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OLYMPIAD EXPLORER



Workbook for

International **ENGLISH** Olympiad & Other
National/International Olympiads/Talent Search Exams.

Based on CBSE, ICSE, GCSE, State Board Syllabus & NCF (NCERT)

100's of Q's with answers

- Chapterwise Practice Q's
- Revision Q's
- Sample Paper



Class

12

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SYLLABUS GUIDELINES

**Based on CBSE, ICSE & GCSE Syllabus
& NCF guidelines devised by NCERT**

The paper will be essentially based on general english but may also contain reading an unseen passage and poem. Writing, Seminar, Text for detailed study, Drama, Fiction, Advanced, Reading Skills. Effective Writing Skills, Applied Grammer, Literature, Conversation Skills (Listening + Speaking)



Choose one alternative which is opposite in meaning to the given word.

- Q.1.** Valuable
(a) Lowly (b) Worthless
(c) Inferior (d) Invaluable
- Q.2.** Inimical
(a) Neutral (b) Emotional
(c) Friendly (d) Cheerful
- Q.3.** Meagre
(a) Extravagant (b) Excessive
(c) Average (d) Plentiful
- Q.4.** Equanimity
(a) Dubiousness (b) Resentment
(c) Excitement (d) Duplicity
- Q.5.** Beguile
(a) Flatter (b) Smile
(c) Persuade (d) Cheat
- Q.6.** Destiny
(a) Self-dependence (b) Fate
(c) Vulnerability (d) Chance
- Q.7.** Agony
(a) Ecstasy (b) Fear
(c) Pleasure (d) Bliss
- Q.8.** Subservient
(a) Straight forward (b) Supercilious
(c) Aggressive (d) Dominant
- Q.9.** Forbid
(a) Celebrate (b) Permit
(c) Provoke (d) Appreciate
- Q.10.** Punctilious
(a) Careless (b) Curious
(c) Irregular (d) Fussy
- Q.11.** Modicum
(a) Brazenness (b) Immodesty
(c) Simplicity (d) A large amount

- Q.12.** Mask
 (a) Expose (b) Hit
 (c) Deface (d) Injure
- Q.13.** Choice
 (a) Harm (b) Approval
 (c) Refusal (d) Dilemma
- Q.14.** Reserved
 (a) Popular (b) Companionable
 (c) Likeable (d) Talkative
- Q.15.** Inveterate
 (a) Ignorant (b) Inexperienced
 (c) Stupid (d) Uneducated
- Q.16.** Obsolete
 (a) Useless (b) Recent
 (c) Conducive (d) Rare
- Q.17.** Insanity
 (a) Lucidity (b) Sobriety
 (c) Sanity (d) Normality
- Q.18.** Churlish
 (a) Helpful (b) Happy
 (c) Accommodating (d) Polite
- Q.19.** Artificial
 (a) Authentic (b) Natural
 (c) Solid (d) Truthful
- Q.20.** Mundane
 (a) Heavenly (b) Excellent
 (c) Exciting (d) Superb

In each of the following sentences, a word has been written in bold out of the given alternatives. Choose the one which is closest to the opposite of the bold word

- Q.21.** The leader might have had some **covert** reason for the change of his political affiliations.
 (a) Obvious (b) Unjustifiable
 (c) Flimsy (d) Inexplicable
- Q.22.** It is surprising to find her **condoning** such an act.
 (a) Disliking (b) Forbidding
 (c) Disparaging (d) Condemning

- Q.23.** At least some students are in the habit of doing their exercises in a **slovenly** manner.
 (a) Decent (b) Correct
 (c) Neat (d) Proper
- Q.24.** Sanjay's point of view was correct but his behaviour with his father was quite **impertinent**.
 (a) Healthy (b) Respectful
 (c) Impressive (d) Smooth
- Q.25.** The deliberate **suavity** of Dev's behaviour made the emotions of the audience volatile.
 (a) Stupidity (b) Rudeness
 (c) Politeness (d) Impetuosity
- Q.26.** The momentum of the movement **slackened** in course of time.
 (a) Quickened (b) Stopped
 (c) Recovered (d) Multiplied
- Q.27.** **Misogynists** are not applauded in society.
 (a) Philanthropists (b) Philogynists
 (c) Philanderers (d) Philologists
- Q.28.** There was no **altruistic** motive that prompted him to help her.
 (a) Inhuman (b) Selfish
 (c) Wicked (d) Brutal
- Q.29.** He is very **timid** person.
 (a) Bold (b) Chivalrous
 (c) Dashing (d) Outgoing
- Q.30.** The treaty was **ratified** by the heads of states.
 (a) Destroyed (b) Annulled
 (c) Set aside (d) Unsettled

☺☺☺

ANSWERS

1. (b) 2. (c) 3. (d) 4. (c) 5. (c) 6. (a) 7. (a) 8. (d)
 9. (b) 10. (a) 11. (d) 12. (a) 13. (d) 14. (d) 15. (b) 16. (c)
 17. (c) 18. (d) 19. (b) 20. (c) 21. (a) 22. (d) 23. (a) 24. (b)
 25. (d) 26. (a) 27. (b) 28. (b) 29. (a) 30. (b)

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CHAPTER 2 Synonyms

Pick out the correct synonyms for each of the following words

- Q.1.** Extricate
(a) Tie (b) Complicate
(c) Pull (d) Free
- Q.2.** Interrogate
(a) To stop (b) To enter the gate
(c) To interfere (d) To question
- Q.3.** Jeopardy
(a) Adventure (b) Magic
(c) Enmity (d) Danger
- Q.4.** Troth
(a) Colourist (b) Disloyal
(c) Ego (d) Faith
- Q.5.** Ken
(a) Witness (b) Ignorance
(c) Knowledge (d) Trial
- Q.6.** Inordinate
(a) Subordinate (b) Excessive
(c) Extraordinary (d) Inanimate
- Q.7.** Insolent
(a) Proud (b) Assertive
(c) Nervous (d) Rude
- Q.8.** Inebriate
(a) Stupefied (b) Dreamy
(c) Drunken (d) Unsteady
- Q.9.** Placid
(a) Enjoyable (b) Dull
(c) Clear (d) Calm
- Q.10.** Vindictive
(a) Revengeful (b) Demonstrative
(c) Strategic (d) Triumphant
- Q.11.** Indict
(a) Allege (b) Reprimand
(c) Accuse (d) Condemn

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- Q.12.** Stamina
(a) Eagerness (b) Energy
(c) Endurance (d) Intensity
- Q.13.** Recall
(a) Face (b) Remember
(c) Speak (d) Receive
- Q.14.** Impertinent
(a) Thoughtless (b) Irritable
(c) Impudent (d) Sceptical
- Q.15.** Alert
(a) Observant (b) Energetic
(c) Watchful (d) Intelligent
- Q.16.** Supercilious
(a) Haughty (b) Angry
(c) Indifferent (d) Annoyed
- Q.17.** Counsel
(a) Oppose (b) Advise
(c) Correct (d) Publish
- Q.18.** Ascend
(a) Deviate (b) Grow
(c) Leap (d) Mount
- Q.19.** Ugly
(a) Evilsome (b) Repulsive
(c) Fearful (d) Hateful
- Q.20.** Harbinger
(a) Steward (b) Messenger
(c) Pilot (d) Forerunner

In each of the following questions, choose the alternative which can replace the word printed in bold without changing the meaning of the sentence.

- Q.21.** He tried to **cajole her**, but it was in vain.
(a) Rejoice (b) Inspire
(c) Enjoin (d) Coax
- Q.22.** Some people are extremely **fastidious** in their choice of dress.
(a) Discriminating (b) Careless
(c) Pompous (d) fussy
- Q.23.** Sumit **neglected** remitting the fees in time and therefore had to pay a fine.

- (a) Failed (b) Promised
(c) Exempted (d) Refused
- Q.24.** War always has a **baneful** effect on the people of a nation.
(a) Pernicious (b) Harmful
(c) Unpleasant (d) Foul
- Q.25.** People of different **persuasions** have met on the same platform.
(a) Qualifications (b) Convictions
(c) Personalities (d) Tastes
- Q.26.** The time I spent in the library was the most **rewarding** one.
(a) Profitable (b) Paying
(c) Precious (d) Serviceable
- Q.27.** Many species of animals have become **extinct** during the last hundred years.
(a) Scattered (b) Non-existent
(c) Feeble (d) Aggressive
- Q.28.** The President of the party **deprecated** the move of the Government to introduce electoral reforms in a haste.
(a) Denied (b) Protested
(c) Extricated (d) Humiliated
- Q.29.** He has a **propensity** for getting into debt.
(a) Natural tendency (b) Aptitude
(c) Characteristic (d) Quality
- Q.30.** For quick promotion, he hit on a plan to **propitiate** the Manager.
(a) Praise (b) Conciliate
(c) Evict (d) Incite



ANSWERS

1. (d) 2. (d) 3. (d) 4. (d) 5. (c) 6. (b) 7. (d) 8. (c)
9. (c) 10. (a) 11. (c) 12. (b) 13. (b) 14. (c) 15. (c) 16. (a)
17. (b) 18. (d) 19. (d) 20. (b) 21. (d) 22. (d) 23. (a) 24. (a)
25. (b) 26. (a) 27. (b) 28. (b) 29. (a) 30. (b)



CHAPTER 3 One Word Substitute

In each of the following questions, out of the four alternatives, choose the one which can be substituted for the given words/sentences.

- Q.1.** Land surrounded by water as to be almost an island
(a) Peninsula (b) Lagoon
(c) Archipelago (d) Isthmus
- Q.2.** A fixed orbit in space in relation to earth
(a) Geocentric (b) Geo-stationary
(c) Geological (d) Geo-synchronous
- Q.3.** One who possesses many talents
(a) Exceptional (b) Nubile
(c) Versatile (d) Gifted
- Q.4.** Word for word reproduction
(a) Verbatim (b) Photostat
(c) Copying (d) Mugging
- Q.5.** Story told to illustrate a moral or spiritual truth
(a) Paragon (b) Paradigm
(c) Didactic (d) Parable
- Q.6.** One who eats everything
(a) Omniscient (b) Omnivorous
(c) Omnipotent (d) Insolvent
- Q.7.** To move along with quick, short twisting of the body
(a) Wriggle (b) Crawl
(c) Swagger (d) Stumble
- Q.8.** That which cannot be done without
(a) Indispensable (b) Impossible
(c) Irrevocable (d) Impracticable
- Q.9.** A cure for all diseases
(a) Panacea (b) Antibiotic
(c) Exorcism (d) Incantation
- Q.10.** One who travels from place to place
(a) Journeyman (b) Tramp
(c) Itinerant (d) Mendicant

In each of the following questions, find out which one of the words given below the sentence can most appropriately replace

the group of words italicised in the sentence.

- Q.11.** The bus has to *go back and forth* every six hours.
 (a) Cross (b) Shuttle
 (c) Travel (d) Run
- Q.12.** Ravi impressed everyone with his *persuasive and fluent speech*.
 (a) Eloquence (b) Lecture
 (c) Discourse (d) Expression
- Q.13.** Rajesh was a *hater of learning and knowledge*.
 (a) Misanthropist (b) Bibliophile
 (c) Misogynist (d) Misologist
- Q.14.** We are *looking forward* to a good winter this year
 (a) Hoping (b) Predicting
 (c) Encouraging (d) Getting
- Q.15.** He spent a long time *cutting* all the waste paper *into pieces*.
 (a) Shredding (b) Disposing
 (c) Slashing (d) Ripping



ANSWERS

1. (a) 2. (b) 3. (c) 4. (a) 5. (d) 6. (b) 7. (a) 8. (a)
 9. (a) 10. (c) 11. (b) 12. (a) 13. (d) 14. (b) 15. (a)



CHAPTER 4 Correct Spelling

In each of the following questions, a word has been written in four different ways out of which only one is correctly spelt. Find the correctly spelt word.

- Q.1.** (a) Trenquility (b) Tranquility
 (c) Tranquillity (d) Trenquility
- Q.2.** (a) Vetenary (b) Veterinary
 (c) Vetniary (d) Vetarinary
- Q.3.** (a) Paralleled (b) Parralleled
 (c) Paralelled (d) Parallelled
- Q.4.** (a) Pitiaable (b) Pitiabale
 (c) Pitiaeble (d) Pitable
- Q.5.** (a) Ilustrious (b) Illustrious
 (c) Illusteous (d) Illistrrious
- Q.6.** (a) Perseverence (b) Preserverence
 (c) Perseverance (d) Preservarance
- Q.7.** (a) Commision (b) Comission
 (c) Commission (d) Commisson
- Q.8.** (a) Entrapreneur (b) Entrepreneur
 (c) Entreprenuer (d) Entrepraneur
- Q.9.** (a) Puerile (b) Purrile
 (c) Puerille (d) Puerrile
- Q.10.** (a) Forcast (b) Forecaste
 (c) Forecast (d) Forcaust
- Q.11.** (a) Corrupt (b) Currupt
 (c) Coruppt (d) Curropt
- Q.12.** (a) Comittee (b) Committee
 (c) Commettee (d) Committe
- Q.13.** (a) Sattelite (b) Satellite
 (c) Sattellite (d) Satellite
- Q.14.** (a) Pesanger (b) Passenger
 (c) Pasanger (d) Pascenger
- Q.15.** (a) Scripture (b) Scripcher
 (c) Scriptur (d) Skripture

In each question below, some words are given, one of which may be wrongly spelt. Find out that word where the spelling is wrong. If all the words are spelt correctly, your answer is (e) *i.e.* All correct.

- Q.16.** (a) Variety (b) Retalitate
(c) Conquer (d) Passenger
- Q.17.** (a) Honourable (b) Hooligan
(c) Homogenious (d) Honorarium
- Q.18.** (a) Imminent (b) Immature
(c) Imperative (d) Illicit
- Q.19.** (a) Advurtise (b) Periphery
(c) Indefinite (d) Courteous
- Q.20.** (a) Usable (b) Soluble
(c) Loveable (d) Manageable
- Q.21.** (a) Illegitimate (b) Illegible
(c) Illegal (d) Illitrate
- Q.22.** (a) Muslin (b) Disciplin
(c) Kiln (d) Masculine
- Q.23.** (a) Receive (b) Percieve
(c) Conceit (d) Deceit
- Q.24.** (a) Syllable (b) Seize
(c) Siege (d) Solmn
- Q.25.** (a) Personal (b) Proposal
(c) Proprietor (d) Personel



ANSWERS

1. (c) 2. (b) 3. (a) 4. (d) 5. (b) 6. (c) 7. (c) 8. (b)
9. (a) 10. (c) 11. (a) 12. (b) 13. (d) 14. (b) 15. (a) 16. (b)
17. (c) 18. (d) 19. (a) 20. (c) 21. (d) 22. (b) 23. (b) 24. (d)
25. (d)



International English Olympiad Sample Paper

Time : 1 Hour

Question : 50

Directions (1 to 5): Read each sentence to find out whether there is any grammatical error in it. The error if any will be one part of the sentence. The letter of that part is the answer. If there is no error, the answer will be 'e'. (Avoid the errors of punctuation, if any)

1. But to the vast majority of youth the dilemma is real. No Error.
a b c d e
2. Communal riots can prevent by providing the basic necessities
a b c
to the people. No Error.
d e
3. People do not save money like they used to though they are
a b c
considered to be more prosperous. No Error.
d e
4. Transport has been arranged to facilitate students in visiting the
a b c d
exhibition. No Error.
e
5. Corporal punishment at school stage is standing abolished today.
a b c d
No Error.
e

Directions (6 to 10): In the following items, some parts of the sentence have been jumbled up. You are required to re-arrange these parts which are labelled P, Q, R and S to produce the correct sentence. Choose the proper sequence and mark in your Answer Sheet accordingly.

6. 1. One of the major proposals
P: On March 21, among other
Q: to lead legislative bodies
R: approved by the OPEC conference
S: allows party leader
6. at every level of power.
(a) RQPS (b) RPSQ (c) PQRS (d) QPRS
7. 1. It was already late when they set out for the next town
P: as they climbed higher, rain began to fall, making it difficult
to see the road
Q: darkness fell soon after they left the venue
R: there they felt sure that they would find a bed for the night

- S: according to the map, it was about fifteen miles away on the other side of the hills
6. Sumit asked his brother to drive more slowly.
(a) SRQP (b) QPSR (c) RPQS (d) PQRS
8. 1. To provide employment
P: Scarcity Relief Work
Q: were launched
R: programmes
S: to the drought affected people
6. in Severly affected areas
(a) SPRQ (b) PQRS (c) RSPQ (d) SRPQ
9. 1. In non-violent activism,
P: He was the most
Q: personal simplicity
R: 'colourful disciple
S: and courage of conviction,
6. of Mahatma Gandhi
(a) SRQP (b) PRSQ (c) SQRP (d) QSPR
10. 1. To be met at an airport or other entry point to a country
P: who seem to dislike tourists
Q: or apathetic indifferent officials
R: of which different visitors are made
S: either by hostile officials
6. cannot endear a country to a foreigner.
(a) SPQR (b) QRSP (c) PQRS (d) SQPR

Directions (11 to 15): Read the passage and answer the following questions.

In terms of the total energy consumed by different sectors, the largest consumer is understandably the industrial sector, which accounts for nearly half the total energy used in the country today. This is followed by the transport sector which consumes about 25%, the household sector (about 14%) and the agricultural sector (about 9%). This last sector has shown considerable increase in energy use over the last four decades. Among the primary fuels, the relative promotion of coal has dropped from the earlier 80% to 40% and that of oil has gone up from 17% to 46% over the same period.

Total energy consumption in India today is equivalent to 245 million tons of oil of which 23% comes from wood. On a per capita basis it works out to about 1 litre of oil per day, which is extremely low by international standards. The future energy demand depends upon the level of development and also on the sections of people to be affected by it.

The energy disparity between the urban and the rural population is at present as wide as between nations on a world wide scale. There is apparently a greater need to provide energy in the rural areas and to improve the national figures for energy consumption, limiting its use to those who are getting the bulk share already.

With the projected rate of population growth, improving upon the per capita energy consumption is a Herculean task as our coal reserves and the capacity to import oil cannot be increased beyond a point. There is clearly no escape from the utilization of renewable energy source in a big way if the gap between the desired levels of energy supply and available resource has to be kept at the minimum.

11. Which of the following has been suggested by the author as the best possible solution to overcome energy crisis?
(a) exploration of oil reserves
(b) importing large quantities of coal
(c) maximization of renewable source
(d) reducing share of bulk users
12. Which of the following shows correctly the different sectors consuming energy arranged in ascending order?
(a) industrial, household, agriculture, transport
(b) industrial, transport, household, agriculture
(c) agriculture, household, transport, industrial
(d) agriculture, transport, household, industrial
13. "There is clearly no escape..." means
(a) there is hardly any alternative except
(b) there is a way out but it is ambiguous
(c) there is a problem but not without solution
(d) there is also no solution of this
14. The author feels that increasing per capita use of energy is
(a) rather difficult but not impossible
(b) a matter of great difficulty
(c) not at all desirable
(d) not easy but certainly achievable
15. Which of the following has been mentioned as a major hurdle in enhancing per capita consumption of energy in India?
(a) disparity in use of energy in rural and urban areas
(b) increased use of energy in agricultural sector
(c) present level of development in India
(d) none of the above

Directions (16 to 20): A paragraph with many numbered blank spaces is given. In case of all the spaces, some phrases for filling up are suggested. You have to pick up the correct response.

To live in a glasshouse and to throw stones at other people outside in an —16— of great pity. The people outside are to —17— with stones and smash the glass house into pieces —18— a man attacks others, he must form a rough idea of his own strength and —19— his own position is weak, no purpose will be served by his —20— an attack upon others.

16. (a)act (b) action (c) incident (d) occasion
 17. (a)resent (b) respond (c) retaliate (d) reverberate
 18. (a)when (b) before (c) if (d) as
 19. (a)wisdom (b) resources (c) weakness (d) intelligence
 20. (a)doing (b) forming (c) launching (d) considering

Directions (21 to 25): In each of the following questions idiomatic expression proverb has been given, which is followed by some alternatives. Choose the one which expresses the meaning of the given idiom/proverb.

21. The strike would have been successful but because of a **black sheep**.
 (a)one who is emotional (b) one who shows no sympathy
 (c)one who betrays (d) one who leads
22. As the master of the estate he **feathered his own nest**.
 (a)made money by dishonest means
 (b)make money
 (c)worked hard (d) built a house.
23. Do not **mince matters** tell the truth.
 (a)cut short (b) tell with frankness
 (c)keep secret (d) not to tell the whole truth.
24. Do not **blow your own trumpet**.
 (a)producing music (b) to boast
 (c)speaking what one likes (d) speaking unnecessarily
25. To **all intents and purposes** he is a good fellow.
 (a)practically (b) finally
 (c)above all (d) in practice

Directions (26 to 30): In the following questions, each word is followed by four options (a), (b), (c) and (d). Select the option which best expresses the meaning of the given word.

26. YOB:
 (a)humble (b) cruel
 (c)quarrelsome (d) aggressive

27. VENDETTA:
 (a)avenge (b) friendship (c) revenge (d) feud
28. MORDANT:
 (a)sarcastic (b) heresay (c) joking (d) ironic
29. CONSTRUE:
 (a)confuse (b) narrative (c) interpret (d) meaning
30. STALEMATE:
 (a)postpone (b) stoppage (c) blockade (d) deadlock

Direction (31 to 35): In the following questions, each word is followed by four options (a), (b), (c) and (d). Select the option which looks like the antonym of the given word.

31. AMELIORATE:
 (a)shorten (b) increase (c) worsen (d) decrease
32. VACILLATION:
 (a)utilised (b) truthful
 (c)usefulness (d) stead fastness
33. APPEASE:
 (a)animosity (b) rivalry
 (c)displeasure (d) agitate
34. CELIBACY:
 (a)celebrity (b) cherishing (c) matrimony (d) mourning
35. VANQUISH:
 (a)charge (b) debase (c) surrender (d) withdraw

Directions (36 to 40): In the following sentences, choose the most appropriate preposition.

36. I long— a quiet life in a hill station.
 (a)with (b) in (c) for (d) to
37. We marvelled—the tricks of the magician.
 (a)at (b) on (c) with (d) to
38. She provoked him—anger.
 (a)after (b) for (c) to (d) in
39. She has copied this letter word—word.
 (a)from (b) for (c) by (d) to
40. She is gifted—common sense.
 (a)with (b) by
 (c)over (d) on

INTERACTIVE SECTION

GLOSSARY

Direction : (Q. 41. to 50)

- Never again.** That's the phrase that should be written in lipstick on the bathroom mirror of every parent who has ever let teenagers give a party at home. Yet every weekend, thousands of parents not only agree to let their teenage children have a party at home, they also find themselves nodding happily and saying, 'Oh, well, if you're sure you want us to go out...'
- 05** This is what happened at Devanshi's 15th birthday party. Only now, 15 years later, can he and father talk about it. Laughing about it may take another 15 years.
- 10** The house started to fill up with her friends, and then a group of gatecrashers arrived. She can recall the glass front door being smashed and some of her older friends taking the key to her father's very expensive car and driving round the city. But the worst part was when her father came home and discovered that 30 computer games were missing. He telephoned the parents of all his daughter's friends. In the end, a boy from a very wealthy family brought them back.
- 'The whole thing was a **nightmare**.' Says Devanshi. 'The party was bad enough, but to have my dad ringing everyone like that, I was so embarrassed.'
- 20** Anu remembers a party she had. 'Someone filled the bath with water, then added tomato sauce, and everyone jumped in. They then went down to the beach to go swimming, where someone stole most of their clothes. At six in the morning, their poor parents received a phone call, asking them to come and collect them.'
- 25** Many parents return home to find their houses emptied of everything except the dog food. At the end of Manoj's party, his father (a policeman) came home to find some young guests had eaten a kilo packet of pistachio. He said he was going to test for **fingerprints** to find out who had opened the packet. The guilty boy admitted it immediately, and his parents were sent a bill.
- 30** So the advice to parents is - stay at home. Or prepare for a nightmare on your return.

Complete with words from the given article.

41. _____ (para 1) make-up women put on their mouth.
42. _____ (para 1) move your head up and down to say 'yes'
43. _____ (para 3) like a bad dream; a horrible real experience
44. _____ (para 6) mark made by the lines on your fingers.
45. _____ (para 6) Feeling of having done wrong/committed a crime.
46. _____ (para 2) to come uninvited
47. _____ (para 1) A young adult
48. _____ (para 2) to find out
49. _____ (para 4) semiliquid food substances.
50. _____ (para 7) guidance



ANSWERS

- | | | | | | | | |
|---------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|------------------|---------|---------|
| 1. (a) | 2. (b) | 3. (b) | 4. (d) | 5. (c) | 6. (b) | 7. (a) | 8. (a) |
| 9. (d) | 10. (d) | 11. (c) | 12. (c) | 13. (c) | 14. (b) | 15. (d) | 16. (a) |
| 17. (c) | 18. (b) | 19. (c) | 20. (d) | 21. (c) | 22. (a) | 23. (d) | 24. (b) |
| 25. (a) | 26. (d) | 27. (d) | 28. (a) | 29. (c) | 30. (d) | 31. (c) | 32. (d) |
| 33. (d) | 34. (d) | 35. (c) | 36. (c) | 37. (a) | 38. (c) | 39. (c) | 40. (a) |
| 41. Lipstick | | | | | 42. Nodding | | |
| 43. Nightmare | | | | | 44. Finger print | | |
| 45. Guilty | | | | | 46. Gatecrashers | | |
| 47. Teenage | | | | | 48. Discovered | | |
| 49. Sauce | | | | | 50. Advice | | |

