HIGHER SECONDARY SECOND YEAR

STATISTICS

MODEL QUESTION PAPER - 2

TIME: 2.30HOURS MARKS: 70

| I. Choose the right answer:- | 15 × 1 = 15 |
|---|--|
| 1. An Integer is chosen from 1 to 20. Find the | ne probability that it is divisible by 4 |
| a) 1/4 | b) $\frac{1}{3}$ |
| c) <u>1</u> | d) $\frac{1}{10}$ |
| 2. If $F(x)$ is a distribution function then $F(-\infty)$ |) is |
| a) -1 | b) 0 |
| c) 1 | d) -∞ |
| 3. In a normal distribution N(60,9) the Quar | tile deviation is |
| a) 60 | b) 9 |
| c) 3 | d) 2 |
| 4. In the right tailed test, the critical region i | S |
| a) 0 | b) 1 |
| c) lies entirely in right tail | d) lies in the left tail |
| 5. Large sample theory is applicable when | |
| a) n>30 | b) n<30 |
| c) n<100 | d) n<1000 |
| 6. The variance of the sampling distribution | of the mean |
| a) σ^2 | b) $\frac{\sigma}{n}$ |
| c) n σ^2 | d) $\frac{\sigma}{\sqrt{n}}$ |
| 7. The test for significance of the difference | between two sample means, the |
| population variances being equal but unki | <u> -</u> |
| a) t- test | b) x^2 - test |
| c) f - test | d) z - test |
| | |

| 8. The greater the discrepancy between the | observed and expected frequency |
|---|---|
| the value of λ^2 | |
| a) Decreases | b) increases |
| c) Does not change | d) becomes zero |
| 9. Equality of several normal population m | neans can be tested by |
| a) t- test | b) x^2 - test |
| c) f - test | d) z - test |
| 10. Simple average method is used to calcu | ılate |
| a) Trend values | b) cyclic variations |
| c) Seasonal indices | d) none of these |
| 11. Which of the following methods for me estimation? | easuring the trend is useful for |
| a) graphical method | b) semi average method |
| c) moving average method | d) method of least square |
| 12. Measures of association in usually deal | with |
| a) Attributes | b) Quantitative factors |
| c) Variables | d) numbers |
| 13. If the attributes A and β is such that (A β |)=0 then the relationship between them is |
| a) Positive | b) negative |
| c) Independent | d) dependent |
| 14. The criterion which selects the action f known as | for which maximum pay-off is lowest is |
| a) max-mini criterion | b) min-max criterion |
| c) max-max criterion | d) none of these |
| 15. Which of the following methods while maximum pay-off are taken in account | |
| a) maxi-min | b) maxi-max |
| c) mini-max | d) Hurwicz method |

Answer any of the six questions. Question No.20 is compulsory $6 \times 2 = 12$

- 16. Define conditional probability.
- 17. State the characteristic function for a discrete random variable
- 18. Give any two examples of Poisson distribution.
- 19. Define Null Hypothesis.
- 20. Write short note on Yate's correction.
- 21. In a two way analysis of variation consisting of 4 treatments and 5 varieties. Find the degrees of freedom of errors and of total number of elements.
- 22. The trend values obtained for the years 1990 and 1994 under the method of least squares are 50.2 and 52.2. find the equation of the trend line?
- 23. Verify whether the given data N=60, (A)=51, (B)=32, (AB)=25 are consistent.
- 24. Write the uses of decision tree.

Part-3

Answer any of the six questions. Question No.29 is compulsory. $6 \times 3 = 18$

- 25. Two cards are drawn at random from a pack of 52 cards. Find the probability that the cards drawn are a king and a queen?
- 26. A player throws a fair die. If a prime number occurs he wins that number of rupees but if a non-prime number occurs he loses that number of rupees. Find the expected gain of the player and conclude.
- 27. In a normal distribution, determine the limits of the central 50% of the area.
- 28. Write a short note on sampling distribution.
- 29. A car company decided to introduce a new car whose mean petrol consumption is claimed to be lower than that of the existing car. A sample of 50 new cars were taken and tested for petrol consumption. It was found that means petrol consumption for the 50 cars was 30km per liter with a standard deviation of 3.5km per liter. Test at 5% level of significance whether the

- company's claim that the new car petrol consumption is 28 km per liter on the average is acceptable.
- 30. A random sample of size 20 from a population gives the sample Standard Deviation of 12. Test the hypothesis that the population Standard Deviation is 9.
- 31. Draw a trend-line with the help of method semi-averages.

| Year | 1996 | 1997 | 1998 | 1999 | 2000 | 2001 | 2002 |
|---------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| Release | 600 | 800 | 1000 | 800 | 1200 | 1000 | 1400 |

32. Find whether A and B are Independent from the following data.

(AB)=256, (
$$\propto$$
B)=768, (A β)=48, (\propto β) =144

33. Expalin 'Hurwicz criterion'.

Part-4

Answer all the questions:-

5×5=25

34. (a) Two cards are drawn at random from a pack of 52 cards. Find the probability that the cards drawn are (i) a diamond and a spade, (ii) a king and a queen and (iii) 2 aces.

(Or)

- (b) In a continuous distribution whose probability density function is given by $f(x) = \frac{3}{4}x(2-x); 0 < x < 2$. Find the expected value of x and standard Deviation.
- 35. (a) X is normally distributed with Mean 12 and standard deviation 4. Find the probability of the following (i) Ps(x>20), (ii) $\{(x<20), (iii) Pss(0<x<12)\}$.

(Or)

(b) Write a detailed note on one tailed and two tailed test.

36. (a) In a referendum submitted to the 'student body' at a university 850 men and 550 women voted. 530 of the men and 310 of the women voted 'yes'. Does this indicate a significant difference of the opinion on the matter between men and women students?

(Or)

(b) 1000 students at college level were graded according to their IQ and the economic conditions of their homes. Use x^2 test to find out whether there is any association between economic condition at home and I.Q.

| Economic Conditions | | Total | |
|---------------------|------|-------|-------|
| Economic Conditions | High | Low | Total |
| Rich | 460 | 140 | 600 |
| Poor | 240 | 160 | 400 |
| Total | 700 | 300 | 1000 |

37. (a) Apply the technique of analysis of variance to the following data relating to yields of varieties of wheat in 3 blocks.

| Varieties | 1 | 2 | 3 |
|-----------|----|---|---|
| I | 10 | 9 | 8 |
| II | 7 | 7 | 6 |
| III | 8 | 5 | 4 |
| IV | 5 | 4 | 4 |

(Or)

(b) Suppose that a decision maker faced with three decision alternatives and four states of nature. Given the following profit pay-off table.

| | States of Nature | | | | | |
|------|------------------|----|----|----|--|--|
| Acts | S1 | S2 | S3 | S4 | | |
| A1 | 16 | 10 | 12 | 7 | | |
| A2 | 13 | 12 | 9 | 9 | | |
| A3 | 11 | 14 | 15 | 14 | | |

Assuming that he has no knowledge of the probabilities of occurrence of the states of nature. Find the decisions to be recommended under each of the following criteria.

(i) maximin (ii) maximax (iii) minimax regret.

38. (a) Calculate three yearly moving average of the following data.

| Year | 1991 | 1992 | 1993 | 1994 | 1995 | 1996 | 1997 | 1998 | 1999 | 2000 |
|-----------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| Number of Students | 15 | 18 | 17 | 20 | 23 | 25 | 29 | 33 | 36 | 40 |

(Or)

(b) Can vaccination be regarded as a preventive measure of small pox from the data given below? of 1482 persons in a locality exposed to small pox 368 in all were attacked Among the 1482 persons 343 had been vaccinated, among those only 35and were attacked.