MODEL QUESTION PAPER FOR VALUATION EXAMINATION Asset Class: PLANT & MACHINERY

1. service	The price elasticity of demand measures the change in the quantity demanded of a in relation to a change in its price when nothing but the changes.
	a) price
	b) cost
	c) quality
Ans.(a	d) value
2.	Other things remaining same, the law of demand states
	a) the higher the price, the lower the quantity demandedb) the higher the price, the higher the quantity demanded
	c) the higher the price, the lower the quantity supplied
	d) the higher the price, the ligher the quantity demanded
Ans.(a)	
3.	A market which has only one seller selling a homogeneous product to many buyers, is as
11110 1111	a) Monopoly
	b) Oligopolistic
	c) Perfect Competition
	d) Monopolist Competition
Ans.(a)	
4.	Which of the following statements is not true about factors of production?
	a) Land means natural resources.
	b) Labour means human resources.
	c) Capital means financial resources.
	d) Entrepreneurship means pursuit of opportunity beyond resources controlled.
Ans.(c)	
5.	Which of the following is not true about Ricardian theory of rent?
	a) Rent increases with increase in population.
	b) Rent is surplus above cost.
	c) Rent is unearned income.
. (1	d) Rent arises only in the short run.
Ans.(d)
6.	Which of the following is not correct about functions of money?
	a) It is a medium of exchange.
	b) It is a measure of economic power.
	c) It is a standard of deferred payments.
A (1-	d) It is a store of value.
Ans.(b)
7.	Which of the following is not a cause of demand-pull inflation?
	a) Increase in wages and salaries
	b) Increase in Government spending

	d) Increase in exports
Ans.(
8.	If a person has an income of Rs.30000 and his consumption is Rs.10000, then his
prope	ensity to save is
	a) 1.33
	b) 0.33 c) 0.67
	d) 1.50
Ans.(
9.	Which of the following is an example of secondary sector of an economy?
	a) Mining
	b) Forestry
	c) Food Processing
	d) Pisciculture
Ans.(c)
10.	How are Gross Domestic Product (GDP) and Gross National Product (GNP) related? a) $GNP = GDP - NR + NP$
	b) $GNP = GDP + NR - NP$
	c) $GNP = GDP + EX - IM$
	d) GNP = GDP - EX + IM
Ans.(b)
11.	In double entry system, accounts are primarily classified in to
	a) Receiver account & Giver account
	b) Income account & Expenses account
	c) Real account & Nominal account
A a (d) Personal Account & Impersonal account
Ans.((d)
12.	Discount received is recorded on which side of a cash book?
	a) Receipts
	b) Payments c) Income
	d) Expense
Ans.(· · ·
13.	For a real estate construction company, which of the following are not part of Profit
	Loss Statement?
	a) Revenue from apartment sales
	b) Interest paid to lenders
	c) Cash deposited in bank
	d) Depreciation expense
Ans.(c)
14.	Proposed dividend is shown in the Balance Sheet of a company under the head a) provisions

	b) reserves and surplus c) current liabilities d) other liabilities
Ans.(a	
15.	Difference between variable cost per unit and selling price can be classified as
margı	n per unit. a) contribution b) gross c) net d) profit
Ans.(a	, <u>-</u>
16.	Right to property is a right. a) fundamental b) statutory c) constitutional d) human
Ans.(c	
17.	Which of the following is not a requirement of a contract? a) Competent Parties b) Free Consent c) Legal Object d) Adequate Consideration
Ans.(c	
18.	Performance of contract is one of the methods to a) create a new contract b) set-aside a contract c) make a contract void d) discharge a contract
Ans.(c	
19. comm	In case of a, the duty is one imposed by the law and is owed to the unity at large. a) contingent contract b) cecile agreement c) government tender d) tort
Ans.(c	,
20. hold the	As per section 36 of the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016, the liquidator shall he liquidation estate a) as an agent of debtor b) as an agent of committee of creditors c) as a fiduciary for the benefit of all the creditors d) as a fiduciary for the benefit of all the stakeholders e)

21.	Section 231 (2) of the Companies Act, 2013 empowers a tribunal to, if it
is sat	isfied that the compromise sanctioned under section 230 cannot be implemented
satisfa	actorily, and the company is unable to pay its debts as per the scheme.
	a) wind up the company
	b) restructure the debt
	c) call for rearrangement
	d) replace the management
Ans.(a	, -
7 1115.(6	u)
22.	In a right skewed frequency distribution,
	a) mean is typically greater than the median
	b) mean is typically less than the median
	c) mean is typically less than the mode
	d) mean is equal to mode which is equal to median
Ans.(a	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
71113.(6	u)
23.	When numbers are associated with weights, then obtained mean is said to be
	a) weighted arithmetic mean
	b) harmonic mean
	c) standard mean
	d) geometric mean
Ans.(a	, -
24.	If two events A and B are mutually exclusive, the probability of occurrence of either A
or B i	S
	a) difference between individual probabilities of A and B
	b) sum of the individual probabilities of A and B
	c) always 1
	d) one minus sum of the probabilities of A and B
Ans.(1	•
25.	Gradual shifting of a time series over a long period of time is called as
	a) periodicity
	b) cycle
	c) regression
	d) trend
Ans.(
	,
26.	Technology that permits safe, efficient, and inexpensive clean-up of contaminants in
prope	rty tends to minimise in asset value.
1 1	a) decrease
	b) increase
	c) fluctuations
	d) variations
Ans.(a	
Alls.(6	a)
27.	Which planning provision is required around the battery limit of industry and for
	try having odour problem?
	a) No development zone
	b) Green belt

	c) Special permission zone d) Industrial regulation zone	
Ans.(b	,	
28.	Which of the following is not covered under the Indian Forest Act, 1927? a) Reserved forest b) Village forest c) Protected forest d) Prohibited forest	
Ans.(d	,	
29.	Which of the following legislations does not provide for pollution control? a) The Water (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, 1974 b) The Air (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, 1974 c) The Environment (Protection) Act, 1986 d) The Technology (Transfer of Abuse) Act, 2007	
Ans.(d		
30. decisio	A valuer shall act with objectivity in his professional dealings by ensuring that his ons are made a) without the presence of any bias b) with coercion c) with confidence d) with undue influence of any party	
Ans.(a)		
31. A valuer, while respecting the confidentiality of information acquired during the course of performing professional services, shall maintain proper working papers for a period of		
	a) 3 years b) 2 years or such shorter period as required in its contract for a specific valuation c) 3 years or such longer period as required in its contract for a specific valuation d) 2 years	
Ans.(c)		
32.	Integrity of registered valuer is seriously affected by a) being honest b) being straightforward c) misrepresenting any facts or situations d) ignoring public interest	
Ans.(c)		
33.	Which of the following is not a duty of the valuer? a) To verify ownership in document and occupancy on actual site b) To identify plot number in document as well as on-site c) To be responsible for correctness of survey findings by his assistant d) To investigate title of the property to be valued	
Ans.(d		

34.	Which of following activity is not the role of a valuer?
b) c)	Physical verification Estimation of replacement cost new Market survey Preparation of balance sheet
Ans. (d)
35.	Amount appearing in the schedule of fixed assets of balance sheet is
b) c)	Gross book value Salvage value Scrap value Worth
Ans. (a	a)
36.	A movable article used to make a room suitable for working can be classified as
b) c)	Plant Machinery Furniture Vehicle
Ans (c)
37.	Which one of the following value represents value in exchange?
b) c)	Insurable value Market value Use value Indemnity value
Ans (b	
38.	Utility is the only value ingredient for following property
	Investment property Marketable non-investment property Service property Business assets
Ans (c)
39.	Which of following aspect may be considered as legal aspect affecting value of asset?
a)	Capacity

c)	Capital cost Raw material shortage Custom duty
Ans (d	
40.	Which of the following source is most reliable source pertaining to specification of ne?
b) c)	Internet Equipment catalogue Invoice Maintenance schedule
Ans (b)
41. known	Number of years for which a new asset is profitably used for its intended purpose is as
b) c)	Economic life Normal useful life Age Physical life
Ans (a)
42.	Useful life of an asset is affected by which of the following?
b) c)	Cost Replacement cost Wear and tear Net Book Value
Ans (c)
43.	Which of the following is considered to estimate net book value?
a)b)c)d)	Gross book value Reinstatement value Replacement Cost New Market Value
Ans (a)
44.	Which of the following building structure is treated as plant and machinery?
a) b)	Water tank for township Roads

c)	Sewer	
d)	Chimney to boiler	
Ans (d		
15	Which of the following is basis for abouting domination under the Income Toy Act	
45. 1961?	Which of the following is basis for charging depreciation under the Income Tax Act,	
1701.		
a)	Block of asset	
,	Item wise	
,	Replacement Cost New	
	Residual value	
Ans (a)	
4.6		
46.	Unit of maximum production according to the manufacturer's specification of nent is known as	
equipii	hent is known as	
- \	To de 11 a di nome si des	
,	Installed capacity Actual production	
	Licensed capacity	
	Utilization capacity	
/	constants of the same of the s	
Ans (a		
Tins (a	,	
47.	Valuing all machines individually out of group of machines in a plant is known as	
a)	Part	
,	Fraction	
,	Whole	
d)	Part and Fraction	
Ans (b		
40		
48.	Lowest value possible for a business is indicated by the	
	net book value of the assets appearing in balance sheet	
	business enterprise value	
	liquidation value of the net tangible assets value of intangible assets	
u)	value of intaligible assets	
A == (
Ans (c	Ans (c)	
49.	Which of the following approaches is generally used while valuing specialized plant	
	achinery?	

Market Income Cost Sales comparison
Income Cost
Cost
Which of the following is a direct cost component of replacement cost?
Material cost
Finance charges
Legal fees
License fees
Damage caused to an asset naturally as a result of aging is known as
wear and tear
economic obsolescence
functional obsolescence
operating obsolescence
Which of following depreciation methods has equal amount of depreciation worked ar wise?
Straight line
Reducing balance
Sum of years digits method
Iowa Curve
Date of commissioning of a new plant is useful for which of the purposes in valuation
)

Ans (a)	
54.	Depreciation caused to Machine in addition to physical wear and tear is known as
b)	straight line depreciation depreciation due to usage written down value obsolescence
Ans (d	
55.	Potential income means
b) c)	income that an enterprise is capable of earning projected revenue actual income earned by an enterprise going-concern value
Ans (a	
56.	Which of the following represents limitation of cost approach?
b) c)	Quantifying depreciation for wear and tear Cannot quantify economic obsolescence Quantifying technological obsolescence Estimation of replacement cost
Ans (b))
57. assets	In which of following method valuer adjusts prices paid for comparables with subject to estimate value of subject asset?
a)b)c)d)	Depreciated replacement cost method Discounted cash flow Rule of thumb method Sales comparison method
Ans (d	
58. follow	Data collection by market approach does not normally include collecting one of the ing?
a) b) c)	Technical specifications Fixed Asset Register Date of installation

d)	Income attributable to the asset
Ans (d)
59.	Which of the approaches is used by a valuer to determine present value of future smic benefits of owning the property?
c)	Income Cost Market Rule of thumb
Ans (a)
60.	Valuing assets by estimating net present value of future cash flows is known as
f) g)	capitalization of earnings method discounted cash flow method sales comparison method future cash flow method
Ans (b)
61.	Discounted Cash Flow technique is based on
b) c)	Scrap value Present value of expected cash flow at a discount rate Stigma value Replacement cost new
Ans (b)
62.	To focus major items during site visit is known as
c)	ABC analysis Balance sheet study Market research Reconciliation of data received
Ans (a)
63.	Which of following are treated as buildings in a valuation exercise?

b) c)	Roads Foundation of machine Supporting steel structures for a boiler Fixtures
Ans (a	n)
64.	The current cost of brand new process plant is available in terms of
b) c)	capacity per day second hand price repair cost cost to cure
Ans (a	n)
65. not av	Which of criterion is used to determine replacement cost new when cost of replica is ailable?
b) c)	Like kind and type Use historical cost of subject machine as replacement cost new Use historical cost of comparable machine as replacement cost new Use net book value of subject machine as a proxy of replacement cost
Ans (a	\mathbf{a})
66. specif	Which of the following is reason for varying prices of machines with same technical ications?
,	Brand name Climatic conditions Obsolescence Depreciation
Ans (a	n)
67.	Which of following factor is relevant while adopting cost approach?
a) b) c) d)	Weighted average of Capital

Ans (d)

68.	Which of following factor is considered while adopting income approach?
b) c)	Income history Replacement cost new Asking price of comparable Depreciation for wear and tear
Ans (a)
69. the equ	Which one of following is a contract between owner of equipment and one who uses aipment?
b) c)	Term deposit Recurring deposit Leasing Sale agreement
Ans (c	
70.	It is an obligation of supplier of equipment in supplier's credit type leasing transaction
b) c)	to provide equipment to pay for principal amount to pay for interest on principal amount to make hypothecation of equipment
Ans (a)
71.	Law of bailment is applicable only to
b) c)	land building movable property goodwill
Ans (c)
72. follow	Risk and reward of ownership of asset is transferred to lessee in which of the ing type of lease?
b)	Finance Operating Sale and lease-back

d) Specialized service lease			
Ans (a)			
73. Who identifies a machine under lease?			
 a) Lessee b) Lessor c) Lessor suggests machine suitable to lessee d) Lessee suggests machine suitable to lessor 			
Ans (a)			
74. A set of self-made and mutually acceptable terms of a transaction consistent with law is known as			
 a) lease transaction b) liabilities of lessee c) liabilities of lessor d) lease agreement 			
Ans (d)			
75. In which type of lease, lessees recognise assets and liabilities in their balance sheets?			
a) Financeb) Operatingc) Partial payment leased) Specialized service lease			
Ans (a)			
76. Which of the following type of risk is considered as a default risk?			
 a) Economy risk b) Interest rate risk c) Purchase power risk d) Currency risk 			
Ans (a)			

77. assets	Which of following approach is normally used for valuation of plant and machinery for leasing?
b) c)	Income Cost Market Cost and Market
Ans (a	
78.	Bed length is one of factor used for quoting prices for which of the following ne?
b) c)	Lathe Milling Grinder Hacksaw
Ans (a	
79. value	In which of following purposes of valuation, replacement cost new is considered as of asset?
a) b) c) d)	Auction Collateral security Purchase price allocation Insurance
Ans (d	
80. asset e	Which one of following is defined as amount by which the carrying amount of an exceeds its recoverable amount?
b)	Scrap value Market value Salvage value Impairment loss
Ans (d	
81. by ow:	Which of the following case law indicates that machines fastened to floor of a factory ner is part of land?

a) Holland Vs. Hodgson
b) CIT Vs. Hindustan Polymers Ltd.
c) Sunil Synchem Vs. CIT
d) CIT Vs. Lucas Tvs. Ltd.

Ans (a)

- 82. Which of the following is not an essential feature for contract of sale?
 - a) Presence of two parties
 - b) Sale of goods
 - c) Consideration in terms of price
 - d) Unconditional contract

Ans (d)

- 83. Which one of the following industry is under compulsory licensing on account of environmental, safety and strategic considerations?
 - a) Dairy
 - b) Light engineering
 - c) Telecommunications
 - d) Brewing of alcoholic drinks

Ans (d)

- 84. Which one of following is defined as engine, motor or other appliance which generates or provides power under the Factories Act, 1948?
 - a) Electricity
 - b) Prime mover
 - c) Manufacturing
 - d) Instrument

Ans (b)

- 85. Which one of following peril is an add on cover in a standard fire insurance policy?
 - a) Earthquake

,	Riots Storm
Ans (a)
86. is as po	When amount of insurance is less than the value of machinery damaged a loss payable er
b) c)	sum insured reinstatement value reported condition of average indemnity value
Ans (c	
87. a loss i	The first step to be followed for procedure to be adopted to obtain claim amount after is
b) c)	claim preparation paying salary to staff paying off the creditors company closure
Ans (a)
88.	The fundamental principles on which insurance works is,
b) c)	sum insured indemnity insurable interest utmost good faith
Ans (d	
89. known	Equipment arranged in a sequence as per requirement of articles to be manufactured is as
b)	process layout product layout combined layout

b) Aircraft damage

d)	project layout
Ans (b	
90.	Process flow charts help us understand
	a) raw material
	b) finished product
	c) equipment specification
	d) sequence of process
Ans (d	
91.	Tailor stitching a shirt for a customer falls undermethod of manufacture.
b)	Job Batch Flow Lean
Ans (a)
92.	Blast furnace is used in following industry-
b) c)	Steel Telecom Food processing Textile
Ans (a)
93. anothe	Which of the following equipment is used for transferring heat from one fluid to er?
b) c)	Heat exchangers Centrifugal machines Hot air generator Incinerator
Ans (a	
94.	A note on exclusion of site investigation for contamination of Valuation site if any sin section of the report.

- a) Transmittal letter
- b) Valuation methodology
- c) Valuation procedures
- d) Assumptions

Ans (d)

95-100. Read the following passage and answer questions that follows (6x1 = 6 marks)

You are given a valuation assignment to value a vehicle being a bulker for bank finance, proposed to be purchased by Mr. Y. Mr. X had purchased the vehicle for Rs.30 lakh in January 2014. Current cost of brand new vehicle after considering negotiation discount in new condition is Rs.33 lakh as per dealer of vehicle. Your survey indicated that:

- (i) recently similar vehicle with exactly similar mileage and model was sold for Rs.17 lakh
- asking prices for similar vehicles is Rs.18 lakh. (ii)

Based on your discussions with suppliers of vehicle and your own analysis, total economic life of vehicle is considered as 10 years, if vehicle is used for commercial use similar to the subject vehicle under valuation. Mr. X informed Mr. Y that Mr. X would be required to spend about Rs.2 lakh for repairs to the body of vehicle and replacement of worn out tyres. Your discussions with the mechanic indicated that the quote for repairs given by Mr. Y is reasonable and vehicle sold recently did not require repairs as compared to the subject vehicle. Book value of the vehicle as at valuation date is Rs.15.75 lakh. Your research has indicated that index for light, medium and heavy commercial vehicles in January 2014 is 111.6 and as at Valuation Date is 113.2.

95.	Historical cost of vehicle is Rs	lakh.
a)	30	

- b) 33
- c) 18
- d) 19

Ans (a)

96. Replacement cost new of vehicle is Rs. ___lakh.

- a) 33
- b) 30.43
- c) 18
- d) 19

Ans (a)

Depreciation for vehicle by straight line method, considering age of vehicle as 4 years 97. and salvage value as 5% is Rs. ___lakh.

b)	11.56
c)	6.84
d)	7.22
Ans (a	
98.	Depreciation of vehicle considering cost of repairs is Rslakh
a)	14.54
b)	13.56
c)	8.84
,	9.22
Ans (a	
99.	Depreciated replacement cost of vehicle after considering repair cost is Rslakh.
a)	18.46
b)	16.87
c)	9.16
,	9.78
Ana (a	
Ans (a	
100.	Fair Market Value of Vehicle for bank finance is Rslakh.
a)	18.46
b)	16.87
c)	15.75
d)	16
A 23	
Ans (d	

a) 12.54