

Name : .....

Roll No. : .....

Invigilator's Signature : .....

**CS/B.Tech (BME)/SEM-7/BME-702/2009-10  
2009**

**ARTIFICIAL ORGANS &  
REHABILITATION ENGINEERING**

Time Allotted : 3 Hours

Full Marks : 70

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks.*

*Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words  
as far as practicable.*

**GROUP – A  
( Multiple Choice Type Questions )**

1. Choose the correct alternatives for the following :  $10 \times 1 = 10$ 
  - i) The roller pump, centrifugal pump, oxygenerator are components of an
    - a) artificial heart lung device
    - b) artificial kidney
    - c) artificial pancreas
    - d) artificial liver.
  - ii) Skin autografting is done using healthy skin from
    - a) same individual
    - b) different individuals
    - c) cadaver skin
    - d) artificial skin.



- iii) The acceptance of an implant by a surrounding tissue is called
- a) bioacceptance
  - b) biocompatibility
  - c) biodiversity
  - d) biosensitivity.
- iv) Juvenile diabetes is an
- a) auto immune disease
  - b) age related disorder
  - c) infectious disease
  - d) none of these.
- v) In artificial blood PFC stands for
- a) phosphours, flourine, chlorine
  - b) polytetra fluoro carbon
  - c) per fluoro carbon solution
  - d) none of these.
- vi) In blood rheology haematocrit is
- a) the volume of RBC percentage of the volume of whole blood
  - b) the time taken for RBC to settle down in a tube of anti-coagulated blood sample
  - c) the volume of WBC percentage of the volume of whole blood
  - d) the volume of platelet percentage of the volume of whole blood.



vii) The term orthotics is associated with

- a) devices those replace a body part
- b) devices those augment the function of an extremity
- c) devices those mimic the function of a heart
- d) devices those mimic the function of a lung.

viii) The middle molecule of haemodialysis is

- a) prothrombin
- b) gloubulin
- c) inulin
- d) insulin.

ix) Which bone is used in bone-conduction audiometry ?

- a) Incus
- b) Humerous
- c) Radius
- d) Mastoid.

x) The structural and functional unit of kidney is

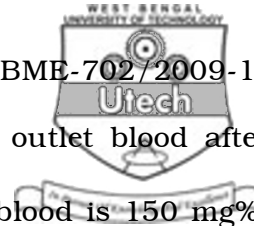
- a) filtering membrane
- b) uterus
- c) nephron
- d) renal artery.



**GROUP – B**  
**( Short Answer Type Questions )**

Answer any *three* of the following.  $3 \times 5 = 15$

2. What do you mean by Rehabilitation engineering ? Explain the terms orthotics and prosthetics.  $3 + 1 + 1$
3. With the help of a suitable block diagram explain the functioning of an artificial kidney. A patient weighing 70 kg, has a dialyzer clearance of 300 ml/min and the dialysis session lasted for 3 hrs. Assuming that the body is about 60% water by weight find the Kt/V ratio. Do you think the patient had optimum dialyzer clearance ? Express your views.  $2 + 3$
4. Explain the process of regeneration of artificial skin. Why do you think immuno-suppressives are necessary for the above mentioned process ?  $3 + 2$
5. a) Calculate the blood flow velocity through ascending aorta and its Reynolds number. [ inner dia. of aorta 2.0 cm, cardiac output 70 ml/beat working at normal rate, blood viscosity 3.5 c.p. & sp. gr. of blood 1.056 ]



b) Calculate the urea concentration in outlet blood after single dialysis. [ Urea conc. in inlet blood is 150 mg%, mass transfer coefficient  $1/60$  min/cm, membrane area  $1 \text{ m}^2$  and blood flow rate 200 ml/min. ] ( 2 + 1 ) + 2

6. How can you improve the function of partially inactive hand or upper extremities by using electrical/electronic circuitry ?
7. What are the different types of Biomaterials used for artificial implants ? What are their limitations ? 3 + 2

**GROUP - C**

**( Long Answer Type Questions )**

Answer any *three* of the following. 3 × 15 = 45

8. a) What do you mean by blood rheology ? Mention different factors which affect rheological properties of blood.
- b) Briefly explain the problems associated with ECD. 8 + 7
9. In artificial pancreas what are the different insulin administration systems ? What are glucose sensors ? What is the role of glucose oxidase in a glucose sensor ? What are liver assist devices ( LAD ) ? How do they function ?

6 + 3 + 2 + 4



10. What are hearing aids ? Differentiate between Air conduction and Bone conduction hearing. Give the functional diagram of an audiometer. What is masking in an audiometer ?

3 + 3 + 5 + 4

11. What do you understand by cardiac valve prosthesis ? What are different types of mechanical heart valves used now-a-days ? What are bioengineered heart valves ? Explain with example.

5 + 5 + 5

12. a) Why is an artificial lung needed during bypass heart surgery ? What is a myoelectric arm ? How does it function ?

- b) Silicone rubber is designed as an extracorporeal membrane oxygenator for heart-lung bypass surgery. Calculate the area of membrane, which is fed with 100% pure  $O_2$  ( water saturated ) at  $37^\circ C$ . [ Cardiac output 4 L/min, gas flow rate 10 L/min,  $O_2$  and  $CO_2$  transfer rate 5.7 and 4.5 ml/100 ml of blood, membrane permeability of  $O_2$  and  $CO_2$  0.51 and 2.72 c.c./min-mm Hg at STP, partial pr. of water vapour is 47 mm of Hg at  $37^\circ C$  ].

( 3 + 2 + 3 ) + 7



13. a) Explain hemodialysis machine with a neat sketch.  
Deduce the equation for artificial kidney or overall mass-transfer in dialyzers. What are the criteria for an ideal hemodialysis machine ?

b) Write short notes on artificial blood. ( 5 + 3 + 3 ) + 4

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