior Sagittal diameter.	4	10 min. 7
2. Anatomy of Pelvic ureter.	4	10 min. 7
3. Ca – 125.	4	10 min. 7
4. α fetoprotein in pregnancy.	4	10 min. 7
5. Asymptomatic bacteriuria.	4	10 min. 7
6. Prostaglandins.	4	10 min. 7
7. Suppression of lactation.	4	10 min. 7
8. Danazole.	4	10 min. 7
9. Vesicular mole.	4	10 min. 7
10. Vaginal cytology.	4	10 min. 7

April 2012

[LA 1503]

Sub. Code: 3003

DIPLOMA IN OBSTETRICS AND GYNAECOLOGY (DGO) EXAMINATION BASIC SCIENCES RELATED TO OBSTETRICS AND GYNAECOLOGY

Q.P. Code: 343003

Time : 3 hours (180 Min)

Maximum: 100 marks

Answer ALL questions in the same order.

I. Elaborate on :	Pages (Max)	Time (Max.)	Marks (Max)
1. What is Puerperium and what are all the changes occur during Puerperium?	16	35	15
2. Development of female genital organ and write about various types uterine, cervix, vaginal congenital anomalies.	16	35	15
II. Write notes on :			
1. What are the common organisms in vaginal discharge	4	10	7
and how will you treat?			
2. Mention about coagulation failure in obstetrics.	4	10	7
3. Prevention of Rubella in pregnancy.	4	10	7
4. What is asymptomatic bacteriuria and its implications			
on pregnancy?	4	10	7
5. Write about Endometrioma.	4	10	7
6. Hormonal assessment by doing vaginal cytology	4	10	7
7. What are the symptoms in Tuberculous Endometritis?	4	10	7
8. Mechanism of action of combined oral pill, its advantage an	nd		
disadvantage.	4	10	7
9. Indications for Amniocentesis.	4	10	7
10. What is triple test?	4	10	7

[LB 1503] OCTOBER 2012 Sub. Code: 3003 DIPLOMA IN OBSTETRICS AND GYNAECOLOGY (DGO) EXAMINATION BASIC SCIENCES RELATED TO OBSTETRICS AND GYNAECOLOGY Q.P. Code : 343003

	3 hours ninutes)	Maxin	100 num:) marks
	Answer ALL questions in the same ord	Pages	Time (Max.)	Marks (Max.)
1.	Discuss metabolism of Iron and the changes that lead to iron deficiency in pregnancy.	16	35	15
2.	Discuss the development of the placenta and the various abnormalities related to it.	16	35	15
II W	rite Notes on:			
	Describe the course of the pelvic ureter .	4	10	7
2.	What is the pathological classification of ovarian	4	10	7
	tumours?			
3.	Describe clinical features & diagnosis of bacterial	4	10	7
	vaginosis.			
4.	Discuss pathology of uterine sarcomas	4	10	7
5.	Discuss the indications, dosage and side effects of	4	10	7
	Tocolytics in pregnancy			
6.	Describe the histology of the Graffian follicle	4	10	7
7.	Criteria for diagnosis & clinical features of	4	10	7
	of asymptomatic bacteriuria.			
8.	Discuss the development of the female genital tract	4	10	7
9.	Discuss the risk factors & organisms involved in	4	10	7
	hospital acquired infection.			
10	Describe the renal changes in pre-eclampsia.	4	10	7

APRIL 2013

DIPLOMA IN OBSTETRICS AND GYNAECOLOGY (DGO) EXAMINATION

BASIC SCIENCES RELATED TO OBSTETRICS AND GYNAECOLOGY

Q.P. Code : 343003

Maximum: 100 marks

I. Elaborate on:

Time: Three Hours

(2X15=30)

(10X7=70)

- 1. Hemodynamic changes during pregnancy and how will you diagnose cardio vascular disease complicating pregnancy?
- 2. Write about Ovarian steriodogenesis and enumerate various causes of Anovulation.

II. Write notes on:

- 1. Enumerate the different causes of early abortion.
- 2. Write about Pathology of Pre Eclampsia.
- 3. Write about anatomy of breast and its blood supply.
- 4. Course of pudendal nerve and its clinical use.
- 5. Write about placental hormones.
- 6. Write about commonly used antihypertensive drugs in pregnancy.
- 7. Vesicular mole- follow up.
- 8. Classification of Ovarian Tumours and write about Benign cystic teratoma.
- 9. Indications for Chorionic Villous Sampling.
- 10. Write about Bacterial Vaginosis.

OCTOBER 2013

DIPLOMA IN OBSTETRICS AND GYNAECOLOGY (DGO) EXAMINATION

APPLIED BASIC SCIENCES RELATED TO OBSTETRICS AND GYNAECOLOGY

Q.P. Code : 343003

Maximum: 100 marks

I. Elaborate on:

Time: Three Hours

- 1. Write about coagulation changes during pregnancy and discuss the causes
- of DIC in pregnancy.
- 2. Write about the course of pelvic ureter and the management of injuries of pelvic ureter.

II. Write notes on:

- 1. Write about Bregma.
- 2. Discuss about Down syndrome screening.
- 3. Write about Lilly's curve.
- 4. Write about physiology of lactation and causes of lactation failure.
- 5. What are the cardiovascular changes during pregnancy?
- 6. Write about pelvic floor and its importance.
- 7. What are the types of epithelial tumours of ovary?
- 8. Discuss the pathogenesis of PCOD.
- 9. What are the actions and uses of danazol in gynaecology?
- 10. What are the causes of pelvic inflammatory diseases and how will you diagnosis PID?

(2X15=30)

(**10X7=70**)

(LE 1503)

APRIL 2014

Sub. Code:3003

DIPLOMA IN OBSTETRICS AND GYNAECOLOGY (DGO) EXAMINATION

BASIC SCIENCES RELATED TO OBSTETRICS AND GYNAECOLOGY

Q.P.Code: 343003

Maximum: 100 marks

Time: Three Hours

I. Elaborate on:

- 1. Discuss the mechanism of parturition and mention significance of partogram.
- 2. Discuss the pathophysiology of dysfunctional uterine bleeding/evaluation/ management of anovlatory dysfunctional uterine bleeding.

II. Write notes on:

- 1. Course of the pelvic Ureter and Risk factors for ureteric injuries and common sites of ureteric injuries and prevention.
- 2. Development of Placenta.
- 3. Bethesda system of classification.
- 4. Human Papilloma Viruses.
- 5. Anti-Coagulants in pregnancy.
- 6. Precocious puberty.
- 7. Tocolytics.
- 8. Importance of sutures of foetal skull.
- 9. Cardiovascular changes in normal pregnancy.
- 10. Medical abortion.

(2X15=30)

(10X7=70)