

Time: 3 hrs.

General Instructions

- 1. All questions are compulsory.
- 2. Wherever necessary, the diagram drawn should be neat and properly labeled.
- 3. This question paper consists of three sections A, B & C.

Section A- Physics

Answer the following questions:

- Q1. Outline your role as an active citizen in relation to sanitation. Give any three points.
- Q2. Why in places of hot climate it is advisable that the outer walls of houses be painted white?
- Q3. Explain why holes are made in hanging banners and hoardings.
- Q4. Differentiate between conduction, convection and radiation.
- Q5. What is the function of bar screens in a waste water treatment plant?
- Q6. What actions on the part of the people should be taken in cyclone alert areas? Give any three points.
- Q7. The distance-time graph of a participant in a cross- country cycle race is given below.



- a) How long did he travel?
- b) How far did he travel?
- c) How many stops did he make?
- Q8. State 'Laws of Reflection 'along with the diagram.

What are the precautions to be taken if you are staying in a cyclone hit area. Give any five points.

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Q9. (a)	Multiple Choice Questions (MCQ's) Land and sea breezes occur due to-		a i		
	(i) Conduction	(ii)	Convection		
	(iii) Radiation	(iv)	None of these		
(b)	Storms blow at a speed of-				
	(i) 40-50 km/h	(ii)	50-60 km/h		
	(iii) 89-102 km/h	(iv)	77-96 km/h		
(c)	Which one is an inorganic impurity?				
	(i) Animal waste	(ii)	Oil		
	(iii) Urea	(iv)	Metals		
(d)	Value of 40 ⁰ C in K is-				
	(i) 320 K	(ii)	313 K		
	(iii) 310 K	(iv)	none of these		
(e)	Diseases like cholera and typhoid are caused due to-				
	(i) Virus	(ii)	Bacteria		
	(iii) Protozoa	(iv)	None of these		
(f)	Moving air is known as				
	(i) Wind	(ii)	Steam		
	(iii) Pressure	(iv)	None of these		
	Section B- Chemistry				

Answer the following questions:

- Q1. Ammonia is found in many household products such as window cleaners. It turns red litmus blue. Why?
- Why is setting of curd a chemical change? Q2.
- Explain why burning of wood and cutting it into small pieces are considered as two Q3. different types of changes.
- O4. Write short notes on: (a) Lichens (b)Neutral solution
- Q5. State differences between acids and bases.
- Q6. Define:
 - a) Reeling (b) Scouring
- Q7. Draw line diagram to explain sewage treatment plant.
- Describe how crystals of Copper sulphate are prepared. Q8.

OR

Describe the process of neutralization with the help of an example.

Q9. **Multiple Choice Questions (MCQ's):**

- (a) The removal of wool from sheep is called-
 - Sericulture (i) (ii) Shaving (iii) Shearing
 - Spinning (iv)
- Which of the following is not an indicator? (b)
 - Blue litmus Phenolphthalein (i) (ii)
 - (iii) Methyl orange (iv) Digene
- The rearing of silkworms for the production of silk is called: (c)
 - Pisciculture Sericulture (i) (ii)
 - (iii) Animal husbandry (iv) Apiculture

(d) Acids turn phenolphthalein

(i)

- Pink (ii)
- (iii) Yellow

- Colourless
- (iv) Orange

- (e) Anaerobic bacteria digest animal waste and produce biogas (change-A). The biogas is then burnt as fuel (change-B). The following statements pertain to these changes:
 - (i) Process-A is a chemical change
 - (ii) Process-B is a chemical change
 - (iii) Both process A and B are chemical changes
 - (iv) None of these processes is a chemical change
- (f) A compound having a bitter taste is
 - (i) Acid (ii) Base
 - (iii) Both (iv) None of these

Section C - Biology

Answer the following questions:

- Q1. Villi increase the absorptive area. Justify this statement.
- Q2. Pitcher plant is green in colour. Then why is it insectivorous in nature?
- Q3. How does elephant living in tropical rain forest adapt itself?
- Q4. The tropical rainforest has a large population of animals. Explain, why it is so.
- Q5. Differentiate between parasites and saprophytes.
- Q6. Write short notes on (a) Lichens (b) Stomata
- Q7. Write the functions of Bile.
- Q8. How do plants get atmospheric nitrogen?
- Q9. Make a well labeled diagram of internal structure of tooth.
- Q10. (a) Explain how polar bear is able to survive in extreme cold climate.
 - (b) Define : (i) Ingestion (ii) Extracellular digestion.

<u>OR</u>

- (a) Define: (i) Egestion (ii) Intra cellular digestion
- (b) How would you test the presence of starch in leaf?

Q11. Multiple Choice Questions (MCO's):

(a)	Stomata are surrounded by:			
	(i) Guard cells	(ii)	Leaves	
	(iii) Carbohydrates	(iv)	None of these	
(b)	Slimy green patches found in pond are due to:			
	(i) Plants	(ii)	Fishes	
	(iii) Algae	(iv)	None of these	
(c)	Which is a producer?			
	(i) Cow	(ii)	Paramecium	
	(iii) Cactus	(iv)	none of these	
(d)	The grass is rich in:			
	(i) Cellulose	(ii)	Starch	
	(iii) Proteins	(iv)	None of these	
(e)	The salivary glands secrete:			
	(i) Pepsin	(ii)	Trypsin	
	(iii) Amylase	(iv)	None of these	
(f)	Which instrument is used for measuring rainfall?			
	(i) Rain guage	(ii)	Barometer	
	(iii) Odometer	(iv)	None of these	

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