



Global English Olympiad

CLASS 4th SYLLABUS & SAMPLE QUESTIONS

Comprehension, Classification, Analogy, Correct Spelling, One Word Substitution, Jumbled Words and Sentences, Types of Sentences, Parts of Speech, Use of Possessive, Tense, Error Finding, One Word Substitution, Antonyms/Synonyms, Story and Paragraph Writing, Picture Composition, Functional English

The Actual Question Paper Contains 47 Questions. The Duration of the Test Paper is 67 Minutes.

Reading Comprehension:

Read the passage carefully and answer the question 1 and 2:

Superstition is the fear of what is unknown and mysterious. It is a worldwide phenomenon. It has come down to us from ancient times. Superstitions originated when man was helpless before nature. The element of fear and lack of scientific knowledge gave rise to superstitions. They are more deep rooted in India than in the other countries. Some superstitions are supposed to bring ill-luck and danger while some others are supposed to bring luck and happiness. Superstitions sometimes lead to horrifying crimes like child sacrifices and burning of women who are believed to be witches. One should follow a superstitions belief only if it has a logical as well as a scientific reasoning behind it.

1. What is the root cause of superstition?

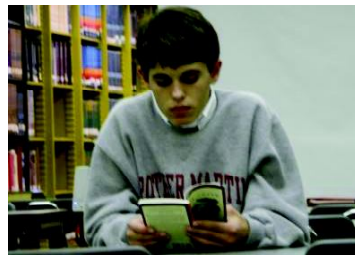
- (A) Fear
- (B) Lack of scientific knowledge
- (C) Rationalism
- (D) Both A and B
- (E) None of these

2. Superstition is linked to _____ and _____.

- (A) Ill luck and accident
- (B) Danger and accident

- (C) Ill luck and danger
- (D) All of these
- (E) None of these

3. Which one of the following options correctly describes the picture?



- (A) This is a library. You can't read books here. You can take books to your home. You can read newspaper here.
- (B) This is a library. You can read books here. You can take books to your home. You can not read newspaper here.
- (C) This is a library. You can read books here. You can take books to your home. You can read newspaper here.
- (D) All of these
- (E) None of these

Direction: Question 4 is based on analogy. Find the suitable match.

4. ADULT : CHILD::

- (A) Horse: Mare (B) Cat : Kitten
- (C) Swine : Sow (D) Human : Animal
- (E) Cow : Herd



5. **will/ again/ apologize/ never/ he/ I/ here/ If/ him/ not/ invite**

- (A) If he doesn't apologize, I will invite him never here again.
- (B) If he doesn't apologize, I will never invite him here again.
- (C) I will never invite him here again, he doesn't apologize.
- (D) None of these

6. **In the given sentence which pronoun can replace George?**

George has been working hard for last three months.

- (A) She (B) He
- (C) This (D) It
- (E) None of these

Direction: In question 7: Fill in the blanks with suitable preposition:

7. **Come _____ the sitting room, we want to watch TV.**

- (A) At (B) To
- (C) In (D) Into
- (E) None of these

Direction : In question 8 : Find the Synonyms of the word written in Capital Letters:

8. **SUGGEST**

- (A) Propose (B) Recognize
- (C) Convey (D) Forestay
- (E) None of these

Direction: Question 9 is based on conjunction. Select the correct option.

9. **In which one of the following options conjunction is used correctly with proper punctuation?**

- (A) I like fried chicken, but I really really love cous-cous.
- (B) She went to the shops but couldn't find anything she liked.
- (C) Everybody, but Tim was given a huge

- (D) All of these
- (E) None of these

Direction: In question 10 incorrect spelling of a word is given in the question. Choose the correct spelling from the options.

10. **Meritarius**

- (A) Meritarius (B) Meritorious
- (C) Meretarius (D) Meritoerius
- (E) None of these

11. **Fill I, II, III, IV with P, Q, R and S to make a meaningful comprehension:**

English grammar _____ of the English language. A language is such that its elements must be combined according to certain patterns.

The grammar ___II___approached in two different ways: descriptive, usually based on a systematic analysis of a large text corpus and ___III___thereupon;and prescriptive, which attempts to use the identified rules of a given language as a tool to govern the linguistic____IV_____.

P : describing grammatical structures

Q : Behaviour of speakers

R : Is the body of rules describing the properties

S : Of any language is commonly

Choose your answer from the given options:

I II III IV

- (A) P Q R S (B) R S P Q
- (C) S P R Q (D) R P Q S

Direction: In question 12 a grammatically incorrect sentence is given . Find the correct sentence from the options.

12. **You will learning a lesson.**

- (A) You will be learning a lesson.
- (B) You will be learnt a lesson.
- (C) You will be learn a lesson.
- (D) All of these
- (E) None of these



Direction: Question 13 is based on the Verb. Fill in the blanks with suitable verb.

13. Lina _____ to English class daily.

- (A) Go
- (B) Going
- (C) Gone
- (D) Goes
- (E) None of these

14. Which of the following Articles is/are called indefinite article(s)?

- (A) A
- (B) An
- (C) The
- (D) Both A and B
- (E) None of these

15. Given below the sentences in jumbled form. Rearrange them to make a meaningful paragraph.

- 1. It was supported by many eminent personalities and social reforms. English has made an invaluable contribution

towards the unification of the country. It has become an integral art in every section of society, be it government, media or education.

- 2. English is one of the most widely spoken languages across the world. In India, it was introduced by Lord Bentinck.
 - 3. It is taught in public as well as government schools. English is must for the Indians aspiring for higher education or seeking better job opportunities. It is very much a part of communication in urban society.
 - 4. Some people of Hindi speaking areas in India are against the usage of English. English is considered as a passport for a secure future.
- (A) 2, 1, 4, 3 (B) 4, 1, 2, 3
(C) 2, 1, 3, 4 (D) 4, 1, 3, 2
(E) None of these

ANSWERS

1. (D) 2. (C) 3. (C) 4. (B) 5. (B) 6. (A) 7. (D) 8. (A)
9. (B) 10. (B) 11. (B) 12. (A) 13. (D) 14. (D) 15. (C)