



Organized by: Society of Science Education New Delhi, India



CLASS: 7 (SYLLABUS & SAMPLE QUESTIONS)

- 1. History: Where, When and How New Kings and Kingdoms The Sultans of Delhi The Creation of An Empire Architecture as Power: Forts and Sacred Places Towns, Traders and Craftsmen Social Change: Mobile and settled communities Popular Beliefs and Religious Debates The Flowering of Regional Cultures New Political Formations in the Eighteenth Century
- 2. Geography: Environment in its totality: natural and human environment Natural Environment: land interior of the earth, rocks and minerals; earth movements and major land forms •Air composition, structure of the atmosphere, elements of weather and climate temperature, pressure, moisture and wind •Water fresh and saline, distribution of major water bodies, ocean waters and their circulation •Natural vegetation and wild life •Human Environment: settlement, transport and communication •Human Environment Interaction: life in desert regions Sahara and Ladakh; life in tropical and subtropical regions Amazon and Ganga-Brahmaputra; life in temperate regions Prairies and Veldt
- 3. Social and Political Life: •Democracy: Historical as well as the key features that structure a democracy •Institutional Representation of Democracy: Universal Adult Franchise; Elections; Political parties and Coalition Governments •State Government: Its working and functioning •Understanding Media: Media and Democracy; Advertising •Unpacking Gender: Social Aspects; Economic Aspects •Markets Around Us: Retail markets; Wholesale markets; People's access to market

The Actual Question Paper Contains 50 Questions. The Duration of the Test Paper is 60 Minutes.

- 1. In which of the following years the Supreme Court of India asked all the state governments to implement mid-day meal scheme in their schools?
 - (A) 2005
- (B) 2002
- (C) 2004
- (D) 2001
- (E) None of these
- 2. Who among the following revolted against Aurangzeb?
 - (A) Prince Akbar
 - (B) Prince Khurram
 - (C) Prince Salim
 - (D) Prince Babar
 - (E) None of these
- 3. Bengal tigers are found in:
 - (A) Mountains
 - (B) Plateau region
 - (C) Delta region
 - (D) Great plains
 - (E) None of these

- 4. Which of the following has been the people's movement for democracy in recent past?
 - (A) Rose Revolution
 - (B) Bulldozer Revolution
 - (C) Tulip Revolution
 - (D) All of these
 - (E) None of these
- 5. Who first brought the teachings of the holy Quran to India?
 - (A) Sufi saints
 - (B) Mongols
 - (C) Migrants and merchants
 - (D) Shia Muslims
 - (E) None of these
- 6. Which of the following plants store water in their leaves?
 - (A) Bromeliads
- (B) Rafflesia
- (C) Banana
- (D) Banyan
- (E) None of these

7	The	Sahara	desert	is also	known	26

- (A) Al-Azizia
- (B) Al-Zazira
- (C) Al-Khela
- (D) All of these
- (E) None of these

8. Delhi first became the capital of a kingdom under:

- (A) Ghiyasuddin Balban
- (B) Tomara Rajputs
- (C) Qutbuddin Aybak
- (D) Prithviraj Chauhan
- (E) None of these

Each state in India is divided into different areas for the purpose of election. These areas are known as:

- (A) Blocks
- (B) Constituencies
- (C) Assembles
- (D) All of these
- (E) None of these

10. Which of the following is a structure or pattern of rural settlements?

- (A) Linear
- (B) Scattered
- (C) Compact
- (D) All of these
- (E) None of these

11. Why igneous rocks are called primary rocks?

- (A) All the other rocks are formed from it.
- (B) It is the most widely used.
- (C) It is most abundantly found.
- (D) They are the store house of precious minerals.
- (E) None of these

12. Which of the following is false?

- (A) According to UNICEF, more than two million children die every year in India from preventable infections.
- (B) India gets a large number of medical tourists from many countries.
- (C) We are not able to provide clean drinking water to all.
- (D) Half of all children in India do not get adequate food to eat and are undernourished.
- (E) None of these

13. Decline of Mughal empire led to the emergence of :

- (A) British Rule
- (B) Tughluq Dynasty
- (C) Regional states
- (D) Lodhi Dynasty
- (E) None of these

14. The World Environment Day is celebrated on:

- (A) 19th July
- (B) 8th March
- (C) 15th May
- (D) 5th June
- (E) None of these

15. In which of the following areas gender discrimination affects the women in India most?

- (A) Mistreatment
- (B) Malnutrition
- (C) Economic dependency
- (D) All of these
- (E) None of these



ANSWERS															
1.	D	2.	Α	3.	С	4.	D	5.	С	6.	Α	7.	С	8.	В
9.	В	10.	Α	11.	Α	12.	Ε	13.	С	14.	D	15.	D		