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**BIOLOGICAL CONTROL SYSTEMS**

**SEMESTER - 8**



Time : 3 Hours ]

[ Full Marks : 70

**GROUP - A**

**( Multiple Choice Type Questions )**

1. Choose the correct alternatives for the following : 10 × 1 = 10
- i) Design of the thermoregulatory processes in 'homeothermic' animal is an example of
- a) closed loop system                      b) open loop system
- c) both (a) and (b)                      d) none of these.
- ii) Affinity of haemoglobin to oxygen reduces as blood pH falls — this effect is known as
- a) C - D - H effect                      b) Bohr effect
- c) Krebs' effect                      d) Douglas effect.
- iii) The 'Renal threshold value' is
- a) 120 mg of glucose / 100 ml blood
- b) 500 mg of glucose / 100 ml blood
- c) 210 mg of glucose / 100 ml blood
- d) 180 mg of glucose / 100 ml blood.





ix) Glomerular filtration is favoured by

- a) colloidal osmotic tension of the capillary blood
- b) capillary hydrostatic pressure
- c) hydrostatic pressure of Bowman's capsule
- d) all of these.




x) Short term control of blood pressure is achieved via

- a) Renin-angiotensin system
- b) neural mechanism
- c) the activity of ANP
- d) all of these.

**GROUP – B**

**( Short Answer Type Questions )**

Answer any *three* of the following.

3 × 5 = 15

2. What are the similarities between biological control system and engineering control system ?
3. How is CO<sub>2</sub> uptake from tissue to blood regulated ?
4. What is the role of 'Sino-aortic reflex' in the biological control of blood pressure ?
5. How does 'Donnan effect' maintain equilibrium in body fluid compartments ?
6. Define closed loop system and open loop system with examples.

**GROUP – C**


**( Long Answer Type Questions )**

Answer any *three* of the following.

3 × 15 = 45

7. How is body temperature in human regulated ?
8. Explain the role of various controlling factors which help in the uptake of O<sub>2</sub> in the lungs and dissociation of it in the tissues.



9. Describe the regulatory process of acid-base balance. Mention the role of buffer in this process. 9 + 6
10. Write the major role of 'counter current multiplier system' in the control of concentration of urine. 
11. What are the effects of feedback on the system performance characteristics like stability, sensitivity, over all gain and bandwidth ? 4 + 4 + 4 + 3
12. What do you know about the endocrine control mechanism of 'blood sugar' ? Why is 'Liver' called 'glucostat' ? 12 + 3

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END