

OCTOBER 2013

U/ID 14808/UCQF

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Time : Three hours

Maximum : 100 marks

SECTION A — (10 × 2 = 20 marks)

Answer ALL questions.

Each answer should not exceed 50 words.

1. Define Health.
2. What is meant by socialisation?
3. What do you mean by social etiology?
4. Mention the sources of vital and health statistics.
5. What is the meaning of rehabilitation?
6. Disclose the concept of disease.
7. Give the meaning of folk medicine.
8. Mention the theories of primitive medicine.
9. What are types of hospitals in India?
10. What is meant by Community Health?

SECTION B — (5 × 6 = 30 marks)

Answer ALL questions.

Each answer should not exceed 250 words.

11. (a) Enumerate the relations of medicine to other social institution.

Or

- (b) Community participation as a critical variable in Health Care - Explain.

12. (a) Evaluate the role of family in socialisation.

Or

- (b) Give a short note on social etiology.

13. (a) What are the beliefs associated with diseases?

Or

- (b) Write about the concept of health and disease.

14. (a) List out the characteristics of primitive and folk medicine.

Or

- (b) Elucidate the Magdalan's cultural dimensions of health.

15. (a) Explain the evolution of hospital in India.

Or

(b) Sketch out the role of patient in health care.

SECTION C — (5 × 10 = 50 marks)

Answer ALL questions.

Each answer should not exceed 500 words.

16. (a) Bring out the role and influence of family in health care.

Or

(b) Community participation as a critical variable in health care.

17. (a) Briefly discuss about the components of epidemiology.

Or

(b) Write an essay on natural history of disease.

18. (a) Explain the attitudes and beliefs associated with disease.

Or

(b) Criticise the types of rehabilitation system.

19. (a) Narrate the role of magic in primitive society.

Or

(b) Discuss the theories about primitive medicine.

20. (a) Present a brief account of primary health centres.

Or

(b) Analyse the role of nursing professionals in Health Care.

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