

ENGINEERING KNOWLEDGE TEST (EKT)
COMPUTER SCIENCE STREAM

Instructions for Candidates

Time Allotted: 30 Minutes

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- Q1. If $\sin x + (\sin x)^2 = 1$, then
- (a) $\cos x + (\cos x)^2 = 1$
 - (b) $\cos x - (\cos x)^2 = 1$
 - (c) $(\cos x)^2 - (\cos x) = 1$
 - (d) $(\cos x)^2 + (\cos x)^4 = 1$
- Q2. Each edge of a cube is increased by 50%. The percentage increase in the surface area is
- (a) 50
 - (b) 125
 - (c) 150
 - (d) 300
- Q3. The value of $\log 4 + \log 5 - \log 2$ is
- (a) 1
 - (b) 7
 - (c) 10
 - (d) $9/2$
- Q4. The probability of drawing an ace or a spade or both from a deck of cards is
- (a) $4/52$
 - (b) $13/52$
 - (c) $1/52$
 - (d) $16/52$
- Q5. Let θ be the angle between two vectors a and b, then $\cos \theta$ is equal to
- (a) $\text{mod } a + \text{mod } b$
 - (b) $(a) + \text{mod } b$
 - (c) $\text{mod } (a+b)$
 - (d) $ab / [\text{mod } a \times \text{mod } b]$

- Q6. Pressure is
- (a) scalar
 - (b) vector
 - (c) pseudo vector
 - (d) Poynting vector
- Q7. The force of attraction or repulsion between charges follows
- (a) square law
 - (b) inverse square law
 - (c) both (a) and (b)
 - (d) none of (a) and (b)
- Q8. The force experienced by a conductor of length L carrying current I placed parallel to the magnetic field of flux density B is
- (a) BIL
 - (b) Zero
 - (c) HIL
 - (d) IL/B
- Q9. A wave undergoes reflection from a rigid boundary. One of its characteristic parameters that changes is
- (a) frequency
 - (b) phase
 - (c) velocity
 - (d) wavelength
- Q10. The half-life period of a radioactive element is 140 days . After 560 days one gram of the element will reduce to
- (a) $1/2$ g
 - (b) $1/4$ g
 - (c) $1/8$ g
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- Q11. Which projection shows the object from angles in which the scales along each axis of object are equal
- (a) auxiliary projection
 - (b) isometric projection
 - (c) orthographic projection
 - (d) objective projection

Q12. In binary system the value $(111)_2$ is equal to decimal

- (a) $(7)_{10}$
- (b) $(3)_{10}$
- (c) $(5)_{10}$
- (d) $(8)_{10}$

Q13. when o/p of a flip-flop is used as clock I/p for next flip-flop the counter is called

- (a) ripple counter
- (b) asynchronous counter
- (c) both (a) and (b)
- (d) synchronous counter

Q14. The octal equivalent of $(10011)_2$ is

- (a) $(32)_8$
- (b) $(52)_8$
- (c) $(23)_8$
- (d) None of the above

Q15. Which of the following is used as storage locations both in the ALU and the control section of a computer?

- (a) accumulator
- (b) register
- (c) adder
- (d) decoder

Q16. The Central Processing Unit (CPU) Consists of:

- (a) Input, output and processing units
- (b) Control unit, primary storage, and secondary storage
- (c) Control unit, arithmetic-logic unit, and primary storage
- (d) Control Unit, processing, primary storage

Q17. If some device requires urgent service, normal execution of programs may sometimes be pre-empted using

- (a) an interrupt signal
- (b) a request to memory modules
- (c) DMA
- (d) all of the above

- Q18. The fan-out capability of a digital building block can be defined as
- (a) the number of inputs that one output can transmit to
 - (b) the amount of cooling required for fanning the heat out
 - (c) the number of inputs that can transmit to one input
 - (d) that the unit can scan
- Q19. In computer terminology a compiler means
- (a) a person who computes source programs
 - (b) the same thing as a programmer
 - (c) key punch operator
 - (d) a program which translates source program into object program.
- Q20. The ascending order of a data Hierarchy is :
- (a) bit - bytes - field - record - file – database
 - (b) bit - bytes - record - field - file – database
 - (c) bytes - bit - field - record - file – database
 - (d) bytes - bit - record - field - file – database
- Q21. The processes at the most detailed level of the data flow diagrams are called
- (a) transform descriptions
 - (b) functional primitives
 - (c) data flows
 - (d) interfaces
- Q22. A station in a network forwards incoming packets by placing them on its shortest output queue. What routing algorithm is being used?
- (a) hot potato routing
 - (b) flooding
 - (c) static routing
 - (d) delta routing
- Q23. The action of parsing the source program into the proper syntactic classes is known as
- (a) syntax analysis
 - (b) lexical analysis
 - (c) interpretation analysis
 - (d) general syntax analysis

Q24. An Interpreter is

- (a) a program that places programs into memory and prepares them for execution
- (b) a program that automates the translation of assembly language into machine language
- (c) program that accepts a program written in a high level. language and produces an object program
- (d) is a program that appears to execute a source program as if it were machine language

Q25. A system program that combines the separately compiled modules of a program into a form suitable for execution

- (a) assembler
- (b) linking loader
- (c) cross compiler
- (d) load and go

Q26. A required characteristic of an online real-time system is :

- (a) more than one CPU
- (b) offline batch processing
- (c) no delay in processing
- (d) all of the above

Q27. Banker's algorithm for resource allocation deals with

- (a) deadlock prevention
- (b) deadlock avoidance
- (c) deadlock recovery
- (d) mutual exclusion

Q28. Situations where two or more processes are reading or writing some shared data and the final result depends on who runs precisely when, are called

- (a) race conditions
- (b) critical sections
- (c) mutual exclusions
- (d) message passing

Q29. Which of the following scheduling objectives should be applied to the following: the system should admit jobs to create a mix that will keep most devices busy

- (a) to be fair
- (b) to balance resource utilization
- (c) to obey priorities
- (d) to be predictable

Q30. The master list of an indexed file

- (a) is sorted in ascending order
- (b) contains only a list of keys and record numbers
- (c) has a number assigned to each record
- (d) both (b) and (c)

Q31. In SQL, which command(s) is(are) used to recompile a stored function?

- (a) SET FUNCTION
- (b) SET STORED FUNCTION
- (c) ALTER FUNCTION
- (d) all of the above

Q32. Updating a database means

- (a) revising the file structure
- (b) reorganizing the database
- (c) modifying or adding record occurrences
- (d) all of the above

Q33. The relational model uses some unfamiliar terminology. A tuple is equivalent to a

- (a) record
- (b) field
- (c) file
- (d) database

Q34. What type of software is most useful in financial planning and calculation?

- (a) graphics
- (b) communication
- (c) database
- (d) spreadsheet

Q35. A channel for communicating across a boundary between two or more sub-systems is known as

- (a) interface
- (b) actigram
- (c) walk through
- (d) data path

Q36. System prototyping helps the designer in

- (a) making the programmers understand how the system will function
- (b) communicating to the user, quickly, how the system, when developed, will look and get a feedback
- (c) giving a demo of the software, to the system manager to whom he reports
- (d) both (a) and (b)

Q37. The physical layer, in reference to the OSI model, defines

- (a) data link procedures that provide for the exchange of data via frames that can be sent and received
- (b) the interface between the X.25 network and packet mode device
- (c) the virtual circuit interface to packet-switched service
- (d) all of the above

Q38. Which of the following device copies electrical signals from one Ethernet to another?

- (a) bridge
- (b) repeater
- (c) hub
- (d) passive hub

Q39. Which of the following TCP/IP protocol is used for transferring files from one machine to another?

- (a) RARP
- (b) ARP
- (c) TCP
- (d) FTP

Q40. What does the acronym ISDN stand for?

- (a) Indian Standard Digital Network
- (b) Integrated Services Digital Network
- (c) Intelligent Services Digital Network
- (d) Integrated Services Data Network

Q41. Four bits are used for packet sequence numbering in a sliding window protocol used in a computer network. What is the maximum window size?

- (a) 4
- (b) 8
- (c) 15
- (d) 16

Q42. If you get both local and remote echoes, every character you type will appear on the screen

- (a) once
- (b) twice
- (c) three times
- (d) never

Q43. Voice signal frequency may lie anywhere between

- (a) 0 to 20 KHz
- (b) 0 to 1 MHz
- (c) 15 Hz to 15 KHz
- (d) none of these

Q44. PWM signal can be generated by

- (a) a monostable multivibrator
- (b) an astable multivibrator
- (c) integrating PPM signal
- (d) differentiating PPM signal

Q45. What part of the transformer is subjected to maximum heating

- (a) core
- (b) winding
- (c) oil
- (d) frame

Q46. The servo motor differs from ordinary motor in that it has

- (a) low inertia & high torque
- (b) high inertia & high torque
- (c) low inertia & low torque
- (d) high inertia & low torque

Q47. The speed of DC motor is

- (a) always constant
- (b) directly proportional to back emf
- (c) directly proportional to flux
- (d) inversely proportional to the product of back emf and flux

Q48. Negative feedback reduces-----in amplifiers

- (a) signal
- (b) amplification
- (c) distortion
- (d) none of the above

Q49. Whenever the two inputs are same the output is high for

- (a) EX-OR
- (b) EX-NOR
- (c) NOR
- (d) NAND

Q50. A hard disk is divided into tracks which are further subdivided into

- (a) clusters
- (b) sectors
- (c) vectors
- (d) heads

ENGINEERING KNOWLEDGE TEST (EKT)
ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONICS STREAM

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- (a) auxiliary projection
 - (b) isometric projection
 - (c) orthographic projection
 - (d) objective projection

- Q12. A charge of 2 coulombs every 0.5 sec signifies
- (a) 4 A of current
 - (b) 1A of current
 - (c) 2A of current
 - (d) none of these
- Q13. Transformer is a device used for
- (a) converting AC to DC
 - (b) for stepping down AC Voltages
 - (c) both stepping up/down AC Voltages
 - (d) only stepping up AC Voltages
- Q14. In order to get back the original signal from sampled signal , It is necessary to use
- (a) low pass filter
 - (b) high pass filter
 - (c) band pass filter
 - (d) band reject filter
- Q15. Superposition theorem can be applied only to circuits having elements
- (a) non-linear
 - (b) passive
 - (c) linear bilateral
 - (d) resistive
- Q16. Negative feedback reduces-----in amplifiers
- (a) signal
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 - (c) distortion
 - (d) none of the above
- Q17. Whenever the two inputs are same the output is high for
- (a) EX-OR
 - (b) EX-NOR
 - (c) NOR
 - (d) NAND

- Q18. In digital Electronics a nibble is a collection of
- (a) 4 bits
 - (b) 2 bits
 - (c) 8 bits
 - (d) 10 bits
- Q19. If both $R=1$ and $S=1$ in RS Flip Flop then Q is
- (a) last value
 - (b) set
 - (c) reset
 - (d) forbidden
- Q20. Ideal OP Amp's input resistance is
- (a) zero
 - (b) 100 k ohms
 - (c) Infinite
 - (d) 15 k ohm
- Q21. A hard disk is divided into tracks which are further subdivided into
- (a) clusters
 - (b) sectors
 - (c) vectors
 - (d) heads
- Q22. Pentavalent impurities gives rise to more number of
- (a) electrons in valence band
 - (b) electrons in conduction band
 - (c) holes in valence band
 - (d) holes in conduction band
- Q23. A Varactor diode may be advantageous at microwave frequencies
- (a) for electronic tuning
 - (b) as an oscillator
 - (c) as a parametric amplifier
 - (d) for frequency multiplication

- Q24. When used in a circuit , a zener diode is always
- (a) forward biased
 - (b) connected in series
 - (c) troubled by overheating
 - (d) reverse biased
- Q25. The output from a laser is monochromatic , this means that it is
- (a) infrared
 - (b) polarised
 - (c) narrow beam
 - (d) single frequency
- Q26. In pneumatic control system, compensation is provided by
- (a) bimetallic strip
 - (b) extension tube
 - (c) restriction volume tube
 - (d) none of the above
- Q27. The main drawback of a feedback system is
- (a) large time delay
 - (b) inefficiency
 - (c) inaccuracy
 - (d) unreliability
- Q28. In an open loop control system
- (a) control action is independent of the output
 - (b) control action depends upon human judgment
 - (c) internal system changes are automatically taken care of
 - (d) both (a) and (b)
- Q29. Which of the following cannot be used to measure temperature
- (a) thermocouple
 - (b) thermistor
 - (c) pyrometer
 - (d) thyristor

Q30. Poles are the complex frequencies of a transfer function where the response becomes

- (a) infinite
- (b) zero
- (c) oscillatory
- (d) decaying

Q31. The impulse response of an R-L circuit is a

- (a) rising exponential function
- (b) decaying exponential function
- (c) step function
- (d) parabolic function

Q32. The conversion of a signal representation from time domain to frequency domain is given by

- (a) Fourier transform
- (b) Shannon transform
- (c) inverse Fourier transform
- (d) inverse Laplace transform

Q33. The sampling theorem states that for a band limited signal of max frequency component f_m

- (a) $f_s \geq 2f_m$
- (b) $f_s \leq 2f_m$
- (c) $f_s < 2f_m$
- (d) $f_s = f_m$

Q34. Voice signal frequency may lie anywhere between

- (a) 0 to 20 KHz
- (b) 0 to 1 MHz
- (c) 15 Hz to 15 KHz
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Q35. Higher beamwidth of antenna implies

- (a) higher directivity
- (b) lesser directivity
- (c) higher bandwidth
- (d) lower bandwidth

- Q36. PWM signal can be generated by
- (a) a monostable multivibrator
 - (b) an astable multivibrator
 - (c) integrating PPM signal
 - (d) differentiating PPM signal
- Q37. In broadcast receiver most of the selectivity is achieved in
- (a) IF section
 - (b) RF section
 - (c) audio stage
 - (d) mixer
- Q38. The IF bandwidth of a radar receiver is inversely proportional to the
- (a) pulse width
 - (b) PRF
 - (c) pulse Interval
 - (d) square root of peak transmitted power
- Q39. Quantizing noise occurs in
- (a) TDM
 - (b) FDM
 - (c) PCM
 - (d) PWM
- Q40. In order to separate channels in a FDM receiver it is necessary to use
- (a) AND gates
 - (b) OR gates
 - (c) integration
 - (d) band pass filter
- Q41. The physical layer, in reference to the OSI model, defines
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Q45. The following is measure of reproducibility in a measurement

- (a) resolution
- (b) drift
- (c) precision
- (d) fidelity

Q46. What part of the transformer is subjected to maximum heating

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Q48. The speed of DC motor is

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- (b) directly proportional to back emf
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Q49. Which of the following DC generator cannot build up in an open circuit

- (a) shunt
- (b) series
- (c) short shunt
- (d) long shunt

Q50. The armature circuit resistance of DC generator is closest to

- (a) 1 ohms
- (b) 4π ohms
- (c) 1000 ohms
- (d) 20,000 ohms

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Q11. Specify the sequence correctly

- (a) grain growth, recrystallisation, stress relief
- (b) stress relief, grain growth, recrystallisation
- (c) stress relief, recrystallisation, grain growth
- (d) grain growth, stress relief, recrystallisation

- Q12. An eutectoid steel consists of
- (a) wholly pearlite
 - (b) wholly austenite
 - (c) pearlite and ferrite
 - (d) pearlite and cementite
- Q13. Cast iron is a
- (a) ductile material
 - (b) malleable material
 - (c) brittle material
 - (d) tough material
- Q14. The percentage of carbon in cast iron varies from
- (a) 0.1 to 0.5
 - (b) 0.5 to 1
 - (c) 1 to 1.7
 - (d) 1.7 to 4.5
- Q15. The hardness of steel depends upon the
- (a) amount of cementite it contains
 - (b) amount of carbon it contains
 - (c) contents of alloying elements
 - (d) method of manufacture of steel
- Q16. Blast furnace is used to produce
- (a) pig iron
 - (b) cast iron
 - (c) wrought iron
 - (d) steel
- Q17. For a constant volume process, work done is
- (a) zero
 - (b) positive
 - (c) negative
 - (d) none of the above

Q18. Two balls of equal mass and of perfectly elastic material are lying on the floor. One of the balls with velocity v is made to strike the second ball. Both the balls after impact will move with a velocity

- (a) V
- (b) $v/2$
- (c) $v/4$
- (d) $v/8$

Q19. The velocity ratio in case of an inclined plane inclined at angle θ to the horizontal and weight being pulled up the inclined plane by vertical effort is

- (a) $\sin \theta$
- (b) $\cos \theta$
- (c) $\tan \theta$
- (d) $\operatorname{cosec} \theta$

Q20. Internal gears can be made by

- (a) hobbing
- (b) shaping with pinion cutter
- (c) shaping with rack cutter
- (d) milling

Q21. Cast iron during machining produces

- (a) continuous chips
- (b) discontinuous chips
- (c) continuous chips with built-up-edge
- (d) none of these

Q22. In ideal machines, mechanical advantage is _____ velocity ratio.

- (a) equal to
- (b) less than
- (c) greater than
- (d) any of the above

Q23. Gantt chart is used for

- (a) inventory control
- (b) material handling
- (c) production schedule
- (d) machine repair schedules

Q24. The value of bulk modulus of a fluid is required to determine

- (a) Reynold's number
- (b) Froude's number
- (c) Mach number
- (d) Euler's number

Q25. In one dimensional flow, the flow

- (a) is steady and uniform
- (b) takes place in straight line
- (c) takes place in curve
- (d) takes place in one direction

Q26. In second type of levers,

- (a) load is in between the fulcrum and effort
- (b) effort is in between the fulcrum and load
- (c) fulcrum is in between the load and effort
- (d) none of these

Q27. In a flange coupling, the flanges are coupled together by means of

- (a) bolts and nuts
- (b) studs
- (c) headless taper bolts
- (d) none of these

Q28. A compound pipe of diameter d_1 , d_2 and d_3 having lengths l_1 , l_2 and l_3 is to be replaced by an equivalent pipe of uniform diameter d and of the same length (l) as that of the compound pipe. The size of the equivalent pipe is given by

- (a) $\frac{1}{d^2} = \frac{1}{d_1^2} + \frac{2}{d_2^2} + \frac{3}{d_3^2}$
- (b) $\frac{1}{d^3} = \frac{1}{d_1^3} + \frac{2}{d_2^3} + \frac{3}{d_3^3}$
- (c) $\frac{1}{d^4} = \frac{1}{d_1^4} + \frac{2}{d_2^4} + \frac{3}{d_3^4}$
- (d) $\frac{1}{d^5} = \frac{1}{d_1^5} + \frac{2}{d_2^5} + \frac{3}{d_3^5}$

Q29. A systematic job improvement sequence will consist of

- (a) motion study
- (b) time study
- (c) job enrichment
- (d) all of these

- Q30. Euler's formula holds good only for
- (a) short columns
 - (b) long columns
 - (c) both short and long columns
 - (d) weak columns
- Q31. The object of caulking in a riveted joint is to make the joint
- (a) free from corrosion
 - (b) stronger in tension
 - (c) free from stresses
 - (d) leak-proof
- Q32. Refrigeration works on
- (a) Otto cycle
 - (b) Diesel cycle
 - (c) Carnot cycle
 - (d) Reverse Carnot cycle
- Q33. Compression members always tend to buckle in the direction of the
- (a) axis of load
 - (b) perpendicular to the axis of load
 - (c) minimum cross section
 - (d) least radius of gyration
- Q34. A thin spherical shell of diameter (d) and thickness (t) is subjected to an internal pressure (p). The stress in the shell material is
- (a) pd/t
 - (b) $pd/2t$
 - (c) $pd/4t$
 - (d) $pd/8t$
- Q35. In a vibrating system, if the actual damping coefficient is 40 N/m/s and critical damping coefficient is 420 N/m/s, then logarithmic decrement is equal to
- (a) 0.2
 - (b) 0.4
 - (c) 0.6
 - (d) 0.8

Q36. For high speed engines, the cam follower should move with

- (a) uniform velocity
- (b) simple harmonic motion
- (c) uniform acceleration and retardation
- (d) cycloidal motion

Q37. If ω/ω_n is very high for a body vibrating under steady state vibrations, the phase angle for all values of damping factors, will tend to approach

- (a) 0°
- (b) 90°
- (c) 180°
- (d) 360°

Q38. When the relation between the controlling force (F_c) and radius of rotation (r) for a spring controlled governor is $F_c = ar + b$, then the governor will be

- (a) stable
- (b) unstable
- (c) isochronous
- (d) none of these

Q39. The maximum or minimum value of the swaying couple is

- (a) $\pm c.m. \omega^2 r$
- (b) $\pm a(1 - c)m \omega^2 r$
- (c) $\pm \frac{a}{\sqrt{2}}(1 - c)m \omega^2 r$
- (d) $\pm 2a(1 - c)m \omega^2 r$

Q40. The frictional torque transmitted in a flat pivot bearing with assumption of uniform pressure is _____ as compared to uniform wear.

- (a) Less
- (b) more
- (c) same
- (d) any of the above

Q41. A cycle consisting of one constant pressure, one constant volume and two isentropic processes is known as

- (a) Carnot cycle
- (b) Stirling cycle
- (c) Otto cycle
- (d) Diesel cycle

- Q42. The compressed air may be used
- (a) in gas turbine plants
 - (b) for operating pneumatic drills
 - (c) in starting and supercharging of I.C. engines
 - (d) all of the above
- Q43. The stagnation pressure rise in a centrifugal compressor takes place
- (a) in the diffuser only
 - (b) in the impeller only
 - (c) in the diffuser and impeller
 - (d) in the inlet guide vanes only
- Q44. In a jet propulsion
- (a) the propulsive matter is ejected from within the propelled body
 - (b) the propulsive matter is caused to flow around the propelled body
 - (c) its functioning does not depend upon presence of air
 - (d) none of the above
- Q45. Which of the following statement is wrong?
- (a) In a two stage reciprocating air compressor with complete intercooling, maximum work is saved.
 - (b) The minimum work required for a two stage reciprocating air compressor is double the work required for each stage.
 - (c) The ratio of the volume of free air delivery per stroke to the swept volume of the piston is called volumetric efficiency.
 - (d) none of the above
- Q46. Intercooling in multi-stage compressors is done
- (a) to cool the air during compression
 - (b) to cool the air at delivery
 - (c) to enable compression in two stages
 - (d) to minimise the work of compression
- Q47. The ratio of work done per cycle to the stroke volume of the compressor is known as
- (a) compressor capacity
 - (b) compression ratio
 - (c) compressor efficiency
 - (d) mean effective pressure

Q48. The accuracy of micrometers, calipers, dial indicators can be checked by a

- (a) feeler gauge
- (b) slip gauge
- (c) ring gauge
- (d) plug gauge

Q49. Which resistive component is designed to be temperature sensitive?

- (a) thermistor
- (b) rheostat
- (c) potentiometer
- (d) photoconductive cell

Q50. In oblique projection, important shapes should be in this position relative to the viewing plane:

- (a) parallel
- (b) perpendicular
- (c) adjacent
- (d) rotated