

8.	In aeroplane having a distance of 50 m between the edges of its wings is flying horizontally with speed of 360 km/h. If the vertical component of earth's magnetic field is 4×10^{-4} wb / m ² , the induced emf between the edges of its wings will be					
	1) 2 mV	2) 2 V	3) 0.2 V	4) 20 V	L	-
9.	Which of the followin velocity perpendicular	g particles will describe r to a magnetic field ?	es the smallest circle	when projected w	ith the s [ame]
10	1) electron	2) proton	3) He ⁺	4) $L1^+$	nath 10	
10.	A convex lens of focal An object held 'X' cm	above the lens gives ris	se to an image coinc	ident with it, then 2	X is equ	al to
	1) 12 cm	μ L O	C		[]
	2) 15 cm	X				
	3) 18 cm) - -				
	4) 30 cm	mmm ^m				
11.	A boy of height 1 m st	ands in front of a convex	mirror. If is distanc	e from the mirror is	s equal t	to its
	focal length, the heigh 1) 0.25 m	t of his image is 2) 0.33 m	3) 0.5 m	4) 0.67 m	[]
12.	A convex mirror of fo	cal length 'f' forms an in	mage which is $\frac{1}{n}$ the	mes the object. The	e distanc	ce of
	the object from the mi	rror is			[]
	1) (n – 1) f	2) $\left(\frac{n-1}{n}\right)$ f	$3)\left(\frac{n+1}{n}\right)f$	4) (n+ 1)f		
13.	A fish looking up thro	ough the water sees the o	outside world contain	ned in a circular ho	rizon. I	f the
	refractive index of wa	ter is $\frac{4}{3}$ and the fish is 1	2 cm below the sur	face, the radius of t	his circ	le in
	cm is	3			[]
	1) $36\sqrt{5}$	2) 4 \sqrt{5}	3) 36 \sqrt{7}	4) $\frac{36}{\sqrt{7}}$		
14.	The ray diagram could	l be correct INT	50		[]
	1) If $\mu_1 = \mu_2 = \mu_g$		Λ			
	2) If $\mu_1 = \mu_2$ and $\mu_1 < $	$<\mu_{g}$	\rightarrow			
	3) If $\mu_1 = \mu_2$ and $\mu_1 > 4$) under no circumsta	> μ_g nces	μ_2			
15.	An object of size 'a'	is placed infront of the	converging lens an	d its image is obta	ined or	the
	screen. Now $\frac{3}{4}$ th size	of the lens is covered a	s shown by the shac	led porion	[]
	1) Magnification of In	nage reduces to $\frac{3}{4}$	^a			
	2) Magnification of In	nage reduces to $\frac{1}{4}$	object	screen		
	3) Magnification and	brightness both become	$\frac{1}{4}$	-		
	4) Magnification rem	ains same but bright nes	s of image becomes	. 1 4		

16.	An eye specialis in contact with a 1) 1.5	t prescribes spectacles has a convex lens of focal 25 2) - 1.5	ving a combination of con cm, the power of this lens 3) 6.67	wex lens of focal lens s combination in die (4) - 6.67	ngth 40 opters [0 cm is]			
17.	The sky would appear red instead of blue if[1) Atmospheric particles scatter blue light more than the red light[2) Atmospheric particles scatter all colours equally3) Atmospheric particles scatter red light more than the blue light4) The sun was much hotter]			
	CHEMISTRY								
18.	If your mother i following aqueo 1) Soda water 3) Sodium hydro	s suffering from acidity a ous solution as the remed oxide solution	fter over eating of spicy fo y . 2) Lemon juice 4) Baking soda so	ood, you will give w lution	hich o [f the]			
19.	 A molecule of the compound 'P' contains two hydrogen atoms, one carbon atom and 3 oxyge atoms. A molecule of compound 'Q' contains one potassium atom, one oxygen atom and or hydrogen atom. Anion of 'P' + cation of Q → compound 'R'. From this data, select the incorrect statement. 1) Aqueous solution of 'R' changes the methyl orange indicator to yellow. [] 2) 'R' is a basic salt 3) 'R' is an example for alkali 4) All of these are incorrect 				ygen one]				
20.	20. Study the venn diagram. Centre point (.) represents which of the following. [] f orbitals are not present energy is absorbed when the electron jumps to 3 th orbit								
	 Maximum number of electrons that can be present in that orbit is 32. It represents K shell Only s and p subshells can be present in that orbit. Energy is released when the electron jumps from this orbit to fourth orbit. 								
21.	Which of the fol 1) MgO	llowing compounds can b 2) K_2SO_4	be obtained as a result of r 3) HNO ₃	neutralisation reaction 4) NH ₄ OH	on. []			
22.	Oxide	HCl	NaOH						
	CO	No reaction	Na ₂ CO ₂ +H ₂ O						
		MgCl ₂ +H ₂ O	No reaction						
	PbO	$PbCl_2 + H_2O$	Na ₂ PbO ₂ +H ₂ O						
	MgO PbO	$MgCl_2+H_2O$ $PbCl_2+H_2O$	No reaction Na ₂ PbO ₂ +H ₂ O						



30.	Red cabbage extract + Soap solution \longrightarrow colour X From this select the correct statement	ſ	1
	 1) Colour 'X' is same as the colour produced by solution of P^H = 7 with universal (at 25°C) 	indic	ator
	2) Formation of colour 'X' indicates that soap solution is basic in nature3) Red cabbage extract is a natural indicator4) All the these		
31.	 P^H of milk is 6.8. What happens when lemon juice is added to boiling milk. a) P^H becomes greater than 6.8 b) milk will be curdled c) no change takes place. b) milk will be curdled d) neutralisation of milk takes place. Choose the correct set from the following 1) both a & b are correct 2) both b & d are correct 3) only b is correct 4) a b & d are correct 	[]
32.	$2KClO_3 \xrightarrow{MnO_2} A + B \uparrow$		
	$A_{(aq)} + AgNO_{3(aq)} \rightarrow C \downarrow + D_{(aq)}$		
	 select the correct statement 1) 6 moles of 'B' will be formed on heating 4 moles of KClO₃. 2) Second reaction is a double displacement reaction 3) 'B' does not burn itself 4) All are correct 	[]
33.	 Which of the following is incorrect 1) Element, element combination reaction is always redox reaction 2) All the redox reactions are displacement reactions 3) Neutralisation reactions are not redox reactions 4) All the decomposition reactions are not redox reactions. 		
34.	The four quantum numbers of last electron in the element X is (only one electron is pressubshell) $n = 3$, $l = 2$, $m = -2$, $S = \pm \frac{1}{2}$	sent in	this
	Substituting 1 = 5, $t = 2$, $M = -2$, $S = +72$ What is the outermost shell present in the element 'Y' which is the predecessor of 'X'.1) K shell2) L shell3) M shell4) N shell	L]
	BIOLOGY		
35.	Which of the following is incorrect pair1) Thiamine : Beri beri2) Retinol : Xeropthalnia3) Biotin : Nerve disorders4) Phylioquinone : Fertility disorders.	[]
36.	 Read the following statements I) Ptyalin helps in break down of complex carbohydrates in to simple ones. II) Enzymes present in the bile juice helps in the digestion of fats. III) Pepsin and trypsin enzymes digest the proteins. IV) Carbohydrates digestion starts in the mouth, continues in stomach and finally com 		
	small intestine Correct statements are		
27	1) I & II 2) III & IV 3) I & III 4) All are true Light reaction of photosynthesis occurs is	Г	1
57.	1) Grana of chloroplast 2) Stroma of chloroplast 3) Mitochondria4) Cytoplasm.	L	1
38.	Which of the following is the source of oxygen, released during photosynthesis1) Water2) Carbondioxide3) Chlorophyll4) All the abor	[ve]

39.	 Following are the ways, for the transport of CO₂ Discoluded in blood plasma 				[]
	i) Dissolved in blood plasmaii) combining with haemoglobin as carboxyhaemoglobiniii) As bicarbiv) Combines with haemoglobin as carbamino haemoglobinWhich of the above are correct				onate	
	1) i, ii & iv	2) iii & ii	3) i, iii & iv	4) i, ii, iii & iv	7	
40.	The amount of air that 1) 5, 800 ml	remains in lungs after co 2) 1200 ml	omplete expiration is 3) 500 ml	4) 1400 ml	[]
41.	What will be the pO_2 at 1) pO_2 lesser, pCO_2 higher, pCO_2 lesser, pCO_2 higher, pCO_2 lesser,	nd pCO_2 in the atmosph gher esser	tere air as compared to the 2) pO_2 lesser, pCO_2 less 4) pO_2 higher, pCO_2 higher,	nose in the alve sser igher	olar a [ir]
42.	I - Lactate II - ATP Which of the products respiration in humans.	III - Pyruvate IV - pho mentioned above are pr	ospho Glyceric acid (PG roduced both in aerobic	A). respiration and	anaeı [robic]
	1) I & IV	2) II & III	3) I, II & III	4) I, II, III &	IV	-
43.	 43. Which of the following is incorrect regarding lymphatic system. i) Lymph is the vital link between blood and tissues ii) It is a parallel system to arterial system iii) Lymph is a substance that contains blood with solid particles. iv) Lymph vessel is are provided with valves Incorrect statements from the above . 					
	1) ii & iii	2) i & iii	3) iii & iv	4) All are true	;	
44.	The enzyme which cor 1) Prothrombinase	verts prothrombin into t 2) Thrombokinase	thrombin is 3) Fibrinogen	4) Peptidase	[]
45.	An artery can be distin 1) Lesser lumen	guished from a vein in h 2) Thicker wall	naving 3) No valves	4) All the abo	[ove]
46.	 Root pressure is maximum when 1) Transpiration is high and absorption is very low 2) Transpiration is very low and absorption is high 3) Transpiration is very high and absorption is also high 4) Transpiration and absorption both are low. 				[]
47.	 Assertion (A): Diameter of the efferent arteriole is less than that of afferent arteriole. [Reason (R): Narrow outlet of efferent arteriole exerts pressure in the glomerulus. 1) Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A 2) Both A and R are true and R is not correct explanation of A 3) A is correct and R is incorrect]
48.	AlkaloidI.ScopolamineII.ReserpineIII.NicotineIV.Caffeine	Plant Datura stramonium Chrysanthenum Nicotiana tobacum Coffea Arabica	Uses Sedative Insecticide Antiseptic Sedative			
	Correct one from the a	bove table is		() 1 -	[]
40	1) I & II	2) 1, 111 & IV	3) only I	4) only IV	г	г
49.	Flame cells are the exc 1) Starfish	retory organs in 2) Planaria	3) Farthworm	4) Snail	L]
50	Excess salts of calcium	. magnesium and iron a	re excreted by	1) Shan	ſ	1
	1) stomach	2) small intestine	3) Large intestine	4) Anus	L	L