

**GAUHATI HIGH COURT**  
(The High Court of Assam, Nagaland, Mizoram & Arunachal Pradesh)

PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION for DIRECT RECRUITMENT to  
GRADE-III of ASSAM JUDICIAL SERVICE, 2013 (06-10-2013)

Attempt All Questions  
All questions carry equal marks.

TOTAL MARKS: 100  
DURATION: 2 HOURS (11.00 a.m. to 1.00 p.m.)

Direction for Q. 1 to 5: Select the word that is most similar in meaning (Synonyms)

- |                                                         |                                  |
|---------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| 1. ABSURD<br>(A) Senseless<br>(C) Abrupt                | (B) Clean<br>(D) Candid          |
| 2. LETHAL<br>(A) Deadly<br>(C) Smooth                   | (B) Sluggish<br>(D) Unlawful     |
| 3. MACHINATION<br>(A) Labour saving<br>(C) Factory work | (B) Evil plot<br>(D) Engine part |
| 4. EFFACE<br>(A) To degrade<br>(C) Mar                  | (B) Erase<br>(D) Avoid           |
| 5. NONENTITY<br>(A) Trifle<br>(C) Insignificant person  | (B) Mystical being<br>(D) Minor  |

Direction for Q. 6 to 10: Select the word that is furthest in meaning (Antonyms)

- |                                              |                               |
|----------------------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| 6. SHARP<br>(A) Bleak<br>(C) Bright          | (B) Blunt<br>(D) Blond        |
| 7. RELUCTANT<br>(A) Avoiding<br>(C) Refuse   | (B) Anxious<br>(D) Eager      |
| 8. PROFUSION<br>(A) Travesty<br>(C) Scarcity | (B) Validity<br>(D) Ordinance |
| 9. RETREAT<br>(A) Heat<br>(C) Advance        | (B) Liberalize<br>(D) More    |

10. ATTRACT  
(A) Drive (B) Expel  
(C) Repel (D) Demote

Direction for Q. 11 to 90: Choose the correct option.

11. Article 19 (1) (e) of the Constitution of India guarantees-  
(A) Freedom of speech and expression.  
(B) Abolition of untouchability.  
(C) Freedom of movement throughout India.  
(D) Freedom to reside in any part of India
12. District Judges are appointed by the-  
(A) Governor of the State. (B) High Court.  
(C) Chief Justice of High Court. (D) Chief Secretary of the State.
13. Which of the following bill can be introduced in Lok Sabha only-  
(A) Bill for amendment of any Central Act.  
(B) Money bill.  
(C) Bill for amendment of any State Act.  
(D) All the three above.
14. Which has been the field of activity of Pandit Bhimsen Joshi ?  
(A) Literature (B) Classical music (Vocal)  
(C) Education (D) Journalism
15. Who is competent to dissolve the Rajya Sabha ?  
(A) The President (B) The Chairman, Rajya Sabha  
(C) The Lok Sabha (D) None of the above
16. When did India last win an Olympic gold medal in hockey?  
(A) 2000 Sydney (B) 1996 Atlanta  
(C) 1980 Moscow (D) 1972 Munich
17. Which of the following international prizes/ awards is given for outstanding contribution in the field of journalism?  
(A) Booker Prize (B) Pulitzer Prize  
(C) Sakharov Prize (D) Sullivan Award
18. With which of the following fields is Ben Kingsley associated?  
(A) Sports (B) Medical Science  
(C) Motion Picture (D) Social Service

19. Decibel is the unit used for measuring  
(A) Speed of light (B) Intensity of heat  
(C) Intensity of sound (D) Radio wave frequency
20. Which of the following is petroleum wax?  
(A) Bees wax (B) Carnauba wax  
(C) Paraffin wax (D) Jojoba wax
21. The ideology of fascism developed in  
(A) Germany (B) Japan  
(C) Italy (D) Russia
22. India's largest commercial bank is  
(A) Central Bank of India (B) State Bank of India  
(C) Indian Overseas Bank (D) Bank of India
23. The book 'Midnight's Children' has been written by  
(A) Arundhati Roy (B) Tasleema Nasreen  
(C) Salman Rushdie (D) Kiran Desai
24. CTBT stands for  
(A) Continued Test Ban Treaty  
(B) Continued Test Based Treatments  
(C) Comprehensive Test Ban Treaty  
(D) Commercial Test Based Tariff
25. Nobel Prizes are distributed annually at  
(A) New York (B) Geneva  
(C) Stockholm (D) Rome
26. The capital of the Mughal empire was shifted from Agra to Delhi by  
(A) Jahangir (B) Aurangzeb  
(C) Humayun (D) Shahjahan
27. The Prime Minister of Britain at the time of India's independence was  
(A) Lord Mountbatten (B) Winston Churchill  
(C) Ramsay Macdonald (D) Clement Attlee
28. Sir Cyril Radcliffe demarcated the line which divides  
(A) Afghanistan and India (B) Pakistan and Afghanistan  
(C) India and Pakistan (D) India and Sri Lanka

29. Which of the following planets is known as the Morning Star?
- (A) Venus (B) Mars  
(C) Jupiter (D) Saturn
30. What breaks into computer network, steals data or tampers with files?
- (A) Virus (B) Hacker  
(C) Software program (D) Communication protocols
31. Section 129 of Evidence Act, 1872 states that no one shall be compelled to disclose to the Court any confidential communication which has taken place between
- (A) Teacher and student  
(B) Company and its client  
(C) Legal professional advisor and his client  
(D) Landlord and tenant
32. Section 5 of the Limitation Act, 1963 applies to
- (A) Suit  
(B) Appeal and application  
(C) Execution application  
(D) All the above
33. Dacoity is committed
- (A) When two or more persons commit or attempt to commit robbery  
(B) When five or more persons commit or attempt to commit robbery  
(C) When robbery is committed with fire-arms or lethal weapons  
(D) When seven or more persons are engaged in extortion with arms
34. Section 89 of the Code of Civil Procedure provides for settlement of disputes by referring the matter to
- (A) Mediation  
(B) Fast track Court  
(C) Advocate General  
(D) All the above
35. The doctrine of "double jeopardy" in Article 20(2) of the Constitution of India means
- (A) No one can be tried and punished more than once for the same offence  
(B) One can be tried several times for the same offence  
(C) Punishment once awarded cannot be enhanced in appeal or revision  
(D) One can be tried more than once but punished only once.

36. The maxim "Res ipsa loquitur" means -
- (A) The things speak for itself
  - (B) He who cannot act by himself cannot act at all
  - (C) He who does an act through another is deemed in law to do it himself
  - (D) None of above
37. When a writ is issued to an inferior Court or tribunal on the ground of exceeding jurisdiction or acting in violation of the rules of natural justice, it is called a writ of
- (A) Certiorari
  - (B) Mandamus
  - (C) Quo warranto
  - (D) Habeas corpus
38. Supreme Commander of Indian Armed Forces is
- (A) President of India
  - (B) Prime Minister of India
  - (C) Defense Minister
  - (D) Chief of Army Staff
39. Who is the present Law Minister of India?
- (A) Salman Khurshid
  - (B) Soli Sorabjee
  - (C) G.E. Vahanvati
  - (D) Kapil Sibal
40. What is the retirement age of a Judge of the Supreme Court of India?
- (A) 62 years
  - (B) 58 years
  - (C) 70 years
  - (D) 65 years
41. Who is the present Chief Justice of Gauhati High Court?
- (A) Justice Madan B. Lokur
  - (B) Justice J. Chelameswar
  - (C) Justice Adarsh Kumar Goel
  - (D) None of the above

42. Out of the following eminent personalities of Assam, who has been awarded Bharat Ratna?
- (A) Lokapriya Gopinath Bordoloi
  - (B) Hem Barua
  - (C) Fakhruddin Ali Ahmed
  - (D) Mamoni Raisom Goswami
43. Who composed the immortal song "O Mor Aponar Desh"?
- (A) Bishnu Prasad Rabha
  - (B) Bhupen Hazarika
  - (C) Sahityarathi Lakshminath Bezbaruah
  - (D) None of above
44. Complete the series : 2, 4, 7, 11, \_\_\_\_\_, 22.
- (A) 14
  - (B) 15
  - (C) 16
  - (D) 17
45. Who amongst the following great personalities is known as Rupkonwar?
- (A) Hemango Biswas
  - (B) Jyoti Prasad Agarwalla
  - (C) Bishnu Prasad Rabha
  - (D) Bhupen Hazarika
46. The expression "Richter scale" relates to
- (A) Flood
  - (B) Volcano
  - (C) Earth quakes
  - (D) None of the above
47. "Kirtan Ghosa" was composed by :-
- (A) Madhav Kandali
  - (B) Srimanta Sankardev
  - (C) Haridev
  - (D) Dr. Maheswar Neog
48. The famous football player Platini played for which country?
- (A) Italy
  - (B) Brazil
  - (C) France
  - (D) Germany

49. If Floriculture is the cultivation of flowers, Horticulture is the
- (A) Practice of garden cultivation, particularly of fruits
  - (B) Rearing of fish
  - (C) Rearing of ducks
  - (D) None of the above
50. Ornithologist is one who is engaged in the
- (A) Study of flowers
  - (B) Study of animals
  - (C) Scientific study of birds
  - (D) None of the above
51. A second appeal under section 100 of the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908 lies to the High Court
- (A) On a point of law
  - (B) On a mixed question of law and fact
  - (C) On disputed questions of fact
  - (D) On substantial question of law
52. An application can be filed for review of a judgment if
- (A) the judgment is erroneous
  - (B) there is error apparent on the face of the record
  - (C) the matter is important and requires rehearing
  - (D) None of the above
53. Anticipatory bail can be granted to a person apprehending arrest on accusation of having committed a non-bailable offence under
- (A) Section 437 Cr.P.C.
  - (B) Section 438 Cr.P.C.
  - (C) Section 439 Cr.P.C.
  - (D) Section 436 Cr.P.C.
54. There are two classes of advocates in India
- (A) Advocates and Senior Advocates
  - (B) Solicitors and Barristers
  - (C) Government Advocates and Private Advocates
  - (D) None of the above
55. The maxim nemo debet esse iudex in causa propria sua means
- (A) Affected party should be heard
  - (B) Freedom from bias
  - (C) Notice must be given
  - (D) None of the above

56. DTP stands for  
(A) Desk Top Publishing (B) Direct to Print  
(C) Deskjet Type Printer (D) None of the above
57. "Ultra Vires" is a term used to mean  
(A) a document corrupted by virus  
(B) beyond or in excess of powers  
(C) an irregular act  
(D) None of the above
58. The headquarters of North Eastern Council (NEC) is at  
(A) Shillong (B) Guwahati  
(C) New Delhi (D) Agartala
59. Who presides over the sessions of Rajya Sabha?  
(A) President (B) Speaker  
(C) Deputy Speaker (D) Vice-President
60. Choose the word from amongst the alternatives which has the closest meaning to the word Vox Populi  
(A) Voice of people  
(B) Voice of politicians  
(C) Legal arguments  
(D) None of the above
61. Article 227 of the Indian Constitution deals with  
(A) High Court's power of superintendence  
(B) Power of Speaker  
(C) Election of Vice President  
(D) None of the above
62. Fill up the blank with the correct words/phrases from the options given below to make the sentence meaningfully complete:  
You can trust John to have everything \_\_\_\_\_  
(A) over control (B) through control  
(C) for control (D) under control
63. Choose the correct idiom to replace the underlined word:  
Her problem is not that serious; she is just exaggerating.  
(A) making a mountain out of a molehill  
(B) telling a white lie  
(C) giving you the cold shoulder  
(D) minding her P's and Q's.



64. Choose the correct answer and fill in the blank.  
The earth is part of a \_\_\_\_\_ of stars.  
(A) flight (B) bale  
(C) galaxy (D) host
65. Entomology is the science that studies  
(A) Behaviour of human beings  
(B) Insects  
(C) The origin and history of technical and scientific terms  
(D) The formation of rocks
66. A plaint can be rejected  
(A) under Order VII, Rule 10 of CPC  
(B) under Order VII, Rule 10A of CPC  
(C) under Order VII, Rule 11 of CPC  
(D) All the above.
67. An executing court  
(A) can modify the terms of the decree  
(B) can vary the terms of the decree  
(C) can modify and vary the terms of the decree  
(D) can neither modify nor vary the terms of the decree
68. The term 'sale' in the Transfer of Property Act, 1882 is defined in section  
(A) 53 (B) 54  
(C) 55 (D) 56
69. Culpable homicide is not murder, if it is committed under  
(A) grave and sudden provocation  
(B) self-intoxication  
(C) irresistible impulse  
(D) All the above
70. 'Subroto Cup' is associated with  
(A) Football (B) Hockey  
(C) Cricket (D) Volleyball
71. 'Thomas Cup' is associated with  
(A) Tennis (B) Badminton  
(C) Football (D) Hockey
72. What is the chemical name of vinegar?  
(A) Citric acid (B) Acetic acid  
(C) Pyruvic acid (D) Malic acid

73. Seismic sea waves which approach the coasts at greater force are known as  
(A) tides (B) tsunami  
(C) current (D) cyclone
74. "Sarkaria Commission" was concerned with  
(A) Administrative Reforms (B) Electoral Reforms  
(C) Financial Reforms (D) Centre-State relations
75. Ringworm is a \_\_\_\_\_ disease  
(A) bacterial (B) protozoan  
(C) viral (D) fungal
76. The art and science of map making is called  
(A) remote sensing (B) cartography  
(C) photogrammetry (D) mapping
77. Paris is situated on the river bank  
(A) Thames (B) Seine  
(C) Danube (D) Vistula
78. Which of the following countries is called the Land of White Elephants?  
(A) Kenya (B) Thailand  
(C) Burma (D) Laos
79. Which city is known as the "City of Golden Gate"?  
(A) New York (B) London  
(C) Paris (D) San Francisco
80. Which of the following is the largest producer of sugar in the world?  
(A) Cuba (B) India  
(C) France (D) USA
81. The Amarnath shrine, the abode of Lord Shiva, is in the state of  
(A) U.P. (B) Himachal Pradesh  
(C) Bihar (D) Jammu and Kashmir
82. Right of accused to speedy trial is a fundamental right under which Article of the Constitution of India?  
(A) 21 (B) 32  
(C) 226 (D) None of the above.

83. Article 21 A of the Constitution of India provides for  
(A) minority rights (B) equality before law  
(C) abolition of titles (D) right to education
84. Part IX of the Constitution of India dealing with Panchayats was inserted in the Constitution by  
(A) 73<sup>rd</sup> Amendment (B) 42<sup>nd</sup> Amendment  
(C) 44<sup>th</sup> Amendment (D) None of the above
85. Section 113B of the Indian Evidence Act, 1872 deals with  
(A) estoppel (B) leading question  
(C) presumption as to dowry death (D) proof of signature
86. Order VI Rule 17 of the Civil Procedure Code, 1908 deals with  
(A) revision (B) setting aside abatement  
(C) amendment of pleadings (D) counter claim
87. Nothing is an offence under the Indian Penal Code if it is done by a child under  
(A) fourteen years of age (B) seven years of age  
(C) five years of age (D) sixteen years of age
88. Cognizable offence means an offence in which  
(A) a police officer can arrest without warrant  
(B) a police officer cannot arrest without warrant  
(C) a private person can arrest  
(D) None of the above.
89. Warrant-case means a case relating to an offence punishable with  
(A) death  
(B) imprisonment for life  
(C) imprisonment for a term exceeding two years  
(D) All of above.
90. Which one of the following offences is not compoundable?  
(A) Adultery (B) Defamation  
(C) Cheating (D) Kidnapping

অসমীয়া প্ৰশ্ন

- ৯১। “চকু চৰহা” জতুৱা খণ্ডবাক্যৰ অৰ্থ-  
(A) সাৱধান হোৱা (B) লোকৰ ভাল দেখিব নোৱাৰা  
(C) ৰঙা চকুৰে চোৱা (D) শত্ৰু ভাৱেৰে চোৱা
- ৯২। তলত উল্লেখ কৰা সমাৰ্থক শব্দবিলাকৰ ভিতৰত কোনটো অশুদ্ধ-  
(A) অগ্নি - অনল, জুই, বহি  
(B) আকাশ - গগন, শূণ্য, নীলিমা  
(C) ঐশ্বৰ্য্য - বিভূতি, বৈভৱ, সম্পদ  
(D) বাতি - দিবা, অৱগী, নিশাপতি
- ৯৩। দেৱালয় শব্দটিৰ সন্ধি ভাঙিলে তলত উল্লেখ কৰা কোনটো সন্ধি শুদ্ধ বাচনি কৰা-  
(A) দেৱা + লয় (B) দেৱাল + য  
(C) দেৱ + আলয় (D) দে + ৱালয়
- ৯৪। তলৰ কোনটো বিপৰীতাত্মক শব্দ অশুদ্ধ-  
(A) ধনী-দুখীয়া (B) জ্ঞানী-মূৰ্খ  
(C) বেগমল-কঠিন (D) ন্যায়-বিচাৰ
- ৯৫। “লোকলৈ বুলি ছল পুতি নিজে মৰে ফুটি”- এই অসমীয়া ফকৰা যোজনাটিৰ অৰ্থ-  
(A) পৰশ্ৰীকাতৰ লোক  
(B) পৰক আঘাত দিবলৈ চিন্তা কৰোতে নিজেই সেই আঘাত পোৱা  
(C) নিজৰ ভৰিত আঘাত পোৱা  
(D) আনক অযথা দুখ দিয়া
- ৯৬। ইংৰাজী "Reimbursement" শব্দটিৰ অসমীয়া অনুবাদ হ'ব-  
(A) পুনৰিলোকন (B) প্ৰাধিকৃত  
(C) প্ৰতি-পূৰ্ত্তি (D) পৰিসীমন

- ৯৭। ইংৰাজী "Original Jurisdiction" শব্দটিৰ অসমীয়া কি হ'ব?
- (A) প্ৰাক কলন (B) মূলক্ষেত্ৰ  
(C) প্ৰাৰম্ভিক ক্ষেত্ৰাধিকাৰ (D) পৰিসীমিত ক্ষেত্ৰাধিকাৰ
- ৯৮। "Locus-standi" এই লেটিন খণ্ডবাক্যটোৰ অসমীয়া অৰ্থ হ'ল-
- (A) প্ৰতিশোধৰ অধিকাৰ (B) স্থিৰতা নথকা  
(C) হস্তক্ষেপ কৰাৰ অধিকাৰ (D) চলিত প্ৰথা
- ৯৯। সোণৰ আ-অলংকাৰ বনোৱা লোকক কোৱা হয়-
- (A) মুদৈ (B) ঠাঠাৰি  
(C) সোণাৰী (D) মৰীয়া
- ১০০। "অসীমত যাৰ হেৰাল সীমা" গ্ৰন্থখন তলৰ কোনজন গ্ৰন্থকাৰে লিখিছিল?
- (A) হীৰেণ গোঁহাই (B) বিৰিঞ্চি কুমাৰ বৰুৱা  
(C) কাঞ্চন বৰুৱা (D) নৱকান্ত বৰুৱা

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