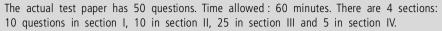


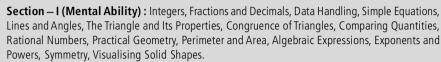
NATIONAL CYBER OLYMPIAD

SAMPLE PAPER 2014-15

CLASS



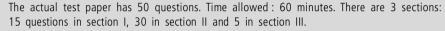
SYLLABUS



Section – II (Logical and Analytical Reasoning) : Problems Based on Figures, Odd One Out, Series Completion, Coding-Decoding, Mathematical Reasoning, Analytical Reasoning, Mirror Images, Embedded Figures, Direction Sense Test, Cubes and Dice.

Section – III (Computers and IT) : Fundamentals of Computer, Evolution of Computers, Hardware, Software, Input & Output Devices, Memory & Storage Devices, Using Windows, MS-Word, MS-PowerPoint, MS-Excel, Programming in QBasic, Internet & Viruses, Latest Developments in the field of IT.

Section – IV (Achievers Section): Syllabus as per in Section III. Questions are based on Windows 7 and MS-Office 2010.



SYLLABUS

Section – I (Mental Ability) : Integers, Fractions and Decimals, Data Handling, Simple Equations, Lines and Angles, The Triangle and its Properties, Congruence of Triangles, Comparing Quantities, Rational Numbers, Practical Geometry, Perimeter and Area, Algebraic Expressions, Exponents and Powers, Symmetry, Visualising Solid Shapes, Logical Reasoning, Conversions, Simple Probability.

Section – II (Science): Heat, Motion and Time, Electric Current and its Effect, Winds, Storms and Cyclones, Light, Acids, Bases and Salts, Physical and Chemical Changes, Weather, Climate and Adaptations of Animals, Fibres to Fabrics, Nutrition in Plants and Animals, Respiration in Organisms, Transportation in Plants and Animals, Reproduction in Plants, Natural Resources and Their Conservation.

Section – III (Achievers Section): Syllabus as per Section II.

The actual test paper has 50 questions. Time allowed: 60 minutes. There are 4 sections: 20 questions in section I, 15 in section II, 10 in section III and 5 in section IV.

SYLLABUS

Section — I (Logical Reasoning): Verbal and Non-Verbal Reasoning

Section — II (Mathematical Reasoning): Integers, Fractions and Decimals, Exponents and Powers, Algebraic Expressions, Simple Linear Equations, Lines and Angles, Concept of Percentage, Profit and Loss, Simple Interest, Probability, Properties of Triangle, Symmetry, Congruence of Triangles, Rational Numbers, Perimeter and Area, Data Handling, Arithmetical Ability, Visualising Solid Shapes.

Section – III (Everyday Mathematics) : The Syllabus of this section will be based on the syllabus of Mathematical Reasoning.

Section – IV (Achievers Section): Syllabus as per Section II.

INTERNATIONAL MATHEMATICS OLYMPIAD

NATIONAL SCIENCE OLYMPIAD



IN ASSOCIATION WITH

BRITISHCOUNCIL

The actual test paper consists of 50 questions. Time allowed : 60 minutes. There are 4 sections. **SYLLABUS**

Section – I (Word and Structure Knowledge): Perfect tenses, Prepositions, Modals, Adjectives, and Adverbs, Conjunctions, Direct indirect speech, Word order, Phrasal verbs, etc. Spellings, Collocations, Phrasal verbs, Idioms, and Words related to Travel, Locations, Activities, Homonyms and Homophones, etc.

Section – II (Reading): Search for and retrieve information from various text types like News stories, Brochures and advertisements. Understand information given in news reports, Brochures, Itinerary, etc., Acquire broad understanding of and look for specific information in short narratives, Advertisements, Biographies, etc.

Section – III (Spoken and Written Expression) : Ability to understand situation-based variations in functions like requesting and refusing, Apologies and stating of preferences and expression of intent, etc.

Section – IV (Achievers Section): Syllabus as per Sections I, II and III.



N C National Cyber Olympiad

		MENTA	AL ABILITY			
1.	A circular park of 20 r The area of the path (A) 15π	metre diameter has a ci			oundary 25π	of width 1 metre.
2.	•	4. What is the value of (B) 860			850	
3.	When $a = 1$ and $b = -4$ (A) -12 (C) -4	–2, then find the value	of 2a²b + 2ab² + 3ab. (B) -2 (D) -14			
4.	A triangle has(A) 1	medians. (B) 2	(C) 3	(D)	4	
		LOGICAL AND ANA	ALYTICAL REASONING			
5.	Complete the series:	→ ‡ ↓ ↓	?			
	(A)	(B)	(C) 🗼	(D)	<u> </u>	
6.	Rectangle : Square : :	Ellipse : ?				
	(A) Centre	(B) Diameter	(C) Circle	(D)	Radius	
7.	•	triangle represents girls n of the figure represent				•
8.	=	nd E are standing in a row epresents the boys stand (B) E, C			is betwee	n D and E. Which
		COMPUTERS AND INFO	ORMATION TECHNOL	OGY	,	
9.	In Ms PowerPoint, 'Re	ehearse timings' is pres	ent on the tab	٥.		
	(A) Animations	(B) Transitions	(C) Slide Show		(D)	All of these
10.	(A) Join selected cells	visible within a cell by d	(B) Rotate text to a d	-	•	
11.	Match the following te	erms with what they star	nd for			
	Term (i) .com (ii) .edu (iii) .in (iv) .au (A) (i)-(a), (ii)-(b), (iii)		Stands for (a) Education (b) India (c) Australia (d) Commerce (B) (i)-(b), (ii)-(c), (iii) (C) (ii) (d) (iii) (a) (iiii)			
	(C) (i)-(c), (ii)-(d), (iii)-	-(a), (iv)-(b)	(D) (i)-(d), (ii)-(a), (iii)	-(b),	(IV)-(C)	

12. A browser is an interactive program that permits a user to view information from the computer. The browser performs which of the following services? (A) Connecting to the source computer whose address is specified (B) Requesting new page from the source (C) Receiving new page (D) All of these. 13. Modern Computers compared to earlier computers are _ (A) Faster and larger (B) Less reliable (C) Larger and stronger (D) Faster and smaller 14. In MS Word, which shortcut key is used to change the font? (A) Ctrl + F (B) Ctrl + Alt + F (D) Ctrl + Shift + X (C) Ctrl + Shift + > 15. In QBasic, what will the given command do? LET C = A + B(A) The string variable C receives the value of A + B. (B) The numerical variable C is assigned the value of A + B. (C) The string variable C is assigned the expression A + B. (D) An error message is displayed.

N S Q National Science Olympiad

			MENTAL ABILITY								
1.	Jennifer wants to run 3 km. The track she runs on is $\frac{1}{4}$ of a km in length. How many times does Jennifer have to run the length of the track to run a total of 3 km?										
	(A) $\frac{3}{4}$	(B) $3\frac{1}{4}$	(C) 7	(D) 12							
2.	equal to		a rectangular box are								
	(A) The volume(C) Twice the volume		` '	re root of the volu re of the volume	me						
3.	P can do a piece of work in 9 days. Q is 50% more efficient than P. The number of days it takes Q to do the same piece of work is										
	(A) $13\frac{1}{2}$	(B) $4\frac{1}{2}$	(C) 6	(D) 3							
4.	In the product s	hown here, B is a dig	it. The value of B is _		B 2						
	(A) 3		(B) 5		× 7 B						
	(C) 6		(D) 8		6396						
5.		• •	squares labelled as sh . The label of the face	_	_						

(A) Z

(B) U

(C) V

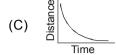
(D) Y

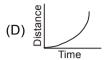
SCIENCE

6. A body moves with uniform velocity. Which of the graphs shown here is a graph of distance against time for this motion?









- **7.** X is present in the stomach. However, presence of excess of it causes indigestion, which requires the intake of milk of magnesia to undo the effect of X. What is X?
 - (A) HCI
- (B) H₂SO₄
- (C) NaOH
- (D) KOH.

- 8. The given parts of the plant help out in
 - (A) Photosynthesis
 - (B) Respiration
 - (C) Transpiration
 - (D) All of the above.
- 9. The increase in area of the solid on heating is called
 - (A) Superficial expansion

(B) Linear expansion

(C) Cubical expansion

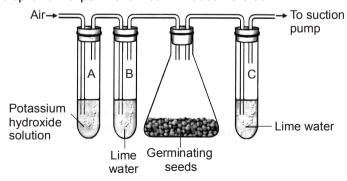
- (D) Quadra expansion
- 10. The temperature at which no more energy can be removed from matter is called
 - (A) Absolute zero
- (B) Boiling point
- (C) 32° F
- (D) 32°C

- 11. A lightning conductor is a
 - (A) Piece of metallic wire with spikes through which current can flow
 - (B) Substance that can be charged by clouds
 - (C) Carbon rod

- (D) Plastic rod.
- 12. Which one of the following is true for all chemical reactions?
 - (A) There is a change in volume
- (B) Heat is evolved
- (C) Chemical bonds are broken or formed
- (D) There is a change in mass
- 13. The movement of oxygenated blood from the left auricle to left ventricle and then to a rta to all parts of the body is called
 - (A) Extracellular circulation
- (B) Pulmonary circulation

(C) Systemic circulation

- (D) Intracellular circulation
- 14. Study the given set up of an experiment. You will observe that



- (A) Lime water in test tube B turns milky
- (B) Lime water in test tube C turns milky
- (C) Potassium hydroxide solution in test tube A turns red
- (D) Temperature in the flask will go down.
- 15. Which metal is present in the human body in greater percentage?
 - (A) Calcium
- (B) Sodium
- (C) Potassium
- (D) Iron



International Mathematics Olympiad

LOGICAL REASONING

Which will come next in the series?

az, by, cx, ?

- (A) ef
- (B) gh
- (C) ij
- (D) dw

- 2. Which number will replace the ? in Fig. (X)?
 - (A) 1
 - (B) 2
 - (C) 3
 - (D) 4

25 64

Fig. (X)

Which most closely resembles the mirror image of the given word, if the mirror is placed vertically to the left

STROKE

- EKORTS (A)
- (B) EKORTS
- (C) ROKETS
- STROKE (D)
- Count the number of triangles in the following figure.
 - (A) 8

(B) 10

(C) 12

(D) 14



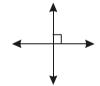
MATHEMATICAL REASONING

- 5. Which of the following is best described in the given figure?
 - (A) Acute angles

(B) Obtuse angles

(C) Parallel lines

(D) Perpendicular lines



6. Nina made a triangle by cutting the corner of a sheet of paper. One angle is 45°. What is the measure of the third angle of Nina's triangle?



(B) 45°

(C) 55°

(D) 60°



- 7. The value of $4\frac{3}{4} 2\frac{1}{2} =$

 - (A) $1\frac{1}{4}$ (B) $1\frac{3}{4}$
- (C) $2\frac{1}{4}$
- (D) $2\frac{3}{4}$

8. This rectangular prism has a length of 14 cm, a height of 8 cm, and a width of 3 cm.

What is the volume?

(A) 25 cu cm

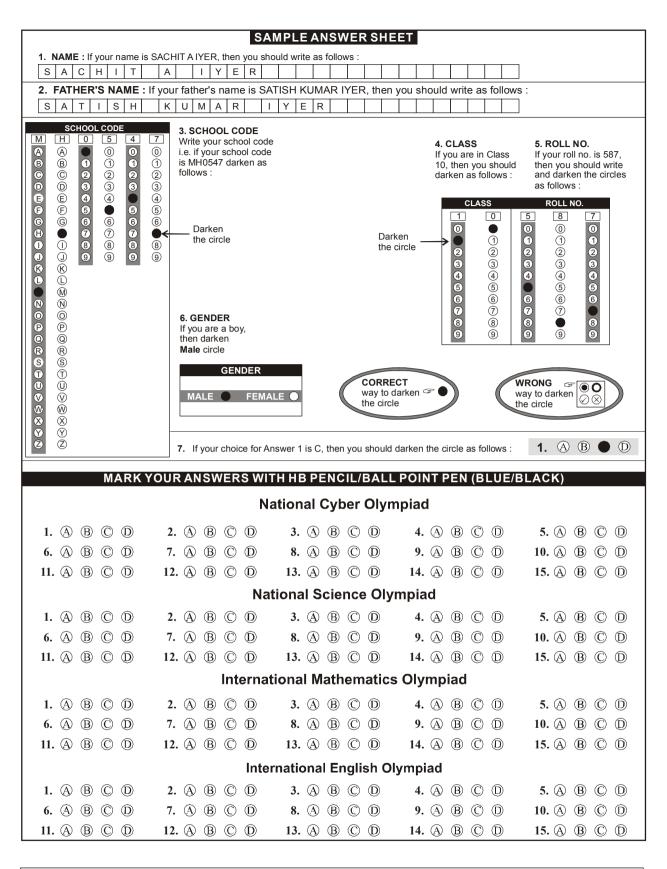
(B) 42 cu cm

(C) 112 cu cm

- (D) 336 cu cm
- 8 cm
- Which expression represents the product of *n* and 25?
 - (A) 25n
- (B) 25 n
- (C) 25 + n
- (D) $25 \div n$

10.	What is the prime fac	ctorization of 45?							
	(A) $2^3 \times 5$	(B) $3^2 \times 5$	(C) $5^2 \times 3$	(D) $5^2 \times 9$					
11.	The value of 11.3 × 2	2.7 =							
	(A) 29.31	(B) 29.51	(C) 30.31	(D) 30.51					
12.	Mohit gains 60 paise	on ₹ 60. His gain per	cent is						
	(A) 1%	(B) 0.1%	(C) 2%	(D) 1.1%					
		EVERYDAY	MATHEMATICS						
13.	3. Kartik can throw a ball $50\frac{3}{5}$ metres high. Ayan can throw the same ball $48\frac{1}{3}$ metres high much farther can Kartik throw the ball than Ayan?								
	(A) $2\frac{2}{15}$ m	(B) $2\frac{4}{15}$ m	(C) $2\frac{3}{5}$ m	(D) $2\frac{4}{5}$ m					
14.	In a parking lot, 1 ou	it of every 8 cars is blu	ue. What percent of the	e cars in this lot are blue?					
	(A) 1.25%	(B) 7%	(C) 9%	(D) 12.5%					
15.			then at 15 km per hou	ur for 2 hours. How far did the					
	duck fly in all? (Spe	$ed = \frac{Distance}{Time}$							
	(A) 69 km	(B) 75 km	(C) 81 km	(D) 84 km					
			onal English	· •					
Dir	ection (Q. No. 1 and	2) : Choose one suita	able word for each bla	ank.					
1.	Someone who interp (A) An interpretist	rets is (B) An interpreter	(C) An interprecian	(D) An interpretor					
2.	Many diamond mines (A) Situation	s are in (B) Situate	South Africa. (C) Situated	(D) Situating					
3.	Choose the odd one (A) Disappear	out. (B) Dissolve	(C) Dissatisfy	(D) Disallow					
4.	Find the correct phra (A) Slow and study	ase. (B) Slow and steady	(C) Slow and fast	(D) Slow and heady					
5.	All children did well i	in the marathon but Ra (B) Fast	ahul was (C) Fastest	(D) The fastest					
6.	·	rt and mark it in your a told me, Sir," / Watsor (B)							
7.	Ravi: Did you invite h	•	t word inviting oneself is (C) Compared to						

8.	In which sentence is the word 'to' correctly									
	(A) This watermelon is to heavy.(C) It's very slippery to.	` '	Hold it with to have Well, hand it to							
		ADIN		ne.						
Dir	ection (Q. No. 9 to 11) : Read the passage			wing guestions						
	"There is always someone worse off than you." Once upon a time, the rabbits of Jim Corbett were so terrorized by the other animals, they did not know where to go. As soon as they saw a single animal approach them, off they used to run. On day, they saw a troop of wild horses stampeding about and in quite a panic all the rabbits scuttle off to a lake close by, determined to drown themselves rather than live in a continual state of feat But just as they got near the bank of the lake, a troop of frogs frightened in their turn by the approach of the rabbits, scuttled off and jumped into the water. "Truly", said one of the rabbits, "things are not so bad as they seem." There is always someone worse off than you. Rabbits wanted to drown themselves because									
9.	(A) They were scared of the horses.(C) They were chasing the frogs.	se (B) They did not like living under fear. (D) They had nowhere to go.								
10.	Rabbits ran away from other animals because (A) They wanted to drown themselves. (C) They were scared of being stepped on.	(B)	They were shy. They were arroga	 .nt.						
11.	Which of the following words would you use to of wild horses? (A) Frightened (B) Unfriendly		cribe the feeling of Worried	the rabbits on seeing the troop (D) Hostile						
	SPOKEN AND WR	ITTE	N EXPRESSION							
	Dimpy: Shahid is always bullying me. Do yo Radha: (A) Don't. Talk to Shahid first. (C) Write him a letter.	ou thi (B)	-	ain to the teacher? I tell Shahid.						
13.	Manasa: I hear that you are going to a new Minu: Oh, you heard about it! (A) I should have told you earlier. (C) I'm happy I did not tell you earlier.	(B)	 I'm sure you are l							
	Sentence 1. God wanted the people he had Sentence 2. Sentence 3. Water, air and sunlight were, the (A) That's why he decided to bless the earth (B) People had to live with water, air, and so (C) Earth could have them in abundance.	creat erefo	red to have a happer. re, given in abund	by life.						
	(D) Therefore, he created the earth.									
15.	Sentence 1. From ancient times Indians have Sentence 2. Sentence 3. While modern man often works (A) They regarded all flora and fauna as sat (B) These plants give us food and oxygen. (C) They lend beauty to our surroundings. (D) These plants sacrifice themselves to ser	to 'cocred.	onquer' Nature, ar	-						



ANSWERS

National Cyber Olympiad National Science Olympiad							Int	ernat	ional	Math	iema	tics		International English												
1.	. ((C)	2.	(A)	3.	(B)	1.	(D)	2.	(D)	3.	(C)	Olympiad								Olympiad					
4.	. ((C)	5.	(A)	6.	(C)	4.	(D)	5.	(D)	6.	(A)	1.	(D)	2.	(A)	3.	(D)	1.	(B)	2.	(C)	3.	(B)		
l ₇ .	. ((B)	8.	(B)	9.	(C)	7.	(A)	8.	(D)	9.	(A)	4.	(C)	5.	(D)	6.	(B)	4.	(B)	5.	(D)	6.	(C)		
10	,	(C)	11.	(D)	12.	` '	10.	(A)		(A)		` '	7.	(C)	8.	(D)	9.	(A)	7.	(B)	8.	(D)	9.	(B)		
13	- ((D)	14.	(C)	15.	` '	13.	(C)		(B)		(A)	10.	(B)	11.	(D)	12.	(A)	10.	(C)	11.	(A)	12.	(A)		
``	((-)		(3)	. • •	(-)		(5)		(3)		(, ,)	13.	(B)	14.	(D)	15.	(D)	13.	(A)	14.	(A)	15.	(A)		