

(d) Paramagnetism

(e) Ferromagnetism.

(vii) Write down the basic principle of Holography? Describe Holography.

Write down the application of Holography.

What is extrinsic semiconductor and what is intrinsic semiconductor? 3+5+4+3=15

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**FIRST ENGG. (PRINTING) EXAMINATION, 2007**

(2nd Semester)

**PRINTING MATERIAL SCIENCE – I**

Time : Three hours

Full Marks : 100

1. Answer any 5 questions (Each carry 3 marks). 3×5=15
  - (a) What is surface tension? What is the limit of surface tension?
  - (b) What is viscosity coefficient? What is the limit of it?
  - (c) What do you mean by Holography?
  - (d) What is the difference between conduction and convection?
  - (e) Write down the less of Lasers.
  - (f) Write down the application of Fibre optics.
  
2. Answer all questions. (Each carry 1 mark) 10×1=10
  - (i) What is the limit of Stefan - Boltzmann's constant?
  - (ii) Write down Poiseuille's equation?
  - (iii) What is fluidity?

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- (iv) Write down Stoke's law.
- (v) What is paramagnetic substance?
- (vi) What is forbidden gap in energy band?
- (vii) Give example of piezoelectric materials.
- (viii) What is hysteresis?
- (ix) What is the full form of LASER?
- (x) What are the regions of optical fibre?

3. Answer any 5 quesitons. (Each carry 15 marks)

- (i) Write down the relation between surface tension and temperature. Derive the relation between surface tension and vapor pressure. A drop of water, 0.5 cm in diameter, is split up into 125 times drops. Find the increase in surface energy ( $\nu_{\text{H}_2\text{O}} = 70 \text{ dynes/cm}$ ). 2+6+7=15
- (ii) What is the relation between viscosity and temperature for liquid and gases ?

Heptane ( $\rho=0.72$ ) flows through a viscometer in 60 sec while some volume of water requires 105 sec at 20°C. Calculate the absolute viscosity of heptane if that of water is 0.01002 poise.

What is Reynold's no. ; what is turbulent type of flow?  
4+7+4=15

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- (iii) What do you mean by conduction?

Determine the rate of heat loss Q, through a wall of red brick ( $k = 0.5\text{W/mK}$ ) ; 5 m in length, 4 m in height and 0.2 m in thickness, if the wall surfaces are mentained at 90°C and 30°C respectively. What absorbing power of a substance? What is emission and absorpion of radiation?

2+7+2+4=15

- (iv) Write down the difference between semiconductor and insulator in respect of bond theory. 4

Write down the working principle of laser. 3

Write down the characteristics of laser. 4

Briefly describe stimulated emission of light laser 4

- (v) Write down the specially of optical Fibres. 5

Write down the working principle of optical Fibre. 5

What is acceptance cone and numerical aperture of optical Fibre. 5

- (vi) Write short notes on : (any *three*) 5×3=15

(a) Ferrimagnetism

(b) Hysteresis

(c) Diamagnetism

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