



0451

**IV Semester LL.M. (Const.) Degree Examination, June/July 2014
Specialization Paper – 7 : LAW OF WRITS**

Duration : 3 Hours

Max. Marks : 80

Instructions : 1. Answer **all** questions.

2. Figures to the **right** indicate marks.

Q. No. 1. (a) “It has been the practice to treat the writ as an extraordinary remedy, for very special cases and only against either a government or other authority of public importance”. Discuss. Marks : 10

OR

“Explain the scope of writ of Habeas Corpus in U.K. and India.

(b) Explain the scope of power under Art. 32 of the Constitution. Marks : 6

OR

Write a note on Quo-Warranto.

Q. No. 2. (a) “A writ can issue despite alternative remedy”. Evaluate. Marks : 10

OR

Explain the compensation jurisprudence evolved by the Supreme Court as a Public Law remedy.

(b) Write a note on Laches. Marks : 6

OR

Explain the justifications for liberalisation of Locus-Standi.

Q. No. 3. (a) Describe the scope of power of the Supreme Court under Article 136 of the Constitution. Marks : 10

OR

Explain provisions relating to writ procedure in High Court of Karnataka.



(b) Explain the process contemplated under Article 32.

Marks : 6

OR

Drafting of writ pleadings.

Q. No. 4. (a) Analyse the grounds available for issue of writs of certiorari and prohibition.

Marks : 10

OR

Critically evaluate the judicial control of administrative action through writ.

(b) Write a note on Mandamus.

Marks : 6

OR

Whether the courts are justified in moulding the relief ?

Q. No. 5. (a) What are the other purposes other than enforcement of fundamental rights for which writs under Art. 226 can be issued ?

Marks : 10

OR

Whether writs can be issued against statutory and non-statutory bodies ?

(b) Write a note on impleading of parties.

Marks : 6

OR

Explain the impact of suppression of facts in writ proceedings.
