VALLIAMMAI ENGINEERING COLLEGE SRM NAGAR, KATTANKULATHUR- 603 203

CS2311 OBJECT ORIENTED PROGRAMMING V SEM EEE 1 & 2 QUESTION BANK

PART-A UNIT I

- 1. What are the programming paradigms currently available?
- 2. What is object oriented paradigm?
- 3. What are the differences between structures and classes in C++?
- 4. Differentiate Object Oriented and Object Based Programming Languages.
- 5. What is Object Oriented Programming? How is it different from the Procedure Oriented Programming?
- 6. List any two drawbacks of procedure oriented languages.
- 7. What is meant by prototype based programming?
- 8. What is a Class? What is an Object? Give an example for each
- 9. Define encapsulation.
- 10. Compare inheritance and delegation with respect to Object Oriented Programming.
- 11. Which feature of object oriented programming provides (a) data hiding (b) reusability?
- 12. Define (a) Object (b) class
- 13. What is the use of scope resolution operator :: in C++?
- 14. Can you have a class named main in C++? If yes how do you call its constructor?
- 15. What is an abstract class?
- 16. What is Object Orients Programming? List any four OOP languages.
- 17. What is meant by function overloading?
- 18. What are conditional constructor and destructor?
- 19. What is nameless object?
- 20. Give a note on access specifiers.

PART B –

UNIT I

- 1. Describe the basic concepts of Object Oriented Programming and bring out the advantages of OOP.
- 2. Explain the declaration and defining a class in C++. How will you define the member functions of a class? Explain.
- 3. What is the need for parameterized constructors? Explain the function of constructors with their declaration and definition inside a class.
- 4. Illustrate the reserved word inline with two examples.
- 5. Explain the constructors and destructors.
- 6. explain the relation between (i)structured Programming(POP) and (ii)OOPs
- 7. Differentiate Object Oriented and Object based Languages.(8)
- 8. Explain copy constructor? Explain with a suitable example.
- 9. Differentiate Object Oriented and Object based Languages. Give examples for both. List any 8 features of Oops. (Detailed explanation or examples are not required).
- 10. Explain the following terms with respect to OOPS .Give suitable examples

(i) Dynamic Binding(ii) Message Passing(iii) Reusability(iv) Polymorphism

UNIT II

PART-A

- 1. Define interfaces in java .How interfaces are implemented? How they can be accessed? How to apply interfaces? What is meant by extension of interfaces? Explain with an example.
- 2. What are threads? Synchronization? Explain the life cycle of thread with example
- 3. Explain life cycle of applet with example
- 4. Explain in detail exception handling in java
- 5. Explain in detail about JAVA I/O operations
- 6. Explain Inheritance in JAVA
- 7. Develop a real-life application program to illustrate the use of multithreads.
- 8. Explain with an example how multiple inheritances is achieved in Java.
- 9. How is synchronization of threads performed?
- 10. An educational institution wishes to maintain its employee's database which is divided into a number of classes with minimum information as shown in figure. Specify all the classes and define methods to create the database and retrieve individual information as when required.
- 11. Explain the life cycle of an applet and write a simple applet to display a moving banner.
- 12. What is the purpose of garbage collection in Java, and when is it used?
- 13. Give the importance of operator overloading.
- 14. Differentiate overloaded and overridden functions.
- 15. What is the main purpose of a template in C++? Give an example.
- 16. Write a program to exchange values of two variables. Use template variables as function arguments.
- 17. What is hierarchical inheritance?
- 18. What are the operators of C++ that cannot be overloaded?
- 19. Can friendship between classes be symmetric or transitive? Justify your answer with an example.
- 20. What is the use of virtual function?

UNIT II PART-B

- 1. What is operator overloading? How will you define it? Illustrate unary operator overloading with an example.
- 2. Describe the syntax of multiple inheritance. When do we use such an inheritance? Explain with an example.
- 3. Define friend class and specify its importance. Explain with suitable example.
- 4. Explain the operators used for dynamic memory allocation with examples.
- 5. Define functional overloading with example.
- 6. Explain in detail the various types of Inheritance with example programs
- 7. Explain virtual function in C++. Describe any two applications in which virtual functions may use. For each of these applications, specify the parent classes and derived classes.

- 8. What are inline functions? What are their advantages? Give an example .What is the rules to be followed while defining inline functions?
- 9. What is the need for and advantages of Templates? What is the difference between function template and class template?
- 10. What are the various type conversions? Explain each with a program

UNIT III PART-A

- 1. Draw console stream class hierarchy.
- 2. Describe how exceptions are handled.
- 3. What are file pointers?
- 4. Give any two examples of exceptions.
- 5. What are the predefined C++ stream objects?
- 6. What stream class is required to create an output stream?
- 7. Why is it not possible to refer an exception declared within try block outside try block?
- 8. Explain the various file stream classes needed for file manipulation.
- 9. What are file pointers? Describe get-pointers and put-pointers.
- 10. What is an I/O stream?
- 11. Why is it necessary to include the file iostream in all our programs?
- 12. Name the two ways in which a file can be opened.
- 13. Illustrate the exception handling mechanism
- 14. What are the file stream classes used for creating input and output files?
- 15. List out any four containers supported by Standard Template Library?
- 16. What is Seekg() and Seekp()? Give Example ?
- 17. What is rethrowing an expression?
- 18. What are the classes in iostream.h header files?
- 19. What is an exception? Give any four examples of exception.
- 20. What are the types of exceptions?

UNIT III PART-B

- 1. What is meant by exceptions? How an exception is handled in C++? Bring out the advantages of using various exception handling mechanisms.
- 2. Explain the hierarchy of Stream classes in C++
- 3. Give the hierarchy of console stream classes
- 4. Explain in detail about STRINGS in C++, with necessary examples
- 5. Explain in detail the various File handling Operations
- 6. What are the keywords used in C++ for exception handling? Describe their usage with suitable example.
- 7. What are file modes? Describe various file mode options available in C++.
- 8. Explain the use of keywords try, catch and throw in handling exceptions in a program. Indicate how the control flows in case of occurrence and non-occurrence of exceptions. Write a program to implement a stack with appropriate exception handling.
- 9. Explain the 4 functions Seekg, Seekp, tellg, tellp used for setting pointers during file operation and show how they are derived from f stream class.
- 10. Write a program to append to the contents of a file.

UNIT IV PART-A

- 1. What is a token? List the various types of tokens supported by Java.
- 2. How do we add a class to a package?
- 3. In Java, can a class be defined inside a method? If so what rule governs access to the variables of the enclosing method? If not, give reasons.
- 4. How does Java achieve platform independence?
- 5. Distinguish between method overriding and method overloading in Java.
- 6. Justify the statement "Java is platform independent"
- 7. Define Java Virtual Machine.
- 8. What is a package?
- 9. What is the type of class for which objects cannot be created?
- 10. What type of inheritance is supported in Java?
- 11. What is java Virtual machine?
- 12. What is default for methods in Java?
- 13. What is the need for java virtual machine?
- 14. What is wait(), notify(), notifyall()?
- 15. What method can be used for changing case of characters?
- 16. How can overriding be prevented?
- 17. What are the two ways of using Super Keyword?
- 18. What are the ways of calling a method in Java?
- 19. What is abstract class in Java?
- 20. Give the paint method of an applet which draws a blue circle.

UNIT IV PART-B

- 1. How is object class created in java environment ?Discuss on objects in java
- 2. Explain in detail about JAVA VIRTUAL MACHINE
- 3. Briefly explain about JAVA Byte-code
- 4. What is the purpose of using packages? How to create user-defined package? Give an example.
- 5. Explain in detail about java documentation.
- 6. Explain about arrays(matrix multiplication) and strings in java
- 7. What is meant by Overloading objects? How are related classes used in java?
- 8. Differentiate abstract classes and interfaces
- 9. Describe the structure of a typical Java program.
- 10. How can a subclass call a method or a constructor defined in a super class? Illustrate with an example program.

UNIT V

PART-A

- 1. What are the similarities between interfaces and classes in Java?
- 2. How do we set priorities for threads?
- 3. What happens if an exception handler is not defined when exception is thrown?
- 4. Explain the life cycle of thread.
- 5. Compare interface and abstract class.
- 6. What is the major difference between interfaces and a class?
- 7. What are the two methods by which we may stop threads?
- 8. What is an exception? Give any four examples of exception.
- 9. List any four advantages of inheritance. What type of inheritance is not supported by Java

- 10. What is multithreading?
- 11. What is an exception?
- 12. What is an interface? Write an interface to define the few constants, in Java.
- 13. What is final and finally?
- 14. Does Java support multiple inheritance? Justify your answer.
- 15. What is the difference between an abstract class and an interface in Java?
- 16. What is meant by binding?
- 17. Can array become private member of the class? How?
- 18. What is meant by anonymous Union?
- 19. What is Static data member?
- 20. What is Polymorphism?

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