



BHARAT SEVAK SAMAJ

NATIONAL DEVELOPMENT AGENCY, PROMOTED BY GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
CENTRAL BOARD OF EXAMINATIONS
BSS NATIONAL VOCATIONAL EDUCATION MISSION

AHE003-BSS DIPLOMA IN X-RAY TECHNOLOGY

TWO YEARS (FIRST YEAR) EXAMINATION NOV-2015

AHE003-01 COMMUNICATIVE ENGLISH AND COMPUTER FUNDAMENTALS

TIME: 3 Hours

Marks: 100

INSTRUCTIONS

- * 33 questions are there in total
- * Write answers to each question in proportion to the mark allotted
- * During the first 15 minutes read the questions carefully

I. FILL IN THE BLANKS

1 x 10 = 10

- 1) It is goodhealth.
- 2) You will pass.
- 3) MS word is used for
- 4) I waited for hours
- 5) Mouse is an.....device
- 6) UG I means.....
- 7) You can enlarge a document using
- 8) Below the menu bar bar appears
- 9) A sheet can be renamed using facility in Ms Excel
- 10) The expansion of WAN is-----

II. DEFINE THE FOLLOWING

2 x 10 = 20

- 1) What is meant by verb?
- 2) Define kinds of verbs?
- 3) What is meant by masculine Gender?
- 4) What is meant by Feminine Gender?
- 5) Del Command
- 6) Explain any five options for the format 'menu'
- 7) Question tags
- 8) Noun phrase
- 9) Explain 'find', 'replace' and 'go to'.
- 10) Define Oar

III. WRITE BRIEF ANSWER FOR ANY 5 QUESTIONS**5 x 5 = 25**

- 1) Define what is meant by omission of article?
- 2) Write any two types of job application?
- 3) Explain Cut, Copy and 'Paste'
- 4) Find and replace
- 5) Hybrid computer
- 6) Edit
- 7) Substance abuse
- 8) Define A, B, C in CPR?

IV. WRITE LONG ANSWER FOR ANY 3 QUESTIONS**15 x 3 = 45**

- 1) Write a letter to the station master requesting him to reserve two coaches for your school excursion party
- 2) Write what in complex sentence
- 3) Explain a computer and draw a block diagram
- 4) Explain Internet, Intranet, search engine and Website ?
- 5) Write briefly about generations of computer?



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TWO YEARS (FIRST YEAR) EXAMINATION NOV-2015

AHE003-02 ANATOMY & PHYSIOLOGY

TIME: 3 Hours

Marks: 100

INSTRUCTIONS

- * 33 questions are there in total
- * Write answers to each question in proportion to the mark allotted
- * During the first 15 minutes read the questions carefully

I. FILL IN THE BLANKS

1 x 10 = 10

- 1) The length of large intestine is
- 2) The functional unit of brain is called
- 3) The largest gland in human body is
- 4) is an example of synovial joint
- 5) The shoulder joint is the type of joint
- 6) Largest artery in the body is.....
- 7) The first cervical vertebrae is called
- 8) Human body consists of Layer of koshes.
- 9) There areof cranial nerves
- 10) The inner part of kidney is named

II. DEFINE THE FOLLOWING

2 x 10 = 20

- 1) Clavicle
- 2) Pulmonary circulation
- 3) Muscular System
- 4) Pericardium
- 5) Sacrum
- 6) Composition of urine
- 7) Define Sathakriya
- 8) Hormones
- 9) Autonomic nervous system
- 10) Neuroglia

III. WRITE BRIEF ANSWER FOR ANY 5 QUESTIONS**5 x 5 = 25**

- 1) Thyroid gland
- 2) Medulla oblongata
- 3) Hydrocephalus
- 4) Pleural effusion
- 5) Explain the structure of eye
- 6) Bone of the lower limb
- 7) Pulmonary circulation
- 8) Mechanism of hearing

IV. WRITE LONG ANSWER FOR ANY 3 QUESTIONS**15 x 3 = 45**

- 1) Describe the uterus with the help of neat diagram
- 2) Write in detail about the organs of the Urinary Tract
- 3) Explain the structure and functions of skin
- 4) Explain the female reproductive system with neat diagram
- 5) Explain the CT Thorax from T1-T12 with the help of diagram



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TWO YEARS (FIRST YEAR) EXAMINATION NOV-2015

AHE003-03 ELECTRICITY PHYSICS

TIME: 3 Hours

Marks: 100

INSTRUCTIONS

- * 33 questions are there in total
- * Write answers to each question in proportion to the mark allotted
- * During the first 15 minutes read the questions carefully

I. FILL IN THE BLANKS

1 x 10 = 10

- 1) The measurement of film blackness is known as
- 2) The cathode end of X-ray tube is
- 3) Filament current is known as
- 4) Unit of resistance is
- 5) The best conductor of electricity is
- 6) Natural radio activity is discovered by
- 7) The number cycle per second is called of an AC
- 8) Ampere can be denoted by the symbol
- 9) The maximum difference of potential between the terminal of a battery or a generator is
- 10) In X-ray the wave length directly depends on

II. DEFINE THE FOLLOWING

2 x 10 = 20

- 1) Control Panel
- 2) Current
- 3) Volt meter
- 4) Conductor
- 5) Insulator
- 6) Capacitor
- 7) Transformer
- 8) Molecules
- 9) KV
- 10) Spinning top

III. WRITE BRIEF ANSWER FOR ANY 5 QUESTIONS**5 x 5 = 25**

- 1) Basic chemicals
- 2) AC generator
- 3) Functions of a fixer
- 4) Molecules
- 5) Preparation of X rays
- 6) Electron wolf
- 7) Timer in X-ray machine
- 8) Target

IV. WRITE LONG ANSWER FOR ANY 3 QUESTIONS**15 x 3 = 45**

- 1) Describe the basic X-ray machine
- 2) Describe in detail the structure of an atom
- 3) Briefly explain temperature and heat
- 4) Explain about capacitor
- 5) Explain the laws of electrolysis by Faraday



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TWO YEARS (FIRST YEAR) EXAMINATION NOV-2015

AHE003-04 RADIOLOGY PHYSICS

TIME: 3 Hours

Marks: 100

INSTRUCTIONS

- * 33 questions are there in total
- * Write answers to each question in proportion to the mark allotted
- * During the first 15 minutes read the questions carefully

I. FILL IN THE BLANKS

1 x 10 = 10

- 1)is a process of converting direct current to alternating current
- 2) is the metal widely used as target
- 3) The process of emission of electrons from cathode by heating is
- 4) is used as a protective material in radiology department
- 5) X-ray was discovered in the year
- 6) The advantages of TLD is
- 7) X-ray therapy tubes operate at
- 8) An example for rare earth intensifying screen is
- 9) X-rays consist of a type of radiation known as _____ radiation
- 10) The filament is made of _____ wire.

II. DEFINE THE FOLLOWING

2 x 10 = 20

- 1) Diode
- 2) Atomic structure
- 3) Cathode
- 4) Protons
- 5) Heel effect
- 6) GRAY
- 7) Focal spot
- 8) Scatter radiation
- 9) Equalent dose
- 10) Intensity of X-rays

III. WRITE BRIEF ANSWER FOR ANY 5 QUESTIONS**5 x 5 = 25**

- 1) Filament
- 2) Properties of X-rays
- 3) Cooling of x-ray tube
- 4) Uses of x-rays
- 5) Guidelines for using film badge
- 6) Sources of radiation
- 7) Rotating anode
- 8) The principle of ultra sound

IV. WRITE LONG ANSWER FOR ANY 3 QUESTIONS**15 x 3 = 45**

- 1) Briefly explain the parts of x-ray tube
- 2) Explain about medical radiation dose and exposure
- 3) Describe about electromagnetic spectrum
- 4) Explain the properties of magnet
- 5) Explain the rectification of X-ray



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TWO YEARS (FIRST YEAR) EXAMINATION NOV-2015

AHE003-05 POSITIONING IN RADIOGRAPHY

TIME: 3 Hours

Marks: 100

INSTRUCTIONS

- * 33 questions are there in total
- * Write answers to each question in proportion to the mark allotted
- * During the first 15 minutes read the questions carefully

I. FILL IN THE BLANKS

1 x 10 = 10

- 1) Radiological imaging of breast is called
- 2) Exposure factors of bone is KV
- 3) The centering point of Lumbar Spine AP projection is
- 4) Cholecystography is advising to detect the disease inthe
- 5) medicine is used for HSG
- 6) IVU means the study of
- 7) Film size for dorsal spine is
- 8) Ulna is the longest bone of the
- 9) The main merit of TLD is.....
- 10) When the atomic number is increased the binding energy is.....

II. DEFINE THE FOLLOWING

2 x 10 = 20

- 1) Photography
- 2) Scatter radiation
- 3) Pelvis AP
- 4) Glabella
- 5) The position of wrist AP
- 6) Fluroscopy
- 7) Calcanium axial view
- 8) Heel effect
- 9) Picture element
- 10) Detectors

III. WRITE BRIEF ANSWER FOR ANY 5 QUESTIONS**5 x 5 = 25**

- 1) Ventriculography
- 2) The position of part of the AP view of forearm
- 3) Radiography
- 4) Joint PA
- 5) Cervical vertebrae
- 6) Sternum lateral
- 7) Knee joint AP and lateral view
- 8) MR contrast agents

IV. WRITE LONG ANSWER FOR ANY 3 QUESTIONS**15 x 3 = 45**

- 1) Describe chest radiography and its positioning (PA and Lateral views)
- 2) Explain protection of patient in diagnostic department
- 3) Explain about Barium meal
- 4) Draw the diagram of skull and describe bone of skull
- 5) Explain special investigations of internal organs



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TWO YEARS (FIRST YEAR) EXAMINATION NOV-2015

AHE003-06 DARK ROOM TECHNIQUES

TIME: 3 Hours

Marks: 100

INSTRUCTIONS

- * 33 questions are there in total
- * Write answers to each question in proportion to the mark allotted
- * During the first 15 minutes read the questions carefully

I. FILL IN THE BLANKS

1 x 10 = 10

- 1) Rinsing is used in
- 2) Single coated film is commonly used in
- 3) X ray film is coated film
- 4) Preservative is added to the developer to check.....
- 5) Metol contains in solution
- 6) Emulsion layer is composed of
- 7) PH of the developer solution is
- 8) X-rays are invented by
- 9) Dark room is otherwise called
- 10) X-ray are form of radiation

II. DEFINE THE FOLLOWING

2 x 10 = 20

- 1) Pass book
- 2) X-ray Lobby
- 3) Fluorescence
- 4) Processing cycle
- 5) Atom
- 6) Processing cycle
- 7) Atom
- 8) H&D curve with diagram
- 9) Latent image
- 10) Qualities of film

III. WRITE BRIEF ANSWER FOR ANY 5 QUESTIONS**5 x 5 = 25**

- 1) Humerus (AP)
- 2) Types of films
- 3) Anode heel effect
- 4) Differences between manual and automatic processors
- 5) 4th generation CT scanner
- 6) The various types of cameras used in radiographic imaging
- 7) Advantages of rinsing
- 8) The thermionic emission

IV. WRITE LONG ANSWER FOR ANY 3 QUESTIONS**15 x 3 = 45**

- 1) Explain about important radiographic accessories
- 2) Intensifying screens: construction, properties, types of phosphors
- 3) Explain about ingredients of fixing agent
- 4) Explain the structure of silver bromide and action of X-ray on the crystals.
- 5) Explain about contrast media



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TWO YEARS (FINAL YEAR) EXAMINATION NOV-2015

AHE003-13 SPECIAL INVESTIGATION

TIME: 3 Hours

Marks: 100

INSTRUCTIONS

- * 33 questions are there in total
- * Write answers to each question in proportion to the mark allotted
- * During the first 15 minutes read the questions carefully

I. FILL IN THE BLANKS

1 x 10 = 10

- 1) Porencephaly denotes a
- 2) Aneurysm is an abnormal focal enlargement of an
- 3) Micturating cysto urethra graphy is done in
- 4) Brain abscess typically occurs as a result of preceding
- 5) are the primary malignancy of the kidney
- 6) To visualize the bronchial tree is used
- 7) Renal abnormalities can be evaluated by
- 8) Oral cholestyography procedure is used in the diagnosis of
- 9) When gall bladder is not visualized by oral cholestyography is employed
- 10) HSG is the radiological investigation of

II. DEFINE THE FOLLOWING

2 x 10 = 20

- 1) Barium enema
- 2) Pleura
- 3) Bronchography
- 4) Brain atrophy
- 5) Nephrogram
- 6) Town view
- 7) Lateral view
- 8) Main factors in radiography
- 9) Brium enema
- 10) Ureters

III. WRITE BRIEF ANSWER FOR ANY 5 QUESTIONS**5 x 5 = 25**

- 1) X-ray abdomen
- 2) Cholesteatomas
- 3) Parathyroid glands
- 4) Radiological exam of heart
- 5) Radiography of Laryngo pharynx
- 6) Double contrast barium Enema
- 7) Ba swallow
- 8) Dental formula

IV. WRITE LONG ANSWER FOR ANY 3 QUESTIONS**15 x 3 = 45**

- 1) Describe about the hysterical phonograms (HSG)
- 2) Explain about uterine carcinomas with the help of diagram
- 3) Explain about bone tumors with the help of diagram
- 4) Write in detail about preparation indications and procedure of Ba enema
- 5) Explain about hysterical phonograms (HSG)



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TWO YEARS (FINAL YEAR) EXAMINATION NOV-2015

AHE003-14 RADIATION HAZARDS & SAFETY MEASURE

TIME: 3 Hours

Marks: 100

INSTRUCTIONS

- * 33 questions are there in total
- * Write answers to each question in proportion to the mark allotted
- * During the first 15 minutes read the questions carefully

I. FILL IN THE BLANKS

1 x 10 = 10

- 1) In the PA projection of the hand and thumb is in the position
- 2) Wave length of X-ray is measured in
- 3) The optical density of densitometry OD =
- 4) The full form of S.S.D is
- 5) Ionizing radiation is used to
- 6) is used in step wedge method
- 7) is the source of brachy therapy
- 8) MPD means.....
- 9) The unit of radiation is
- 10) The protective apron must have a minimum lead equivalence of

II. DEFINE THE FOLLOWING

2 x 10 = 20

- 1) Collimator
- 2) Grid
- 3) Permissible dose
- 4) Occupation exposure
- 5) Gonad shield
- 6) Film badge
- 7) Fluoroscopy
- 8) Radio Activity
- 9) Dose measurement
- 10) Grids

III. WRITE BRIEF ANSWER FOR ANY 5 QUESTIONS**5 x 5 = 25**

- 1) Fluoroscopy
- 2) Dosimeter
- 3) Methods against radiation
- 4) Fluoroscopy protection
- 5) Characteristics curve
- 6) Heat and three ways of heat transfer
- 7) Lead apron
- 8) Lead barrier

IV. WRITE LONG ANSWER FOR ANY 3 QUESTIONS**15 x 3 = 45**

- 1) Describe in detail the filters and filtration
- 2) Explain late and immediate effects of radiation
- 3) Describe about radiation protection in fluoroscopic procedure
- 4) Describe in detail on maximum permissible dose and isodose charts
- 5) Briefly explain late and immediate effects of radiation



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AHE003-BSS DIPLOMA IN X-RAY TECHNOLOGY

TWO YEARS (FINAL YEAR) EXAMINATION NOV-2015

AHE003-15 HOSPITAL PRACTICE & PATIENT CARE

TIME: 3 Hours

Marks: 100

INSTRUCTIONS

- * 33 questions are there in total
- * Write answers to each question in proportion to the mark allotted
- * During the first 15 minutes read the questions carefully

I. FILL IN THE BLANKS

1 x 10 = 10

- 1) is the investigation of choice in head injury patients
- 2) The condition of difficulty in swallowing is called.....
- 3) Name any one sedation
- 4) In X-ray department (drug) is used
- 5) Side effect in the contrast medium leads
- 6) A good contrast medium must be
- 7) Patient care is different for and
- 8) Before the special procedure, is signed
- 9) contrast media is used for GIT
- 10) Sialography is the radiological examination of

II. DEFINE THE FOLLOWING

2 x 10 = 20

- 1) Gliomas
- 2) Contrast media
- 3) Emphysema
- 4) Motion art
- 5) Coronal plane
- 6) Consent form
- 7) Immobilization
- 8) Cm administration
- 9) How can reduce reactions of contrast media
- 10) Barium swallow

III. WRITE BRIEF ANSWER FOR ANY 5 QUESTIONS**5 x 5 = 25**

- 1) Patients preparation for abdomen and pelvis
- 2) Skull fracture
- 3) X-ray tubes
- 4) HSG
- 5) Hospital acquired infection
- 6) Radiographic equipment
- 7) Positive contrast media
- 8) Reactions of contrast media

IV. WRITE LONG ANSWER FOR ANY 3 QUESTIONS**15 x 3 = 45**

- 1) Describe disorders after contrast media
- 2) Explain barium swallow techniques
- 3) Describe about the care of infants and children
- 4) Define contrast media. Explain the types of contrast media
- 5) Briefly explain indications, preparation , Procedure, and after care of HSG



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TWO YEARS (FINAL YEAR) EXAMINATION NOV-2015

AHE003-16 RADIOGRAPHIC PHYSICS

TIME: 3 Hours

Marks: 100

INSTRUCTIONS

- * 33 questions are there in total
- * Write answers to each question in proportion to the mark allotted
- * During the first 15 minutes read the questions carefully

I. FILL IN THE BLANKS

1 x 10 = 10

- 1) An example for a paramagnetic substance is
- 2) Average fixing time is
- 3) The salt is used in urography (contrast media) is sodium and maglumine
- 4) X-ray was discovered by in the year
- 5) In MRI X-ray tube is used
- 6) is the paramagnetic substance
- 7) The gas field detector contains gas
- 8) is the visual examination of body through a fluorescent screen
- 9) CT invented by
- 10) Mammography helps to

II. DEFINE THE FOLLOWING

2 x 10 = 20

- 1) Scatter radiation
- 2) Radiography
- 3) Soft rays
- 4) CT
- 5) Exposure
- 6) Exposure times
- 7) Circuit breaker
- 8) Cathode rays
- 9) Inverse square law
- 10) Ionization

III. WRITE BRIEF ANSWER FOR ANY 5 QUESTIONS**5 x 5 = 25**

- 1) Secondary radiation
- 2) Pass box
- 3) Mutual induction
- 4) Control panel
- 5) Electromagnetic radiation
- 6) The body parts of CT scanner used
- 7) Basic principle of MRI
- 8) Magnets used in MRI

IV. WRITE LONG ANSWER FOR ANY 3 QUESTIONS**15 x 3 = 45**

- 1) Describe the construction of radiographic film
- 2) Describe the main body parts of CT scanner used
- 3) Explain the X-ray beam restrictors
- 4) Describe in detail the production and properties of ultrasound & explain different scan modes of ultrasound
- 5) Describe CT Scan of brain parameters with basic anatomy and pathology



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AHE003-BSS DIPLOMA IN X-RAY TECHNOLOGY

TWO YEARS (FINAL YEAR) EXAMINATION NOV-2015

AHE003-17 ECG & IMAGING SERVICE

TIME: 3 Hours

Marks: 100

INSTRUCTIONS

- * 33 questions are there in total
- * Write answers to each question in proportion to the mark allotted
- * During the first 15 minutes read the questions carefully

I. FILL IN THE BLANKS

1 x 10 = 10

- 1) is popularly known as the father of ECG
- 2) When the heart contracts are produced
- 3) Excitatory process flows towards unipolar electrode, it is called
- 4) is of great value in the diagnosis of myocardial infraction
- 5) Faster heart rate is known as
- 6) The main artery in the body is called
- 7) The normal heart beat is
- 8) Sensitometry is introduced by
- 9) is the unit of radioactivity
- 10) Unit of absorbed does is

II. DEFINE THE FOLLOWING

2 x 10 = 20

- 1) Barium test
- 2) Radiographic positioning
- 3) Neoplasm
- 4) Sutures seen in skull AP view
- 5) Ultra sound
- 6) SA node
- 7) ECG of one cardiac cycle
- 8) X-ray room
- 9) AV node
- 10) Sino atrial block

III. WRITE BRIEF ANSWER FOR ANY 5 QUESTIONS**5 x 5 = 25**

- 1) Radiographic frontal sinuses
- 2) Giant cell tumor
- 3) Describe the position of ECG leads
- 4) Normal ECG'
- 5) Transmission and emission of X-ray
- 6) To prepare patient for exercise testing
- 7) Genetic effects of radiation
- 8) Bundle branch block

IV. WRITE LONG ANSWER FOR ANY 3 QUESTIONS**15 x 3 = 45**

- 1) Explain heart with the help of neat diagram
- 2) Describe radiographic appearance of IVu series
- 3) Explain the method to analyze the electrocardiogram
- 4) Explain the Techniques of ECG
- 5) Draw the diagram of heart and explain its functions