

DELHI PUBLIC SCHOOL, GWALIOR MODEL TEST PAPER

<u>CLASS – VI</u> SUBJECT – SCIENCE

Time: 03 hrs. M.M.: 80

General Instructions:

- 1. All questions are compulsory.
- 2. Wherever necessary, the diagram drawn should be neat and properly labeled.
- 3. This question paper consists of three sections A, B & C.

Section A – Physics

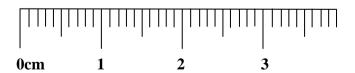
Answer the following questions:

- Q1. Earthen Kulhars were used to sell tea and coffee at railway stations which are now strictly banned. What do you think would be the reason?
- Q2. What type of motion do the following exhibit?
 - a) A honey bee flying in the garden.
 - b) Wheel of a moving car.
 - c) Needles of a clock.
 - d) A child on a swing.
- Q3. Why are handles of cookwares made of plastic or wood?
- O4. Differentiate between rest and motion.
- Q5. Convert:- (i) 4 hours into seconds
 - (ii) 5 grams into kilograms.
 - (iii) 3.5 km into meters.
- Q6. How do magnets lose their properties?
- Q7. Use the ruler and line to answer the questions.

Tier 1: What is the length of the line in centimeters? _____ cm.

Tier 2: What is the length of the line in millimeters? _____ mm.

Tier 3: What is the length of the line to the nearest centimeter? _____ cm.



- Q8. a) Differentiate between magnetic and non magnetic substances. Give examples also.
 - b) Give S.I unit of a) Temperature b) Time c) Length and d) Mass

OR

- a) Write the similarity and differences between the motion of a bicycle and ceiling fan that has been switched on.
- b) What are artificial magnets?

Q9.	Multiple Choice Questions (MCQ's):						
	(a)	SI unit of length is-	(;;)	I			
		(i) m (iii) cm	(ii) (iv)	km			
	(1-)		(IV)	mm			
	(b)	Magnet has two poles, one of them is- (i) North	(;;)	West			
		(iii) East	(ii) (iv)	None of these			
	(-)		(17)	None of these			
	(c)	Which is magnetic material? (i) Iron	(ii)	Wood			
		(iii) Stone	(iv)	Plastic			
	(4)	1 centimetre is equal to-	(11)	Thore			
	(d)	(i) 1000 millimetres	(ii)	100 millimetres			
		(iii) 10 millimetres	` /	None of these			
	(e)	Motion in which the moving object	` /				
	(6)	regular interval of time is called-	moves	in a particular path repeatedly at			
		(i) circular motion	(ii)	oscillatory motion			
		(iii) periodic motion	(iv)	<u> </u>			
	(f)	Motion along a straight line is called	` /				
	(1)	(i) Rectilinear motion	(ii)	Periodic motion			
		(iii) Circular motion	(iv)	none of these			
A	41 4	Section B – Che	<u>mistry</u>				
		following questions:					
Q1.	Nitin's mother always tells him to wear cotton clothes in summers. Why?						
Q2.	Why is water known as 'universal solvent'?						
Q3.	Why do we need to separate different component of a mixture? Name two ways of cleaning food.						
Q4.	What is sieving? Where is it used?						
Q5.							
Q6.	Defin	e elasticity. Give two examples of mater	ials whi	ch are elastic in nature.			
Q7.	Draw	a well labeled diagram of rain water har	vesting	plant.			
Q8.	a) Write any four steps to conserve water.						
	b) Differentiate between aqueous and non-aqueous solutions. Give examples.						
		OR					
	How	would you obtain clear water from a sam	ple of r	muddy water? Explain the process in			
		with well labeled diagram.	•				
Q9.	Multip	ole Choice Questions (MCQ's):					
	(a)	The right time to cut jute plants is-					
		(i) Matured stage	. ,	Flowering stage			
		(iii) Before flowering stage	(iv) A	Any time after flowering			
	(b)	The fruit of the cotton plant are about t					
		(i) Orange	. ,	Lemon			
		(iii) Apple		Pineapple			
	(c)	Which of the following is soluble in w					
		(i) Sand		ron filings			
		(iii) Sugar	(iv) S	Sawdust			

	(d) The process of conversion of water vapour into its liquid form is called-						
		(i) Evaporation	(ii) Sublimation				
		(iii) Condensation	(iv) Sedimentation				
	(e) The process of settling down of the particles of an insoluble solid in a liquid is called-						
		(i) Decantation	(ii) Sedimentation				
	(0)	(iii) Sieving	(iv) Winnowing				
	(f)	Which of the following is not a fibre (i) Leather					
		(iii) Silk	(ii) Cotton (iv) None of these				
<u>Section C – Biology</u> <u>Answer the following questions:</u>							
Q1.							
Q2.	A food chain always starts with plant life. Why?						
Q3.	Why is cow's milk best for the infants, old people and sick people?						
Q4.	Why is it better to use compost instead of chemical fertilizers?						
Q5.	What do you mean by adulteration? Give examples of some adulterants.						
Q6.	What are deficiency diseases? Give examples						
Q7.	Write a short note on domestication.						
Q8.	What is malnutrition? Explain two types of malnutrition with examples.						
Q9.	Make a	a web chart of food items providing pr	roteins.				
Q10.	 (a) How will you test the presence of sugar in a food sample? (b) Write short notes on the following:- (i) Scurvy (ii) Rickets 						
		OR					
	(a)	Define (i) landfill (ii) Photosyr	athesis				
	(a) (b)	Why do we need to cook food?	unesis				
	(c)	Define Photosynthesis					
Q11.	Multig	ole Choice Questions (MCQ's):					
	(a)	Pellagra is caused due to the deficien	cy of-				
		(i) Vitamin B4	(ii) Vitamin A				
		(iii) Vitamin C.	(iv) None of these				
	(b)	Which is edible underground stem ar					
		(i) Cabbage (iii) Tomato	(ii) Turnip (iv) Potato				
	(a)	Animals which eat both plants as well					
	(c)	(i) Carnivores	(ii) Omnivores				
		(iii) Scavengers	(iv) Decomposers				
	(d)	Paper-mache is the paste made of	· · ·				
	· /	(i) Clay	(ii) Sand				
		(iii) Cream	(iv) None of these				
	(e)	Which of the following components					
		(i) Fruit peels	(ii) Pieces of broken glass				
	(0	(iii) Egg shells	(iv) Waste food materials				
	(f)	Sunlight is a good source of- (i) Vitamin A	(ii) Vitamin P				
		(iii) Vitamin C	(ii) Vitamin B (iv) Vitamin D				