## ALLEN

## ALLENDIGITAL

 SCHOLARSHIP
## ADMISSION TEST (ADSAT)

## SYLLABUS \& PATIERN CLASS-XI [ JEE 〕

## PHYSICS

1. Physical World
2. Units and Measurements
3. Motion in a Straight Line
4. Motion in a Plane
5. Laws of Motion
6. Work, Energy, and Power
7. System of Particles and Rotational Motion
8. Gravitation
9. Mechanical Properties of Solids
10. Mechanical Properties of Fluids
11. Thermal Properties of Matter
12. Thermodynamics
13. Kinetic Theory
14. Oscillations
15. Waves

## CHEMISTRY

1. Some Basic Concepts of Chemistry
2. Structure of Atom
3. Classification of Elements and Periodicity in Properties
4. Chemical Bonding and Molecular Structure
5. States of Matter
6. Thermodynamics
7. Equilibrium
8. Redox Reactions
9. Hydrogen
10. The s-Block Elements
11. The p-Block Elements (Group 13 and 14)
12. Organic Chemistry -

Some Basic Principles and Techniques
13. Hydrocarbons
14. Environmental Chemistry

## MATHS

1. Sets
2. Relations and Functions
3. Trigonometric Functions
4. Principle of Mathematical Induction
5. Complex Numbers and Quadratic Equations
6. Linear Inequalities
7. Permutations and Combinations
8. Binomial Theorem
9. Sequences and Series
10. Straight Lines
11. Conic Sections
12. Introduction to Three Dimensional Geometry
13. Limits and Derivatives
14. Mathematical Reasoning
15. Statistics
16. Probability

## PAPER MODE: ONLINE

EXAM
PATTERN

Part-1 Subject: IQ
Part-2 Subjects: Physics, Chemistry, Maths

## MARKING SCHEME

+4 for correct answer, -1 for wrong answer
No negative marking in Part-1

## QUESTION DISTRIBUTION

Physics: 20, Chemistry: 20, Maths: 20, IQ: 20

QUESTION TYPE: Single Choice Questions DURATION OF EXAM: 120 Minutes

for

(ALLEN Digital Scholarship Admission Test)

## ONLINE CLASSROOM CONTACT PROGRAMME

(FOR XI to XII MOVING STUDENTS)


## INSTRUCTIONS

A. Mandatory for the student to ensure the following for taking the test:

1. Keep your camera switched on at all times while you take the test. Failing to keep the camera on will lead to disqualification
2. Face the camera while taking the exam and ensure your front profile, up till your shoulder at least is visible. The background should be plain with no photo frames or designs.
3. Ensure your microphone is on and there is no disturbance in the surrounding and you're sitting in a quiet room
4. Other than one blank sheet of paper and a pen, there should not be any book or stationery in the area where exam is being attempted
B. Ensure the following for a smooth exam taking experience
5. You have good internet speed- 521 kbps at least for a smooth network. In case of internet issues, the timer will not be paused. ADSAT is not responsible for any such issues.
6. 2. Keep your device connected and ensure there is enough charge
1. Incase of a power outage, ensure the internet and device can still operate and not disconnect from the exam taking experience

## C. You can be disqualified if

1. Your microphone or camera is switched off
2. The candidate appearing for the exam is not the same as the one registered
3. Other than the candidate there are other people in the vicinity.
4. There is excessive background noise
5. Student tries to connect a pen-drive or similar devices while taking the exam
6. Student tries to browse other site or uses other devices

## D. General Instructions

1. Join the test link 30 mins prior to the exam time to avoid any technical issues and to read the instructions. Test link will be shared via Email and SMS.
2. Remember to submit the test at the end of the exam.
3. The test will be conducted in proctored mode. Ensure that all the above rules are strictly followed.

## PART-I

## IQ (MENTAL ABILITY)

This section contains 20 Multiple Choice Questions. Each question has four choices (1), (2), (3) and (4) out of which ONLY ONE is correct.

Directions (Q. 1 to Q.2) : Read the following information and answer the questions given below:
A is the son of B. C, B's sister has a son D and a daughter E. F is the maternal uncle of D.

1. How is A related to D ?
(1) Cousin
(2) Nephew
(3) Uncle
(4) Brother
2. How is E related to F ?
(1) Sister
(2) Daughter
(3) Niece
(4) Wife
3. A clock is so placed that at 12 noon its minute hand points towards north-east. In which direction does its hour hand point at 1.30 p.m. ?
(1) North
(2) South
(3) East
(4) West

Directions (Q. 4 to Q.7) : Read the following information carefully and answer the question given below it:
(i) Eight persons E, F, G, H, I, J, K and L are seated around a square table two on each side.
(ii) There are three lady members and they are not seated next to each other.
(iii) $J$ is between $L$ and $F$.
(iv) $G$ is between $I$ and $F$.
(v) H , a lady member, is second to the left of J .
(vi) $\mathbf{F}$, a male member is seated opposite $\mathbf{E}$, a lady member.
(vii) There is a lady member between $F$ and $I$.
4. Who among the following is seated between E and H :
(1) F
(2) I
(3) Cannot be determined
(4) None of these
5. How many persons are seated between $K$ and $F$ :
(1) One
(2) Two
(3) Three
(4) Cannot be determined
6. Who among the following are the three lady members :
(1) E, G and J
(2) E, H and G
(3) G, H and J
(4) Cannot be determined
7. Who among the following is to the immediate left of F :
(1) G
(2) I
(3) J
(4) Cannot be determined

Directions (Q.8 \& Q.9) : These questions consist of a number series which contains a wrong term. This term is given as one of the four alternatives among the four numbers given below. The wrong term is :
8. $89,78,86,80,85,82,83$
(1) 83
(2) 82
(3) 86
(4) 78
9. $1,1,3,9,6,36,10,100,16,225$
(1) 225
(2) 16
(3) 10
(4) 9

Directions (Q. 10 to Q.13) : Words in capital letters in column-I are written in small letters in a code language in column-II. Decode the Language and find out the correct alternative for the given word in each question.

| CoIumn-I | Column-II |
| :--- | :--- |
| HERO | tbfw |
| JOIN | bakp |
| LAZY | nsvg |
| MINE | pdkt |
| PART | rwsx |
| SAURY | wveos |
| BLUE | eglt |
| CIGAR | vsqwp |
| WRIT | wpxy |
| VIRUS | pzwoe |
| QUACK | jqems |
| PIRL | wprg |

10. Code for letters in the word TOIL are :
(1) pxba
(2) bpgn
(3) bpxg
(4) mpxg
11. Code for letters in the word COST are:
(1) boqx
(2) $x q p s$
(3) qost
(4) xqnr
12. Code for letters in the word ULCER are:
(1) ggwmr
(2) teqwp
(3) ktegp
(4) gteqw
13. Code for letters in the word SINE are :
(1) ptkl
(2) toka
(3) ptok
(4) optb
14. Find the odd one out?
(1) 488
(2) 929
(3) 776
(4) 667
15. Two buses start from the opposite points of a main road, 150 km apart. The first bus runs for 25 km and takes a right turn and then runs for 15 km . It, then turns left and runs for another 25 km and takes the direction back to reach the main road. In the meantime, due to the minor breakdown the other bus has run only 35 km along the main road. What would be the distance between the two buses at this point
(1) 65 km
(2) 80 km
(3) 75 km
(4) 85 km

Directions (Q.16 \& Q.17) : A, B and C are playing a game. When they start, they have 46 points between the 3 of them. They play 3 games. A wins the first, $C$ the second and $B$ the third game. When A wins, he gets 3 points from $B$ and 3 points from C. When $B$ wins, his points double and he gets some of these points from A and some from C . When C wins, he gets 2 points from A and 4 points from B. After the 3 games, all three of them have the same points with each of them that they had started with.
16. How many points did $B$ start with?
(1) 12
(2) 16
(3) 14
(4) cannot be determined
17. When B wins, how many points does he get from C ?
(1) 5
(2) 3
(3) either 3 or 4
(4) 4
18. Insert the missing character

(1) 15

(2) 14

(3) 20
(4) 12

Directions (Q. 19 \& Q.20) : In each of the following questions, the two rows of numbers are given. Resultant number in each row is to be worked out separately based on the following rules and the question below the row of numbers is to be answered. The operations of numbers progress from left to right.

## Rules :

(i) If an even number comes before a prime number, they are to be multiplied.
(ii) If an even number comes before a composite odd number, odd number is to be subtracted from even number.
(iii) If a composite odd number comes before a prime number, the first number is to be divided by the second number.
(iv) If an odd number comes before an even number which is a perfect square, they are to be added.
(v) If an odd number comes before another odd number they are to be added.
19. $36 \quad 21 \quad 5 \quad 16$
$\begin{array}{llll}27 & 3 & 16 & 5\end{array}$
What is the sum of the resultants of the two rows?
(1) 25
(2) 24
(3) 125
(4) 81
20. $\begin{array}{lllll}39 & 13 & 11 & 17\end{array}$
$\begin{array}{llll}24 & 5 & 55 & 13\end{array}$
What is the difference between the resultants of the two rows ?
(1) 14
(2) 9
(3) 243
(4) 233

## PART-II

## SECTION-A : PHYSICS

This section contains 20 Multiple Choice Questions. Each question has four choices (1), (2), (3) and (4) out of which ONLY ONE is correct.
21. A unit vector perpendicular to $\vec{i}-2 \hat{j}+\hat{k}$ and $3 \vec{i}+\hat{j}-2 \hat{k}$ is
(1) $\frac{5 \hat{\mathrm{i}}+3 \hat{\mathrm{j}}+7 \hat{\mathrm{k}}}{\sqrt{83}}$
(2) $\frac{3 \hat{\mathrm{i}}+5 \hat{\mathrm{j}}+7 \hat{\mathrm{k}}}{\sqrt{83}}$
(3) $\frac{5 \overrightarrow{\mathrm{i}}+3 \hat{\mathrm{j}}-7 \hat{\mathrm{k}}}{\sqrt{83}}$
(4) $\frac{3 \hat{\mathrm{i}}-5 \hat{\mathrm{j}}+7 \hat{\mathrm{k}}}{\sqrt{83}}$
22. A particle is fired with initial speed ' $u=40 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{\prime}$ at an angle of $53^{\circ}$ with the horizontal, then find out the radius of curvature of the particle at the instant the particles velocity becomes perpendicular to the initial velocity.
(1) 56.25 m
(2) 225 m
(3) 112.5 m
(4) 130 m
23. Block ' $B$ ' moves without rotation vertically downwards with constant velocity of $1 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$ then what is the relative velocity of C with respect to A :

(1) $(\sqrt{3}+1) \mathrm{m} / \mathrm{s}$
(2) $(3+\sqrt{3}) \mathrm{m} / \mathrm{s}$
(3) $\left(\frac{3+\sqrt{3}}{3}\right) \mathrm{m} / \mathrm{s}$
(4) $\frac{\sqrt{3}}{5} \mathrm{~m}$
24. Two swimmer's A and B initially on the opposite banks of a river are situated exactly opposite to each other. They can swim with speeds $\mathrm{v}_{\mathrm{A}}=\mathrm{v}$ and $\mathrm{v}_{\mathrm{B}}=\mathrm{v} / \sqrt{ } 3$ in still water. They start swimming simultaneously at angles $\theta_{\mathrm{A}}=30^{\circ}$ and $\theta_{\mathrm{B}}=\theta$ with respect to the river. Calculate the time after which they will meet. (given 'd' = width of the river ; $\mathrm{v}=$ speed of the river.)

(1) $\frac{\sqrt{3} d}{2 v}$
(2) $\frac{d}{2 v}$
(3) $\frac{d(\sqrt{3}+1)}{2 v}$
(4) $\frac{d(\sqrt{3}-1)}{v}$
25. Car B is ahead of Car A by 100 m . Car A is moving with constant speed 10 meter/sec and car B starts from rest accelerating with an acceleration $2 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$. Find minimum distance between both the cars.
(1) 100 m
(2) 50 m
(3) 75 m
(4) 0 m
26. Block A weighing 100 kg rests on a block $B$ and is tied with a horizontal string to the wall at C. Block $B$ weighs 200 kg . The coefficient of friction between $A$ and $B$ is 0.25 and between $B$ and the surface is $1 / 3$. The minimum horizontal force P necessary to move the block B should be $\left(\mathrm{g}=10 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}\right)$

(1) 1150 N
(2) 1250 N
(3) 1300 N
(4) 1420 N
27. Two beads 1 and 2 are allowed to descend on frictionless chord OA and vertical diameter OB of a circle, at the same instant from point O . The ratio of the velocities of the particles 1 and 2 respectively, when they reach on the circumference will be
(1) $\sin \alpha$
(2) $\tan \alpha$
(3) $\cos \alpha$
(4) None of these

28. A boy of mass ' $m$ ' is standing on a block of mass ' $M$ ' kept on a rough horizontal surface. When boy walks from left to right on the block, the centre of mass of the system (boy + block) :
(1) Remains stationary
(2) Shifts towards left
(3) Shifts towards right
(4) None of these
29. A metal sphere is hung with the help of a string on a frictionless wall. The force acting on the sphere are shown in figure. Which of the following statement is wrong -

(1) $\mathrm{T}^{2}=\mathrm{N}^{2}+\mathrm{W}^{2}$
(2) $\mathrm{T}=\mathrm{N}+\mathrm{W}$
(3) $\overrightarrow{\mathrm{N}}+\overrightarrow{\mathrm{T}}+\overrightarrow{\mathrm{W}}=0$
(4) $\mathrm{N}=\mathrm{W} \operatorname{Tan} \theta$
30. Find acceleration of block $A$ with respect to block $C$. All the surfaces are smooth and pulley is light (All the blocks are supposed to be a very small in dimension)

(1) Zero
(2) $\frac{20}{7} \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$ towards right
(3) $4 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$ upwards
(4) $6 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$ downwards
31. A body of mass 1 kg thrown upwards with a velocity of $10 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$ comes to rest (momentarily) after moving up by 4 m . The work done by air drag in this process is (Take $g=10 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$ )
(1) -20 J
(2) -10 J
(3) -30 J
(4) 0 J
32. The force acting on a body moving along $x$ axis varies with position of particle as shown in figure. The body in stable equilibrium at :

(1) $x=x_{1}$
(2) $x=x_{2}$
(3) both $x=x_{1}$ and $x=x_{2}$
(4) Neither at $x=x_{1}$ nor $x=x_{2}$
33. A chain of mass $M=' 9 \mathrm{~kg}^{\prime}$ and length $L=$ ' 10 m ' initially rests on a horizontal frictionless surface, if it is slightly pushed down the horizontal surface due to which the chain starts sliding down, then calculate closest value of the rate at which work is done on the chain by the gravitational force at the instant one third of the chain is hanging vertical. (Neglect all dissipative forces)

(1) 173 W
(2) 150 W
(3) 300 W
(4) 100 W
34. A non-uniform sphere can be kept on a rough inclined plane so that it is in equilibrium. In the figure below, dots represents location of center of mass. In which one of the positions can sphere be in equilibrium.

(1) A
(2) B
(3) C
(4) D
35. Six identical balls are lined in a straight groove made on a horizontal frictionless surface as shown. Two similar balls each moving with a velocity v collide elastically simultaneously with the row of 6 balls from left. What will happen

(1) One ball from the right rolls out with a speed 2 v and the remaining balls will remain at rest
(2) Two balls from the right roll out with speed $v$ each and the remaining balls will remain stationary
(3) All the six balls in the row will roll out with speed v/6 each and the two colliding balls will come to rest
(4) The colliding balls will come to rest and no ball rolls out from right
36. An open water wagon of mass $5 \times 10^{3} \mathrm{~kg}$ starts with initial velocity $1.2 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$ without friction on a railway track. Rain drops fall vertically downwards into the wagon. The velocity of the wagon after it has collected $10^{3} \mathrm{~kg}$ of water will be-
(1) $0.5 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$
(2) $2 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$
(3) $1 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$
(4) $1.5 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$

## Comprehension for (Q.No. 37 \& Q.No.38)

Just as the planets revolve around the Sun, in the same way the satellites revolve around the planets. Artificial satellites are launched from the surface of the earth. The paths of these artificial satellites are elliptical with the centre of the earth at a focus. However, the difference in major and minor axes of the elliptical path of an artificial satellite is so small that roughly, the orbit of the satellite is considered as a circular orbit. The kinetic energy of an artificial satellite in its orbit is given by, K.E. $=\frac{\text { GMm }}{2 r}$ and its potential energy is given by, $U=-\frac{G M m}{r}$. There are two satellites orbiting in two orbits of radii $r_{1}$ and $r_{2}\left(r_{2}>r_{1}\right)$ respectively, then answer the following questions:
37. The total energy of the satellite in an orbit of radius $r$ is :
(1) $\frac{G M m}{2 r}$
(2) $\frac{\mathrm{GMm}}{\mathrm{r}}$
(3) $-\frac{\mathrm{GMm}}{\mathrm{r}}$
(4) $-\frac{\mathrm{GMm}}{2 r}$
38. Which of the graphs represents the potential energy of the satellite in its orbit?
(1)

(2)

(3)

(4)


## Comprehension for (Q.No. 39 \& Q.No.40)

As shown in fig., the weight W is 60 N and it is in equilibrium. Then answer the following questions:

39. The tension in the diagonal string is approximately:
(1) 60 N
(2) 90 N
(3) 85 N
(4) 100 N
40. Find the magnitudes of the horizontal forces $F_{1}$ and $F_{2}$ that must be applied to hold the system in the position shown:
(1) $75 \mathrm{~N}, 90 \mathrm{~N}$ respectively
(2) $60 \mathrm{~N}, 60 \mathrm{~N}$ respectively
(3) $90 \mathrm{~N}, 90 \mathrm{~N}$ respectively
(4) $45 \mathrm{~N}, 90 \mathrm{~N}$ respectively

## SECTION-B : CHEMISTRY

This section contains 20 Multiple Choice Questions. Each question has four choices (1), (2), (3) and (4) out of which ONLY ONE is correct.
41. In the aqueous solution of $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4}$ its mole fraction is 0.2 then closest value of molality of solution is
(1) 13.9
(2) 9.8
(3) 10.2
(4) 11.2
42. Which of the following statement is correct
(1) Anode rays are produced from anode
(2) The positive charged particle of anode rays is proton always
(3) The negative charged particles of cathode rays depends on cathode material
(4) The positive charged particles of anode rays depends on nature of gas present in tube
43. If angular momentum of an electron in an orbit is $\mathbf{J}$ according to Bohr model then J is directly proportional to
(1) r
(2) $\sqrt{\mathrm{r}}$
(3) $1 / r$
(4) $1 / \sqrt{\mathrm{r}}$
44. What is the correct way of writting the result of following multiplication $\left(1.52 \times 10^{-3}\right)\left(2 \times 10^{4}\right)$ ?
(1) $3.04 \times 10^{1}$
(2) 30.4
(3) $3 \times 10^{1}$
(4) $30.4 \times 10^{0}$
45. An open vessel at $27^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ is heated until $3 / 8^{\text {th }}$ of the air in it has been expelled. Assuming that the volume remains constant, calculate the tempreature at which the vessel was heated.
(1) $800^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
(2) $207^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
(3) $480^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
(4) $527^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
46. Consider the equation $\mathrm{Z}=\frac{\mathrm{pV}_{\mathrm{m}}}{\mathrm{RT}}$. Which of the following statements is correct ?
(1) When $Z>1$, real gases are easier to compress than the ideal gas at similar condition.
(2) When $Z=1$, real gases get compressed easily than the ideal gas at similar condition.
(3) When $Z>1$, real gases are difficult to compress than the ideal gas at similar condition.
(4) When $Z=1$, real gases are difficult to compress than the ideal gas at similar condition.
47. On a planet where $g_{\text {planet }}=0.2 g_{\text {earth }}$. What will be the difference in the height of column filled with mercury in a closed end manometer when the gas is filled with the pressure of 2 atm on earth (Assuming : outside pressure to be 1 atm on both planet ; Volume of gas remain constant)
(1) 30.4 cm
(2) 760 cm
(3) 380 cm
(4) 152 cm
48. A vessel contains 0.5 mol each of $\mathrm{SO}_{2}, \mathrm{H}_{2}$ and $\mathrm{CH}_{4}$. Its aperture was made open and then closed after sometime. Thus, order of partial pressure of the remaining gases in the vessel will be
(1) $\mathrm{p}_{\mathrm{SO}_{2}}>\mathrm{p}_{\mathrm{CH}_{4}}>\mathrm{p}_{\mathrm{H}_{2}}$
(2) $\mathrm{p}_{\mathrm{H}_{2}}>\mathrm{p}_{\mathrm{CH}_{4}}>\mathrm{p}_{\mathrm{SO}_{2}}$
(3) $\mathrm{p}_{\mathrm{H}_{2}}>\mathrm{p}_{\mathrm{SO}_{2}}>\mathrm{p}_{\mathrm{CH}_{4}}$
(4) $\mathrm{p}_{\mathrm{H}_{2}}=\mathrm{p}_{\mathrm{SO}_{2}}=\mathrm{p}_{\mathrm{CH}_{4}}$
49. 100 ml of a mixture of $\mathrm{O}_{2}$ and $\mathrm{O}_{3}$ are heated and $\mathrm{O}_{3}$ is $50 \%$ decomposed. The resultant mixture is 115 ml . Find the initial volume of $\mathrm{O}_{3}$
(1) 55 ml
(2) 50 ml
(3) 65 ml
(4) 60 ml
50. What will be the de-broglie wavelength of particle (in $\AA$ ) when it is accelerated by the voltage of 75 volts $\left(\right.$ charge on particle $\left.=4 \mathrm{e}^{-}, \mathrm{m}_{\text {particle }}=\frac{1}{2} \mathrm{~m}_{\text {electron }}\right)$
(1) $\sqrt{2}$
(2) 2
(3) 1
(4) $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$
51. The compound of Vanadium has magnetic moment of $\sqrt{15} \mathrm{BM}$. The vanadium chloride has the formula:
(1) $\mathrm{VCl}_{2}$
(2) $\mathrm{VCl}_{3}$
(3) $\mathrm{VCl}_{4}$
(4) $\mathrm{VCl}_{5}$
52. For which set of elements "diagonal relationship" is not existing :
(1) $\mathrm{B}, \mathrm{Si}$
(2) $\mathrm{Li}, \mathrm{Mg}$
(3) $\mathrm{B}, \mathrm{Mg}$
(4) $\mathrm{Be}, \mathrm{Al}$
53. First, second and third Ionisation Energy values are $100 \mathrm{eV}, 150 \mathrm{eV}$ and 1500 eV . Element can be:
(1) Be
(2) B
(3) F
(4) Na
54. Consider the ground state of $\mathrm{Cr}(\mathrm{Z}=24)$. The numbers of electrons with the azimuthal quantum numbers $l=1$ and 2 respectively are :
(1) 16 and 4
(2) 12 and 5
(3) 12 and 4
(4) 16 and 5
55. $\mathrm{PCl}_{5}$ exists but $\mathrm{NCl}_{5}$ does not because :
(1) Nitrogen has no vacant $2 d$-orbitals
(2) $\mathrm{NCl}_{5}$ is unstable
(3) Nitrogen atom is much smaller than P
(4) Nitrogen is highly inert
56. Which of the following not have a three dimensional network structure ?
(1) $\mathrm{SiO}_{2}$
(2) Diamond
(3) $\mathrm{P}_{4}$ (Black)
(4) $\mathrm{CCl}_{4}$

## Comprehension for (Q.No. 57 \& Q.No.58)

Ferrous sulphate on heating produces compound X and gas Y and $\mathrm{SO}_{3}$ gas. $\mathrm{FeSO}_{4} \rightarrow \mathrm{X}+\mathrm{Y}+\mathrm{SO}_{3}$
57. Compound $X$ is :
(1) FeO
(2) $\mathrm{Fe}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{3}$
(3) FeS
(4) $\mathrm{Fe}_{3} \mathrm{O}_{4}$
58. How many moles of $\mathrm{FeSO}_{4}$ are required to produce 0.5 moles of gas Y .
(1) 1
(2) 0.5
(3) 2
(4) 0.25

## Comprehension for (Q.No. 59 \& Q.No.60)

Electrons in various suborbits of an orbit are filled in increasing order to their energies. Pairing of electrons in various orbitals of a suborbit takes place only after each orbital is half-filled. No two electrons in an atom can have the same set of quantum number.
59. $\mathrm{Cr}(\mathrm{Z}=24), \mathrm{Mn}^{+}(\mathrm{Z}=25), \mathrm{Fe}^{2+}(\mathrm{Z}=26)$ and $\mathrm{Co}^{3+}(\mathrm{Z}=27)$ are isoelectronic each having 24 electrons. Thus,
(1) all have configurations as [Ar] $4 \mathrm{~s}^{1} 3 \mathrm{~d}^{5}$
(2) Cr and $\mathrm{Mn}^{+}$have configurations as $[\mathrm{Ar}] 4 \mathrm{~s}^{1} 3 \mathrm{~d}^{5}$ while $\mathrm{Fe}^{2+}$ and $\mathrm{Co}^{3+}$ have configurations as [Ar] $3 \mathrm{~d}^{5}$.
(3) all have configurations as $[\mathrm{Ar}] 3 \mathrm{~d}^{6}$
(4) all have configurations as [Ar] $4 \mathrm{~s}^{2} 3 \mathrm{~d}^{6}$
60. A compound of vanadium has a magnetic moment of 1.73 BM. Electronic configuration of the vanadium ion in the compound is :
(1) $[\mathrm{Ar}] 4 \mathrm{~s}^{0} 3 \mathrm{~d}^{1}$
(2) $[\mathrm{Ar}] 4 \mathrm{~s}^{2} 3 \mathrm{~d}^{3}$
(3) $[\mathrm{Ar}] 4 \mathrm{~s}^{1} 3 \mathrm{~d}^{0}$
(4) $[\mathrm{Ar}] 4 \mathrm{~s}^{0} 3 \mathrm{~d}^{5}$

## Attempt any one of the section $C$ or $D$

## SECTION-C : MATHEMATICS

This section contains 20 Multiple Choice Questions. Each question has four choices (1), (2), (3) and (4) out of which ONLY ONE is correct.
61. If $a, b, c$ are in GP and the equations $a x^{2}+2 b x+c=0$ and $d x^{2}+2 e x+f=0$ have a common root, then $\frac{\mathrm{d}}{\mathrm{a}}, \frac{\mathrm{e}}{\mathrm{b}}, \frac{\mathrm{f}}{\mathrm{c}}$ are in
(1) H.P.
(2) A.P.
(3) G.P.
(4) A.G.P.
62. Let $f(x)=1+x, x>0$ and $g(x)=\frac{1}{f(x)}$ then
(1) $f(x)+f\left(\frac{1}{x}\right) \neq f(x) f\left(\frac{1}{x}\right)$
(2) the minimum value of $f(x) f\left(\frac{1}{x}\right)$ is 2
(3) $g(x)+g\left(\frac{1}{x}\right)=2$
(4) $g(\tan \theta)+g(\cot \theta)=1 \quad \forall \theta \in\left(0, \frac{\pi}{2}\right)$
63. The sum of the intercepts cut off by the cordinate axes on the lines $x+y=a, x+y=a r, x+y=a r^{2}, \ldots . \infty$ where $\mathrm{a} \neq 0$ and $\mathrm{r}=\frac{1}{2}$ is
(1) 2 a
(2) $a \sqrt{2}$
(3) $2 \sqrt{2} a$
(4) $\frac{\mathrm{a}}{\sqrt{2}}$
64. Let there be a triangle $A B C$ such that

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 3 \sin A+4 \cos B=6 \\
& 4 \sin B+3 \cos A=1
\end{aligned}
$$

The value of $\angle \mathrm{C}$ in degrees is
(1) $30^{\circ}$
(2) $60^{\circ}$
(3) $120^{\circ}$
(4) $150^{\circ}$
65. The lines $2 x-3 y=5$ and $3 x-4 y=7$ are the diameters of a circle of area 154 sq unit. The equation of this circle is $(\pi=22 / 7)$
(1) $x^{2}+y^{2}+2 x-2 y=62$
(2) $x^{2}+y^{2}+2 x-2 y=47$
(3) $x^{2}+y^{2}-2 x+2 y=47$
(3) $x^{2}+y^{2}-2 x+2 y=62$
66. The number of solutions of $z^{11}+\bar{z}=0$ is (where $z$ is a complex number)
(1) 1
(2) 6
(3) 11
(4) 13
67. If $\left|\left(x^{2}+5 x+9\right)\right|<\left|x^{2}+2 x+2\right|+|3 x+7|$ then:
(1) $x<-\frac{7}{3}$
(2) $x>-\frac{7}{3}$
(3) $x \leq-\frac{7}{3}$
(4) $x \geq-\frac{7}{3}$
68. If equation $\mathrm{ax}^{2}+\mathrm{bx}+\mathrm{c}=0$ and $\mathrm{x}^{3}+\mathrm{x}^{2}-2=0$ have two common roots, then (a, $\mathrm{b}, \mathrm{c} \hat{I} \mathrm{Q}$ )
(1) $a=b \neq c$
(2) $a \neq b=c$
(3) $a=b=c$
(4) $a=-b=c$
69. Let a and b be two different natural numbers whose harmonic mean is 10 then their arithmatic mean is
(1) 12
(2) 15
(3) 16
(4) 18
70. Let $\mathrm{ax}+\mathrm{by}+\mathrm{c}=0,(\mathrm{a} \neq 0)$ be a variable straight line, where $\mathrm{a}, \mathrm{b}, \mathrm{c}$ are 1 st , 5 th and 9 th term of an increasing A.P. then variable straight line always passes through a fixed point
(1) $(1,-2)$
(2) $(1,2)$
(3) $(-1,2)$
(4) $(-1,-2)$
71. If $3 a+2 b+6 c=0\left(a, b, c \in R_{0}\right)$, the family of straight lines $a x+b y+c=0$ passes through a fixed point whose coordinates are given by
(1) $(1 / 2,1 / 3)$
(2) $(2,3)$
(3) $(3,2)$
(4) $(1 / 3,1 / 2)$
72. If the circle $x^{2}+y^{2}+4 x+22 y+c=0$ bisects the circumference of the circle $x^{2}+y^{2}-2 x+8 y-d=0$, then $\mathrm{c}+\mathrm{d}$ is equal to
(1) 60
(2) 50
(3) 40
(4) 56
73. The discriminant of the quadratic equation $\left(2^{\lambda}\right) \mathrm{x}^{2}+\left(\mathrm{a}^{2}\right) \mathrm{x}-8^{\lambda}=0$ where $\mathrm{a}, \lambda \in \mathrm{N}$ is surely
(1) a perfect square
(2) a prime number
(3) a composite number
(4) an even number
74. Given $\mathrm{z}=\cos \left(\frac{2 \pi}{2 \mathrm{n}+1}\right)+\mathrm{i} \sin \left(\frac{2 \pi}{2 \mathrm{n}+1}\right)$, where n is a positive integer, find the equation whose roots are$\alpha=z+z^{3}+z^{5}+\ldots+z^{2 n-1}$ and $\beta=z^{2}+z^{4}+\ldots+z^{2 n}$.
(1) $\mathrm{x}^{2}+\mathrm{x}+\frac{1}{4} \sec ^{2}\left(\frac{\pi}{2 \mathrm{n}+1}\right)=0$
(2) $\mathrm{x}^{2}-\mathrm{x}-\frac{1}{4} \sec ^{2}\left(\frac{\pi}{2 \mathrm{n}+1}\right)=0$
(3) $\mathrm{x}^{2}+\mathrm{x}+\frac{1}{4} \sec ^{2}\left(\frac{\pi}{2 \mathrm{n}-1}\right)=0$
(4) None of these
75. Let n be a fixed positive integer such that $\sin \frac{\pi}{2 \mathrm{n}}+\cos \frac{\pi}{2 \mathrm{n}}=\frac{\sqrt{n}}{2}$, then
(1) $n=4$
(2) $n=5$
(3) $n=6$
(4) None of these

## Comprehension for (Q.No. 76 to Q.No.78)

If $\sin \alpha=A \sin (\alpha+\beta), A \neq 0$, then
76. The value of $\tan \alpha$ is :
(1) $\frac{A \sin \beta}{1-A \cos \beta}$
(2) $\frac{A \sin \beta}{1+A \cos \beta}$
(3) $\frac{A \cos \beta}{1-A \sin \beta}$
(4) $\frac{A \sin \beta}{1+A \cos \beta}$
77. The value of $\tan \beta$ is :
(1) $\frac{\sin \alpha(1+A \cos \beta)}{A \cos \alpha \cos \beta}$
(2) $\frac{\sin \alpha(1-A \cos \beta)}{A \cos \alpha \cos \beta}$
(3) $\frac{\cos \alpha(1-A \sin \beta)}{A \cos \alpha \cos \beta}$
(4) $\frac{\cos \alpha(1+A \sin \beta)}{A \cos \alpha \cos \beta}$
78. Which of the following is NOT the value of $\tan (\alpha+\beta)$ ?
(1) $\frac{\sin \beta}{\cos \beta-\mathrm{A}}$
(2) $\frac{\sin \alpha \cos \alpha}{A \cos \beta-\sin ^{2} \alpha}$
(3) $\frac{\sin \alpha \cos \alpha}{A \cos \beta+\sin ^{2} \alpha}$
(4) $\frac{\sin 2 \alpha}{2\left(\mathrm{~A} \cos \beta-\sin ^{2} \alpha\right)}$

## Comprehension for (Q.No. 79 \& Q.No.80)

Let the quadratic equation is $x^{2}+2(a+1) x+9 a-5=0$
79. If $a>7$, then :
(1) Both roots are negative
(2) roots are of opposite sign
(3) roots are imaginary
(4) atleast one root is negative
80. If $a<0$, then
(1) Both roots are negative
(2) roots are of opposite sign
(3) roots are imaginary
(4) atleast one root is negative

## ANSWER KEY

| Que. | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 20 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Ans. | 1 | 3 | 3 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 4 | 3 | 4 | 1 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 4 |
| Que. | 21 | 22 | 23 | 24 | 25 | 26 | 27 | 28 | 29 | 30 | 31 | 32 | 33 | 34 | 35 | 36 | 37 | 38 | 39 | 40 |
| Ans. | 2 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 4 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 3 | 3 | 2 |
| Que. | 41 | 42 | 43 | 44 | 45 | 46 | 47 | 48 | 49 | 50 | 51 | 52 | 53 | 54 | 55 | 56 | 57 | 58 | 59 | 60 |
| Ans. | 1 | 4 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 4 | 3 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 4 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 1 |
| Que. | 61 | 62 | 63 | 64 | 65 | 66 | 67 | 68 | 69 | 70 | 71 | 72 | 73 | 74 | 75 | 76 | 77 | 78 | 79 | 80 |
| Ans. | 2 | 4 | 3 | 1 | 3 | 4 | 1 | 2 | 4 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 2 |
| Sample Paper |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | ADSAT |  |  |  |  |  |

