HIGHER SECONDARY MODEL EXAMINATION
ISLAMIC HISTORY

HSE II

Marks: 80
Time: $2^1/_2$ Hours

General Instructions to Candidates:

* There is a cool off time of 15 minutes in addition to the writing time of 2 ½ hrs.
* You are not allowed to write your answers nor to discuss anything with others during the cool off time.
* Use the cool off time to get familiar with questions and to plan your answers .
* Read questions carefully before answering.
* All questions are compulsory and internal choice is allowed.
* When you select a question, all the sub-questions must be answered from the same question itself.
* Calculations, figures and graphs should be shown in the answer itself.
* Malayalam version of the questions is also provided.
* Give equations wherever necessary.

(1) Complete the blank columns with suitable terms given below.

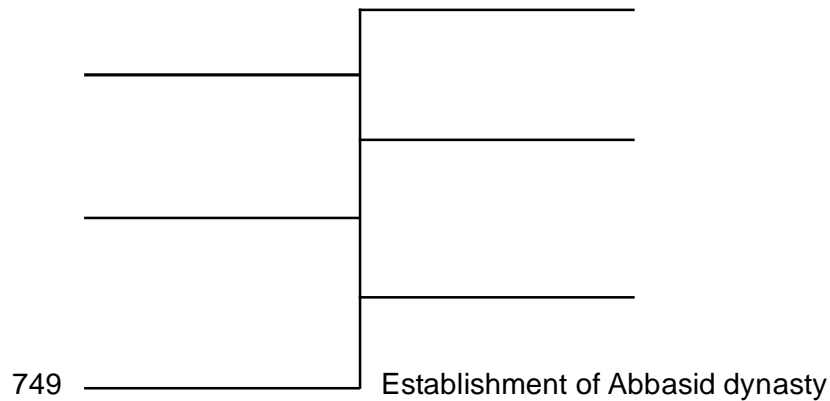|			
a	Ibnu - Sina	----	Qanun-al-Fithib
b	Omar Qayyam	Mathematician	
c	Masudi	----	Heradotus of Arabs
d		Foundation of Abbasids	Assafah
e	Salman Rushdi	----	Fatwa of Khomeini

Rubiyyath, Satanic Verses, Historian Abu-Abbas, Avisenna   (Score 5)

X¶ ɲcɲᵢ p¶ Z¯ § Ä D] tɓɱKɲˑˑᵥHgɱᵃ   I f§ Ä] qÅ¯ oI cɲᵢ pI .

a	C__ℕ℘kɲ\		Jɱ\q³ A Â ^ɲXzo__ᵥ
b	HaÀ J¿ɱw	KWɲX i ɱk ʄXÚ ³	
c	ak qZɲ		A d__ɲI f℘sS sI dɱtUɱ«k ᵥ
d		A° ɱk ɲɓ k ɱ{aɱPy¯ ɲsâ Ø ɱ] \w	A Ê ^
e	k Âaɱ³ dpj ɪⁿ		sJ ɱta\ɲɓpsS ^ Xℏ

dp° ɲɓɱ¯ ᵥ k ɱ¯ ɱsâ hN\§ Ä, Nɱ{XI ɱc³, A__℘A° ɱk ᵥ A hɱsk ¶

(2) Make a time line by using the given details.

749 ——————————————— Establishment of Abbasid dynasty

Death of Mamun, Accession of Al mansur, Death of Harun, Accession of Harun, Accession of Mamun

Years: 754, 786, 809, 813, 833 (Score 5)

Xmsg sI mSp¯ Z¯ § Ä D] tbmKn¨v Hcp ssSwsse³ X¿mdm¡ pI.

749   A° mk nb `cW¯ nse Ø m] \w
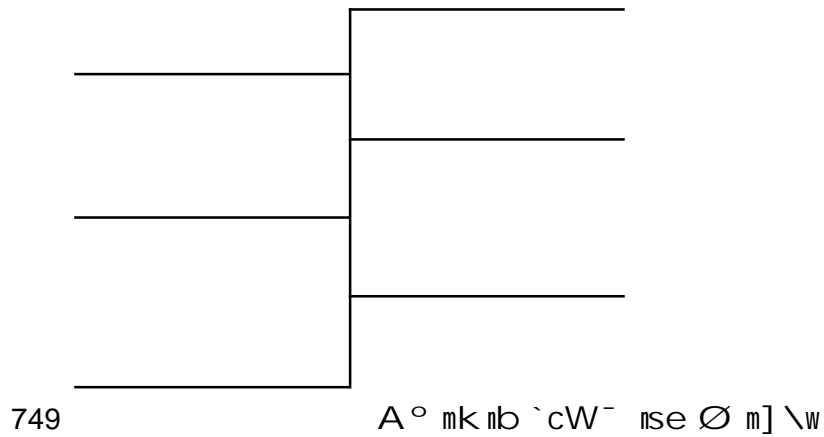
amaps â acWw, a³ k qdns â Ø m\tcml Ww, I mdq¬ A Â dj oZns â acWw, I mcq¬ A Â dj oZns â Ø m\tcml Ww, amaqs â Ø m\tcml Ww.

3   The poliitical party founded by Saddam Hussain.

a) Ikhwanul Muslimeen

b) Arab League

c) Bath Party

d) Hammas (Score 1)

k ±mw I pssk ³ Ø m] n¨ cmj (Sob] mÀ«n

a) CJ hm\pÂ apÉ naq³

b) A d__ve oKv

c) _ m¯ v] mÀ«n

d) I ½mk v

4.   The first Mughal ruler of India was

a) Akbar

b) Baber

c) Shersha

d) Anuragazeb (Score 1)

C´ ybnse B Zys¯ apKÄ `cWm[nI mcnbmbncp¶ p

a) A I v_À

b) _ m_À

c) sj Àj

d) HudwK k o__v

5. The first mosque in India was built at

   a) Kodungallur

   b) Delhi

   c) Hyderabad

   d) Ponnani   (Score 1)

   C´ yb¶se B Zys¯ apk ¡emw tZhmebw \nÀ½n¡ s¸«Xv

   a) sI mSp§ ÃqÀ

   b) UÂl ¶

   c) ssI Zcm__mZv

   d) s] m¶ m\n

6. 'Dohas' are the slokans of ------------------------

   a) Ramananda

   b) Meerabhat

   c) Thulasidas

   d) Kabeer das   (Score 1)

   'tZml I Ä' F¶ dmbs¸Sp¶ tÉml § Ä F gpXnbXv

   a) cma\µ³

   b) aocm`mbv

   c) Xpfk oZmk v

   d) I __oÀZmk v

7. The turkish ruler who is known as 'Qanuni'

   a) Mustafa Kamal.

   b) Mohammad II

   c) Sulaiman

   d) Muradh II   (Score 1)

   'Jm\q\n' F¶ t]cnÂ Adnbs¸Sp¶ XqÀ¡n `cWm[n mcn

   a) apk iX^ I amÂ

   b) apl ½ZvII

   c) k psseam³

   d) apdmZvII

8. Mansubdari system was an important feature of Mughal administration. Define and explain Mansabdari system.   (Score 2)

   apKÄ `cW¯ ¶sâ {] [m\ khnti j Xbmb am³k _Zmcn k{¼Zmbw hni Zam¡ pI.

9 Write a note on the role of Malik-ibn Dinar to propagate Islam in Kerala.   (Score 2)

   tI cf¯ Â Ck ¡emnÂ {] NcW¯ nÂ amenI vC__p Zo\mÀ hl n¨] ¦ns\I pdn¨vHcp eL phnhcWw X¿mdm¡ pI

10　Critically evaluate the Iranian revolution of 1979.　　　　　　　　　　　　(Score 5)

1979þse Cdm\nb³ hn¹hs¯ hmaÀi \mß I ambn hnebncp¯ pI ?

11　Compare the medieval and modern Baghdad.　　　　　　　　　　　　　(Score 5)

a² yI me _mK¢mZns\bpw B [p\nI _mK¢mZns\bpw XmcXayw sN¿pI .

12　Give the relevance of four school of thought in Islam　　　　　　　　　(Score 5)

CkëemanÂ \mevaZI _pI Ä¡ pÅ {]m[m\yw F gpXpI

13.　Explain the conquest of constantinople and its impacts in history　　　(Score 5)

XpÀ¡ nI fpsS tI m¬Ì mân\m¸nÄ B {I aWs¯ Ipdn¨pw AXnsâ]cnWnX ^e§ fpw
hmi ZoI cn¡ pI .

14.　Critically evaluate the policy of Balban　　　　　　　　　　　　　　(Score 5)

_mÂ_sâ \b§ sf hmaÀi \mß I ambn hnebncp¯ pI .

15　"Market Regulation" was an innovation in the medieval period. Explain.　(Score 5)

a² yI meL «¯ nse]pXpabmÀ¶]cnj v cWambncp¶p "I t¼mf \nb{´ Ww". hmi Zam¡ pI .

16　"Muhammad bin Thuglak is called as mixture of contradictors" Assess the statement on the basis of
his reforms.　　　　　　　　　　　　　　　　　　　　　　　　　　(Score 5)

"apl ½Zv_n³ Xp¥¡ vsshcp² y§ fpsS an{i nXw" F¶ t]cnemWv Adnbs¸Sp¶Xv A t±I ¯ nsâ
]cnj v cW§ fpsS ASnØ m\¯ nÂ Cu {] Ø mh\ hnebncp¯ pI .

17　Prepare a note on the administrative achievements of Sherkhan　　　(Score 5)

sj Àj mbpsS `cW t\«§ sf¡ pdn¨v Hcp Ipdn¸v X¿mdm¡ pI .

Write any two of the following:

തന്നിരിക്കുന്നതിൽ ഏതെങ്കിലും രണ്ട് എണ്ണം എഴുതുക.

18.　Arabs acquired knowledge from wherever they went. Abbasids were the true representatives of this
tradition. Trace the role of Abbasids as promoters of science and literature.

i mk {X k mt¦ XnI cwK ¯ vA° mk nUpI fpsS k w`mh\I sfI pdn¨v Hcu Ipdn¸v X¿mdm¡ pI .

19.　"Arab Israel war was the result of the formation of Israel". Explain?

"Ad_v C{k mtbÂ bp²w C{k mtbensâ cq]oI cW ^eambmWv". hmi Zam¡ pI ?

20.　Critically evaluate the architectural achievement of the Mughals.

hmk IXpi ne¬] cwK ¯ vapKfÀ B ÀÖ n¨ t\«§ Ä hmaÀi \mß I ambn hnebncp¯ pI .

　　　　　　　　　　　　　　　　　　　　　　　　　　　　　(Score 2 X 8 = 16)

21.　Mark the boundaries of Alaudheen khilgees empire in the given map and locate the following places.

X¶ ncn¡ p¶ am¸nÂ A emhp±o³ JnÂPnbpsS k m{ambPy¯ nsâ A XnÀ¯ nI Ä A Sbmfs¸Sp¯ n
X¶ ncn¡ p¶ {] tZi § Ä A Sbmfs¸Sp¯ pI .

Devagiri, Delhi, Agra　　　　　　　　　　　　　　　　　　　　　(Score 5)