

	r=1Ω 2V		
	r =1Ω 2V		
F	R = 0.5Ω		
(A)	0.72 W	(B)	1.28 W
(C)	2.00 W	(D)	4.72 W
(E)	None of these		

1.

- 2. If a current carrying metal wire of diameter 2 mm produces a maximum magnetic field of magnitude 2×10^{-3} T, then the current in the wire is: (A) 10 A (B) 20 A
 - (D) 40√2 A
 - (C) 40 A (E) None of these

- An electric dipole placed with its axis inclined at an angle to the direction of a uniform electric field experiences:
 - (A) A force but no torque
 - (B) A torque but no force
 - (C) A force as well as a torque
 - (D) Neither a force nor a torque
 - (E) None of these
- 5. When a ray of light enters a glass slab from air, its wavelength:
 - (A) Decreases
 - (B) Increases
 - (C) Remains same
 - (D) All of these
 - (E) None of these

6. In the figure given below, four capacitors are connected. The effective capacitance between points A and B will be:



- (E) None of these
- 7. In a circuit shown in the given figure, the equivalent resistance between points A and B is:



8. The innermost orbit of the hydrogen atom has a diameter of 1.06 Å. What is the diameter of the tenth orbit?

(A)	5.3 Å	(B)	10.6 Å
(C)	53 Å	(D)	106 Å
(E)	None of these		

- (E) None of these
- 9. A single-slit diffraction pattern is obtained using a beam of red light. What happens if the red light is replaced by blue light?
 - (A) There is no change in the diffraction pattern
 - (B) Diffraction fringes become narrower and crowded together
 - (C) Diffraction fringes become broader and farther apart
 - (D) The diffraction pattern disappears
 - (E) None of these

10. The radius of a nucleus is:

- (A) Proportional to its mass number
- (B) Inversely proportional to its mass number
- (C) Proportional to the cube root of its mass number
- (D) Not related to its mass number
- (E) None of these
- 11. Particle A has a charge + q and particle B has a charge + 4q, each having the same mass m. What will be ratio of their speed v_A/v_B , if they are allowed to fall

from rest through the same potential difference?

- (A) 2:1 (B) 1:2
- (C) 1:4 (D) 4:1

(E) None of these

12. In the circuit shown in figure given below, $I_2 = 3A$ in the steady state. Find the potential difference across the 4 Ω resistor.



- 13. The magnifying power of a compound microscope is high when:
 - (A) Both objective and eye-piece have long focal lengths
 - (B) Both objective and eye-piece have short focal lengths
 - (C) The objective has a long focal length and eyepiece has a short focal length
 - (D) The objective has a short focal length and the eye-piece has a long focal length
 - (E) None of these
- 14. A ray of light PQ is incident on an isosceles glass prism placed on a horizontal table. If the prism is in the minimum deviation position for the ray PQ, which of the following is true?



- 15. What is the effect on the interference fringes in Young's double slit experiment if the width of the two slits are increased?
 - (A) The fringe width increases
 - (B) The fringe width decreases
 - (C) The bright fringe are equally bright and equally spaced
 - (D) The bright fringes are no longer equally bright and equally spaced
 - (E) None of these



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	SECTION - B CHEMISTRY	23
16.	In which one of the following mode of expression the concentration of a solution remains independent of temperature? (A) Molality (B) Normality (C) Formality (D) Molarity (E) None of these	24
17.	 The radioactive decay follows: (A) Zero-order kinetics (B) First-order kinetics (C) Second-order kinetics (D) Third-order kinetics (E) None of these 	25
18.	Which one of the following is the outer electronic configuration of copper?(A) $(3d)^{10}(4s)^0$ (B) $(3d)^9(4s)^2$ (C) $(3d)^{10}(4s)^1$ (D) $(3d)^{10}(4s)^2$ (E) None of these	
19.	 Which one of the following colloidal system represents a sol? (A) Solid in gas (B) Solid in liquid (C) Liquid in solid (D) Liquid in gas (E) None of these 	26
20.	Which one of the following carbocations is expected	
	(A) $\begin{array}{c} CH_3 \\ H \\ H \\ H \\ H \\ H \end{array}$ (B) $\begin{array}{c} CH_3 \\ H \\ H \\ Y \\ CH_3 \\ H \\ H \end{array}$ (CH ₃)	27
	(C) H (D) H (C) H (C) H (D) H (C)	
21.	(E) None of these Which one of the following ores contains both iron	
	and copper?(A) Chalcopyrite(B) Azurite(C) Dolomite(D) Malachite(E) None of these	28
22.	Which one of the following complex ions possesses dsn ² hybridization?	
	(A) $[Ni(PF_3)_4]$ (B) $[Ni(CO)_4]$ (C) $[NiCl_4]^{2-}$ (D) $[Ni(CN)_4]^{2-}$ (E) None of these	

23. One Curie of radioactivity is equal to:

- (A) 6.7×10^{10} disintegrations/s
- (B) 5.7×10^9 disintegrations/s
- (C) 3.7×10^{10} disintegrations/s
- (D) 4.7×10^{11} disintegrations/s
- (E) None of these
- In the chemical reaction, CaCO₃(s) → CaO(s) + CO₂(g), the pressure of CO₂(g) depends on:
 - (A) The mass of CaCO₃(s)
 - (B) Temperature of the system
 - (C) The masses of both CaCO₃(s) and CaO(s)
 - (D) The mass of CaO(s)
 - (E) None of these
- 25. A current of 13.4 A is passed through 1.0 L of 1.0 M HCl solution for 1.0 h. The volume of gases evolved would be about:
 - (A) 11200 mL
 - (B) 14900 mL
 - (C) 18600 mL
 - (D) 22400 mL
 - (E) None of these

26. In the reaction
$$CH_3 \longrightarrow C_{H_2} \xrightarrow{Conc. H_2SO_4} X$$
, the $I \longrightarrow CH_3 \longrightarrow C \longrightarrow C_{H_2} \xrightarrow{Conc. H_2SO_4} X$, the $I \longrightarrow OH \longrightarrow OH$

~ . .

product X is:

$$\begin{array}{c} CH_{3} \\ (A) \\ CH_{3}-C = CH_{2} \\ (C) \\ CH_{3}-CH_{2}-C = O \\ (C) \\ CH_{3}-CH_{2}-C = O \\ (C) \\ (C)$$

(E) None of these

27. If the equilibrium constant of the reaction $SO_2(g)$

 $+\frac{1}{2}O_2(g) \Longrightarrow SO_3(g)$ is 4×10^{-3} atm^{-1/2}, then the

equilibrium constant of the reaction $2SO_3(g) \rightleftharpoons 2SO_2(g) + O_2(g)$ would be:

- (A) 6.25×10^4 atm
- (B) 8×10^3 atm
- (C) 0.25×10^2 atm
- (D) 2.25×10^4 atm
- (E) None of these
- 28. Which one of the following results is observed when potassium thiocyanate is added to a solution of CuSO₄?
 - (A) There is precipitation of black-coloured Cu(SCN),
 - (B) There is precipitation of blue-coloured Cu(SCN)₂
 - (C) There is precipitation of red-coloured $Cu(SCN)_{2}$
 - (D) There is no precipitation of Cu(SCN),
 - (E) None of these

12.2
2. Which one of the following orders regarding independent value of the following correct?
(A)
$$(A = (A - C + (A - C + (A - C) + (A -$$



40.	Consider the following relation: (1) $A-B = A - (A \cap B)$ (2) $A = (A \cap B) \cup (A-B)$ (3) $A-(B \cap C) = (A-B) \cup (A-C)$ Which of these is/are correct: (A) 1 and 2 (B) 2 only (C) 2 and 3 (D) 1 and 3 (E) None of these SECTION - D BIOLOGY In any food chain the largest population is that of:		What is the cotyledon of maize embryo called?(A) Plumule(B) Radicle(C) Scutellum(D) Aleurone layer(E) None of these	
			Concept of genetic drift was introduced by:(A) Julian Huxley(B) Hardy-Weinberg(C) Sewall Wright(D) G.G. Simpson(E) None of these	
			Which phase of meiosis is most directly related tothe law of independent assortment?(A) Anaphase II(B) Prophase II(C) Metaphase I(D) Metaphase II(E) None of these	
	 (A) Primary consumers (B) Tertiary consumers (C) Producers (D) Decomposers (E) None of these 	38.	Extranuclear inheritance is a consequence of presence of genes in: (A) Endoplasmic reticulum and mitochondria (B) Ribosomes and chloroplast	
32.	The most stable ecosystem is:(A) Forest(B) Mountain(C) Ocean(D) Desert(E) None of these	39.	 (C) Chloroplasts and mitochondria (D) Lysosomes and ribosomes (E) None of these Genes A and B are essential for normal hearing. A 	
33.	Which one of the following reproduces by multiple fission? (A) Planaria (B) Plasmodium (C) Hydra (D) All of these (E) None of these		 deat man marries a deaf woman and all their children have normal hearing. The genotypes of parents are: (A) AA bb and aa BB (B) Aa bb and aa Bb (C) AA bb and AA bb (D) aa BB and aa Bb (E) None of these 	
34.	In modern synthetic theory the unit of evolution is:(A) Population(B) Species(C) Genus(D) Individual(E) None of these	40.	Which one of the following is not a hermaphrodite?(A)Blood fluke(B)Tapeworm(C)Liver fluke(D)Earthworm(E)None of theseNone of these	