

4. **The Lahore session of Congress has great importance in the history of Indian freedom struggle. What significant resolution did the Congress take in this session?**
(A) The resolution of complete independence (B) The resolution of boycott movement
(C) The resolution of unification of Congress (D) The resolution of unification with Muslim League
(E) None of these
5. **Who forms the government in India?**
(A) Largest party
(B) Largest alliance
(C) Party or parties having majority in the Parliament
(D) Party or parties having minority in the Parliament
(E) None of these
6. **Archery is the national sport of which country?**
(A) Bhutan (B) Japan
(C) Italy (D) Sri Lanka
(E) None of these
7. **Which one of the following is the deepest trench in the world?**
(A) New Herbrides Trench (B) Yap Trench
(C) Aleutian Trench (D) Philippine Trench
(E) Mariana Trench
8. **Given below are the facts about the Constitution of India.**
1. Constitutions can be amended.
2. Constitutions can not be amended.
3. During emergency Fundamental Rights can be withdrawn.
4. Fundamental Rights can never be withdrawn.
Which one of the following is correct?
(A) 1, 2 (B) 2, 3 (C) 3, 4 (D) 1, 3 (E) 2, 4
9. **He was a Scottish inventor and engineer who was a pioneer in the development of mechanical television. In 1924, he televised objects in outline. In 1925, he televised human faces. In 1926, he was the first person to televise pictures of objects in motion. Who was he?**
(A) John Logie Baird (B) Tim Berners-Lee
(C) Alexander Graham Bell (D) Chester Floyd Carlson
(E) None of these
10. **Which one of the following countries won the men's FIFA Football World Cup 2014?**
(A) Germany (B) Spain (C) France (D) Brazil (E) Argentina



A N S W E R S

1. (A) 2. (C) 3. (B) 4. (A) 5. (C) 6. (A) 7. (E) 8. (D)
9. (A) 10. (A)