Model Question Paper

Undergraduate Programme - Political Science

Questions: 40
Time: 40 Minutes

Time: 40 Minutes Max. Marks: 40 x 1 = 40

SHADE the correct Response viz., A, B, C, D or E in the RESPONSE SHEET. Each Questions carry ONE mark.

SAMPLE QUESTIONS

- 1) The Constitution of India provides for
 - A) Dual citizenship
 - B) Single citizenship
 - C) Multiple citizenship
 - D) National and International citizenship
- 2) The title "Father of Political Science" is conferred on
 - A) Kant
 - B) Plato
 - C) Socrates
 - D) Aristotle
- 3) Which one of the following is NOT a characteristic of sovereignty?
 - A) Permanence
 - B) Imperceptibility
 - C) Indivisibility
 - D) Transferability
- 4) The most important element of the State is:
 - A) Population
 - B) Government
 - C) Territory
 - D) Sovereignty
- 5) Who among the following was the exponent of the monistic concept of sovereignty?
 - A) Machiavelli
 - B) H J Laski
 - C) J S Mill
 - D) John Austin
- 6) Under the divine origin theory of the State, the King's actions can be challenged by
 - A) No one
 - B) Parliament
 - C) People
 - D) Supreme Court
- 7) Which of the following comes under the category of a safeguard of "Liberty"?
 - A) Centralisation of power
 - B) One party rule
 - C) Absence of fundamental rights
 - D) Free and independent press

- 8) Privileges in a civilized society can be based on
 - A) Race
 - B) Religion
 - C) Merit
 - D) Language
- 9) The principle of "Rule of Law" means
 - A) There should be rules for making laws
 - B) Rules should be converted into laws
 - C) Anybody is above law
 - D) Rules can violate the law of the land
- 10) The grant of universal adult franchise creates:
 - A) Legal equality
 - B) Social equality
 - C) Economic equality
 - D) Political equality
- 11) Minorities rights are better protected in a
 - A) Theocratic State
 - B) Liberal democracy
 - C) Military regime
 - D) Fascist system
- 12) Suffrage means
 - A) The right to suffer
 - B) The right to vote
 - C) The right to expose
 - D) The right to alleviate suffering'
- 13) Which one of the following is NOT an agency for the formation of public opinion?
 - A) Songs and dances
 - B) Television
 - C) Newspapers
 - D) Film documentaries
- 14) The units under a unitary system of Government enjoy
 - A) Original powers
 - B) Delegated powers
 - C) Powers granted by the Constitution
 - D) Powers not surrendered at the time of joining the Union
- 15) Who defined federation as a "political contrivance" intended to reconcile national unity and power with the maintenance of State rights?
 - A) K C Wheare
 - B) Herman Finer
 - C) A V Dicey
 - D) H J Laski

- 16) The Cabinet under a parliamentary system of Government is accountable to
 - A) The people directly
 - B) The Head of the State
 - C) The Prime Minister
 - D) The Parliament
- 17) Under the Parliamentary system of Government as adopted in India, the real executive authority rests with the
 - A) President
 - B) Prime Minister
 - C) Council of Ministers
 - D) The Parliament
- 18) The Speaker of the Lok Sabha can resign his office by addressing his resignation to the
 - A) President
 - B) Prime Minister
 - C) The Deputy Speaker
 - D) Secretary General of the Lok Sabha Secretariat
- 19) The right to dissolve the Rajya Sabha rests with the
 - A) President
 - B) The Prime Minister
 - C) The Council of Ministers
 - D) None of the above
- 20) Impeachment of the proceedings against the President of India for violation of the Constitution can be initiated in
 - A) Lok Sabha
 - B) The Rajya Sabha
 - C) The Supreme Court
 - D) Either House of the Parliament

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