

**BACHELOR OF METALLURGICAL ENGINEERING  
EXAMINATION, 2012**

( 2nd Year, 1st Semester )

**GEOLOGY AND MINERAL BENEFICIATION**

Time : Three Hours

Full Marks - 100

(50 Marks for each Group)

Use a separate Answer-Script for each Part

**Part - I**

**Group - A**

Answer any **5 (Five)**

5x5=25

11. Derive : 10+10
- a) i) Terminal velocity of coarse particles in a suspension.  
ii) The condition required to ensure nip between a pair of rolls
- Describe :
- b) i) Various laws of comminution.  
ii) Functional diagram of a double toggle jaw crusher.
12. i) State the principle of classification. Describe the selective flotation with an example. 8+12  
ii) Describe the different types of Ball Mills.
13. Short notes : 7+7+6
- i) Gyratory crusher  
ii) Wilfley Table  
iii) Wet drum-type magnetic separator

1. Write about internal structure of the Earth. How do you know about internal structure of the Earth? 3+2=5
2. Define mineral and crystal. How does crystallization occur? 3+2=5
3. What is magma? What is rock? Give examples of rock. How does sedimentary rock form? Give example of sedimentary rock. 1+2+2=5
4. Write differences between extrusive and intrusive igneous rocks. Give examples. 4+1=5
5. Write with neat sketches about the types of geometric operation by which homogeneous patterns can be generated. 5

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6. Explain enantiomorphous and glide reflection. What is the difference between symmetry operations and symmetry elements? 3+2=5
7. Write with neat sketches about the rotoinversion operation. 5
8. Write chemical composition and main uses of following minerals :  
Olivine, calcite, feldspar, talc, chromite, serpentine, gypsum, sphalerite, chalcopyrite, galena.

**Group - B**

9. Answer any **Five** questions : 5x5=25
- a) What is 'Clark value'? Is it same for each element? Do you consider the phenomenon of ore deposition as a 'normal' or an 'abnormal' consequence in nature?
- b) Define 'Ore' mineral. Why definition of ore is technology dependent? Discuss why size and quantity of ore are two important parameters to define any ore-deposit.
- c) Discuss briefly about different processes involved in magmatic ore deposit.
- d) What is 'hydrothermal deposit'? What are the factors that control precipitation from hydrothermal solutions?

- e) Discuss about the process of metasomatic replacement. What metal and non-metal resources are probably deposited through metasomatic replacement?
- f) What is 'placer deposit'? Enumerate in detail the basis for differentiating placer deposit.
- g) Why Chromite is considered as 'strategic' mineral? Briefly discuss about the grades and associated rocks of Chromite deposits of India.
- h) Which deposit is considered the principal producer of lead-zinc ore in India? Discuss about the associated rocks, origin and grade of ore of this deposit.

**Part - II**

**Q. No.1** and any **two** questions from the rest

10. i) Distinguish between mineral and ore. 2x5=10
- ii) Write the several factors on which the economy of extraction is dependent.
- iii) Distinguish between comminution and sizing.
- iv) Define concentration and classification.
- v) Distinguish between Angle of nip and contact angle.