

INTSO EDUCATION

SCIENCE TALENT SEARCH OLYMPIAD (STSO) 2015-16

STAGE - 2 TIME

: 60 min.

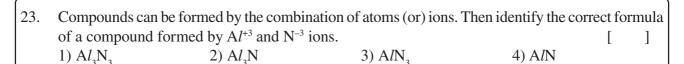
CLASS: IV Max. Marks : 50

Instru	actions:			
\Rightarrow	Fill the OMR sheet completely and carefully.			
<i>□</i> >	Each question carries one mark and has only one correct answer. ¹ / ₄ (one fourth) marks will be deducted for indicating incorrect response of each question.			
□ >	The question paper contains 50 questions to be answered in 60 minutes.			
	DIIVOLOG			

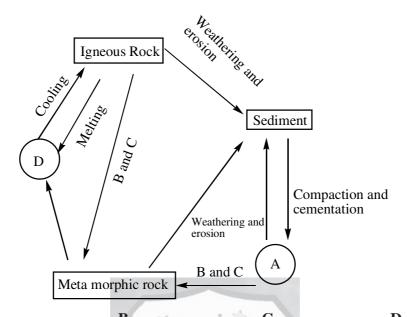
	PHYSICS					
1.	Among the following, (1) flowing river	example to object posses 2) rolling rock	ss potential energy 3) moving train	4) water store	[ed in da] am
2.	The force which is used 1) fulcrum	d to lift the weight is call 2) load	led 3) effort	4) none of the	[ese]
3.	The basic number of ty 1) 2	pes of simple machines (2) 3	are 3) 5	4) 6	[]
4.	The shadow of an object 1) same	ct is formed on 2) opposite	side of the light sou 3) upper	rce 4) down	[]
5.	Punchining machine is 1) first class 3) third class	atype of lev	ver 2) second class 4) it is not a simple made	chine	[]
6.	A staircase is an examp 1) wedge	ole of 2) inclined plane	3) pulley	4) screw	[]
7.	At what time of the following 1) At 9 am	lowing, the length of the 2) at 11 am	shadow of a tree is long 3) at 12 pm	gest 4) at 1 pm	[]
8.	is made two in 1) wedge	nclined planes joined to 2) inclined plane	form a 'V' shape. 3) pulley	4) screw	[]
9.	Among the following, (1) scissors	example for second class 2) hammer	s lever 3) bottle opener	4) forceps	[]
10.	are used to co	nvert solar energy into e 2) solar cookers	lectrical energy 3) solar heaters	4) all the abo	[ve]
11.	Among the following e	examples to wheel and as 2) tongs	xle. 3) wheel barrow	4) steering w	[heel]
12.	Earth revolves around 1) heat energy	the sun due to 2) magnetic energy	3) gravitational energy	4) light energ	[y]
13.	Among the following, 1) candle	natural source of light is 2) oil lamp	3) moon	4) sun	[]
14.	A fast moving stone ha 1) potential energy	2) kinetic energy	3) heat energy	4) sound ener	[gy]

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$\overline{}$						$\overline{}$
15.	Among the following 1) aluminium	magnetic substance is 2) glass	3) paper	4) iron	[]
16.	is the form light energy	of energy which gives u 2) sound energy	s sensation of sight 3) heat energy	4) magnetic	[energy]
17.	Among the following 1) glass	, which can form shadov 2) ground glass	w is3) human body	4) tissue par	[per]
		CHEMI	STRY			
18.	Choose the correct sys	mbol of phosphorus give	en by dalton.		[]
	1)	2)	3)	4)		
19.	The geometrical repre	esentation given below re	epresents		[]
20.	carbon, nitrogen, calc human body. 1) Oxygen - 65%, car 2) Oxygen - 18%, car 3) Oxygen - 65%, car	2) Aluminium ochemist have found to be ium and phosphorus. The bon - 18%, Nitrogen - 20 bon - 65%, Nitrogen - 10 rbon - 18%, Nitrogen - 10 bon - 1.6%, Nitrogen - 10 bon - 1.6%	3) Chlorine be most important in the en choose the percentag 4%, Calcium - 1.6% and 6%, Calcium - 24% and .6%, Calcium - 0.9% and	e of the above I Phosphorus - I Phosphorus - Id Phosphorus	elemer [- 0.9% - 0.9% - 24%	_
21.	2	ows a method by which owing could be that solid	-	from solid-wa	nter mix [iture.
	1) Salt	2) Sugar	3) Sand	4) Ice crysta	ıls	
22.	The term IUPAC stand 1) Indian union of pur 2) International union 3) International union	specific name and symbols for re and applied chemistry of physical and analytic of pure and applied chemistry raises and applied chemistry and applied chemistry is an analytical chemistry.	al chemistry mistry	es the names	of elem [ents.



24. Observe the Rock cycle given below and identify A, B, C and D respectively. []



	A	В		D
1)	Pressure	Magma	Heat	sedimentary rock
2)	Heat	sedimentary rock	Pressure	Magma
3)	sedimentary rock	Heat	Pressure	Magma
4)	Magma	Heat	Pressure	sedimentary rock

- 25. There are about 20 mineral species that qualify as gem minerals. Which constitute about 35 of the most common gemstones. Gem minerals are often present in several varieties and so one mineral can account for several different gemstones. Then Ruby and Sapphire are gemstones of
 - 1) Quartzite
- 2) Corundum
- 3) Marble
- 4) Slate [
- 26. Separate the following substances as elements and compounds (NH₃, H₂, CO, I₂, HNO₃, O₃, MgO, HC*l*).

Elements Compounds

- 1) H₂, I₂, MgO, HCl NH₃, CO, HNO₃, O₃
- 2) H₂, I₂, O₃ NH₃, CO, HNO₃, MgO, HC*l*
- 3) H_2 , I_2 , O_3 , HNO_3 , NH_3 , CO, MgO, HCl
- 4) H₂, I₂, O₃, NH₃, CO HNO₃, MgO, HCl
- 27. Guess who am I?

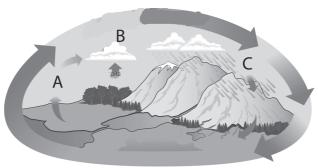
- []
- I) I am a kind of rock formed from molten rock called magma
- II) I am formed from soil, shells, bits of rocks and the remains of dead plants and animal matter
- III) I can be formed from sedimentary rocks when heat and pressure change the properties
- 1) I Metamorphic rock, II Igneous rock, III Sedimentary rock
- 2) I Igneous rock, II Sedimentary rock, III Metamorphic rock
- 3) I Sedimentary rock, II Igneous rock, III Metamorphic rock
- 4) I Igneous rock, II Sedimentary rock, III Sedimentary rock

Identify the correct s	tatement from the following	ng.		[]
	•				
II) Basalt comes from	n Magma				
III) Pumice comes fr 1) I and II only	rom lava shot out of a volc 2) II and III only	ano 3) I and III only	4) All are cor	rect	
	•			[]
1) Magnetic separati	on, Filtration, Evaporatior	1	0.0/1.0/0.0	`	
2) Handpicking, Filt	ration, Condensation		₹ 0.0000	,	
4) Magnetic separati	on, Evaporation, Winnow	ing			
Which of the follows 1) sand stone	ing are examples of sedime 2) shale	entary rocks. 3) limestone	4) all	[]
Rocks can be made	in one or more way. Sedi	imentary rocks can b	e changed by time	e, hea	t and
-		omes metamorphic ro	cks. Then which o	of the	_
•				L]
,		/~ /			
1) I and II only		3) I and III only	4) All are cor	rect	
Among the following identify the correct separating technique and its example 1) Sublimation - Ammonium chloride and Iodine 2) Evaporation - Mixture of ink dye and water 3) Chromato graphy - Separation of Butter from milk 4) Separating funnel - Two miscible liquids				[]
i) Grainsii) Iron filingsiii) Ammonium chlo	+ Husk + Sand ride + Common salt	-50			
Which of the follows	•	-	mixtures?	[]
40	•				
	` '	` '			
,					
, 1					
,	-				
	gh a construction site, Soh es that are separated out by		rs throwing sand in	nto a s	ieve.
resolvery une imperior	es that are separated out of				
i) Dry leaves	ii) Sand	iii) Twigs		L	
• •	± •	iii) Twigs 3) iii and i only	4) i, ii and iii	L	
	I) Granite comes from II) Basalt comes from III) Pumice comes from III) Pumice comes from III) Pumice comes from III) I and II only The given figure is the Which of the following I) Magnetic separation I) Magnetic separation I) Handpicking, Filtration I) sand stone Rocks can be made pressure under the sufollowing conversion I) sand stone becomes II) shale becomes slat III) lime stone become III) I and II only Among the following I) Sublimation - Am III only I) Filtration - Am III only I) Sublimation - Am III only I) Sublimation - Am III only III only II and II only II a	II) Granite comes from Magma III) Basalt comes from Magma III) Pumice comes from lava shot out of a volci 1) I and II only 2) II and III only The given figure is that of a bowl containing a Which of the following processes help in sepa 1) Magnetic separation, Filtration, Evaporation 2) Handpicking, Filtration, Evaporation 3) Threshing, Filtration, Evaporation 4) Magnetic separation, Evaporation, Winnow Which of the following are examples of sedim 1) sand stone 2) shale Rocks can be made in one or more way. Sedipressure under the surface of earth. These becomes sure under the surface of earth. These becomes guartzite II) shale becomes guartzite III) lime stone becomes marble 1) I and II only 2) II and III only Among the following identify the correct sepa 1) Sublimation - Ammonium chloride and Iodi 2) Evaporation - Mixture of ink dye and water 3) Chromato graphy - Separation of Butter fro 4) Separating funnel - Two miscible liquids Study the given table of mixtures. i) Grains + Husk ii) Iron filings + Sand iii) Ammonium chloride + Common salt Which of the following techniques are correct Separation Technique (i) (ii) 1) Filtration Sedimentation 2) Handpicking 3) Winnowing Magnetic separation Distillation	III) Basalt comes from Magma IIII) Pumice comes from lava shot out of a volcano 1) I and II only 2) II and III only 3) I and III only The given figure is that of a bowl containing a mixture of iron filling Which of the following processes help in separating the three of the 1) Magnetic separation, Filtration, Evaporation 2) Handpicking, Filtration, Evaporation 3) Threshing, Filtration, Evaporation 4) Magnetic separation, Evaporation, Winnowing Which of the following are examples of sedimentary rocks. 1) sand stone 2) shale 3) limestone Rocks can be made in one or more way. Sedimentary rocks can be pressure under the surface of earth. These becomes metamorphic rofollowing conversion is correct. 1) sand stone becomes quartzite III) shale becomes slate IIII) lime stone becomes marble 1) I and II only 2) II and III only 3) I and III only Among the following identify the correct separating technique and if 1) Sublimation - Ammonium chloride and Iodine 2) Evaporation - Mixture of ink dye and water 3) Chromato graphy - Separation of Butter from milk 4) Separating funnel - Two miscible liquids Study the given table of mixtures. i) Grains + Husk ii) Iron filings + Sand iii) Ammonium chloride + Common salt Which of the following techniques are correct to separate the given Separation Techniques (i) (ii) (iii) 1) Filtration Sedimentation Decantation Poeantation Poeantation Poeantation Poeantation Sublimation 4) Evaporation Distillation Sublimation	I) Granite comes from Magma II) Basalt comes from Magma III) Pumice comes from Magma III) Pumice comes from lava shot out of a volcano 1) I and II only 2) II and III only 3) I and III only 4) All are cordinated from the given figure is that of a bowl containing a mixture of iron fillings, salt and sand. Which of the following processes help in separating the three of them? 1) Magnetic separation, Filtration, Evaporation 2) Handpicking, Filtration, Condensation 3) Threshing, Filtration, Evaporation 4) Magnetic separation, Evaporation, Winnowing Which of the following are examples of sedimentary rocks. 1) sand stone 2) shale 3) limestone 4) all Rocks can be made in one or more way. Sedimentary rocks can be changed by time pressure under the surface of earth. These becomes metamorphic rocks. Then which of following conversion is correct. 1) sand stone becomes quartzite II) shale becomes glate III) lime stone becomes marble 1) I and II only 2) II and III only 3) I and III only 4) All are cordened from the following identify the correct separating technique and its example 1) Sublimation - Ammonium chloride and Iodine 2) Evaporation - Mixture of ink dye and water 3) Chromato graphy - Separation of Butter from milk 4) Separating funnel - Two miscible liquids Study the given table of mixtures. i) Grains + Husk ii) Iron filings + Sand iii) Ammonium chloride + Common salt Which of the following techniques are correct to separate the given mixtures? Separation Techniques (i) (ii) (iii) 1) Filtration Sedimentation Decantation 2) Handpicking Sedimentation Filtration 3) Winnowing Magnetic separation Sublimation 4) Evaporation Distillation Sublimation	I) Granite comes from Magma II) Basalt comes from Magma III) Pumice comes from Magma III) Pumice comes from lava shot out of a volcano 1) I and II only 2) II and III only 3) I and III only 4) All are correct The given figure is that of a bowl containing a mixture of iron fillings, salt and sand. [Which of the following processes help in separating the three of them? 1) Magnetic separation, Filtration, Evaporation 2) Handpicking, Filtration, Condensation 3) Threshing, Filtration, Evaporation, Winnowing Which of the following are examples of sedimentary rocks. [1) sand stone 2) shale 3) limestone 4) all Rocks can be made in one or more way. Sedimentary rocks can be changed by time, heap ressure under the surface of earth. These becomes metamorphic rocks. 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BIOLOGY

35. Observe the following picture



	In the Picture A represe 1) Condensation	ents 2) Precipitation	3) Freezing	4) Evaporatio	[n]
36.	Falling of water from s 1) Evaporation	ky is called 2) Freezing	3) Precipitation	4) Sublimation	[n]
37.	because 1) It do not have suffic		2) It do not have chlore	ophyll	a par	asite]
38.	3) It do not have stem Observe the following	equation of photsynthe	4) It do not have leaves	S		
30.	$6\text{CO}_2 + 12\text{H}_2\text{O} = \frac{\text{Lig}}{\text{Clore}}$	53 127	818			
	X represents 1) Carbohydrate	2) Protein	3) Fat	4) Mineral	[]
39.	Which of the following 1) Nepenthes	g is not an insectivorous 2) Drosera	plant 3) Utricularia	4) Rafflesia	[]
40.	The bird which builds 1) Bulbul	home with twigs and lea 2) Weaver	aves, for its young ones i 3) Toucan	s 4) Pelican	[]
41.	Identify the bird which 1) Toucan 2) Kingfisher 3) Humming bird 4) Bulbil	shown in the picture			[]
42.	Which of the following 1) Duck	g bird eats insects and se 2) Parrot	eds 3) Humming bird	4) Sparrow	[]
43.	-	g are present in a comple 2) Carpels		4) All the abo	[ve]
44.	Bees and butterflies he 1) Bud formation	lps the flower by facilita 2) Pollination	ting 3) Germination	4) Plant grow	[th]
45.	Which part of a seed do 1) Radicle	evelop in to leaves 2) Plumule	3) Cotyledons	4) Seed coat	[]

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46. Which of the following is correct regardig the body organisation 1) Tissue → organ → cell → organ systems 2) Coll Tissue → Tissue → organ → cell → organ systems]]
	2) Cell → Tissue → organ → organ system 3) Tissue → cell → organ → organ system 4) Organ → Tissue → cell → organ system		
47.	Observe the picture of human digestive system	[]
	Name of the organ A represented is		
	1) Liver		
	2) Gall bladder		
	3) Stomach		
	4) Pancreas		
48.	Identify the part of digestive system in which complete digestion of food occurs 1) Large intestine 2) Small intestine 3) Stomach 4) Food pipe	[]
49.	Identify the function of excretory stem 1) Filters and removes waste from blood. 2) Filter and remove waste from food 3) Transports food to all parts of body 4) Transports blood to all parts of bod	[y]
50.	Non either side of vertebral column 2) In the chest cavity 4) On either side of Intestine		

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