

44. Which of the following is NOT a good reason for coalition politics in India?
- A) Growth of regional political parties
 - B) Inability to represent India's diversity
 - C) Criminalisation of politics
 - D) Decline of national parties
45. Some of the features of Developing countries are given below:
1. Dependence on agriculture
 2. Population pressure and underemployment
 3. Low level of technology
 4. Lack of resources
- Select the incorrect feature/features using the code below:
- A) 2 only
 - B) 4 only
 - C) 1 and 3 only
 - D) 3 and 4 only
46. Which of the following party is an example of a dominant party system?
- A) BJP
 - B) African National Congress
 - C) British Conservative party
 - D) American Republican party
47. 'Mental Revolution' is related with ----- approach in Public Administration.
- A) Human Relations
 - B) Systems Approach
 - C) Scientific Management
 - D) Structural Functional
48. Who coined the term POSDCORB?
- A) Luther Gullick
 - B) Herbert Simon
 - C) Mooney
 - D) Riggs
49. The administration of Prismatic Society is known as ----- model
- A) Bazar-canteen
 - B) Sala Model
 - C) Heterogeneity
 - D) Nepotism
50. Who is the Chairman of the Second Administrative Reforms Commission in India?
- A) Morarjee Desai
 - B) Rajeev Gandhi
 - C) Veerappa Moily
 - D) Paul H Appleby
51. Who said: "By public administration is meant, in common usage, the activities of the executive branches of the national, state and local governments"?
- A) Marshall E. Dimock
 - B) Herbert Simon
 - C) L.D.White
 - D) Percy McQueen
52. Who among the following belongs to ecological approach to the study of public administration?
- A) Martin Landau
 - B) Alfred Diamant
 - C) Peter M. Blau
 - D) John M.Gaus

53. Who among the following termed Article 356 as a “safety valve”?
- A) Dr.Rajendra Prasad B) Dr. B.R. Ambedkar
C) Jawaharlal Nehru D) Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel
54. Which of the following statements on rational choice approach are correct?
1. It says decision-making process should be democratic
 2. It believes in institutional pluralism.
 3. It represents preferences with a utility function
 4. It involves assumptions about the environment in which choices are made
- Select the correct answer using the codes given below:
- A) 1, 2 and 3 only B) 2, 3 and 4 only
C) 3 and 4 only D) 1 and 2 only
55. Public choice approach opposes:
- A) Public administration dichotomy
B) Maximum functions of the government should be transferred to the private sector
C) Market forces are allowed to operate freely
D) Social Choice Theory
56. Who among the following talked about the politics of scarcity in India?
- A) Paul R. Brass B) Paul Wallace
C) Myron Weiner D) Morris Jones
57. Which one of the following is NOT a function of Union Public Service Commission of India?
- A) To advise the Government on matters regarding the method of recruitment
B) To conduct examinations, written as well as personality tests, for appointments to the civil services of the State governments
C) The Commission has to present to the President or the Governor, as the case may be, its annual report, with its recommendations.
D) To advise the government on matters relating to the suitability of judges to be appointed in Judicial Tribunals
58. Which of the following is NOT a function of civil service in India?
- A) Giving advice B) Policy formulation
C) Managing services D) Programme and operational planning
59. Which type of recruitment is most widely prevalent in modern states?
- A) Contract system B) Spoils system
C) Patronage system D) Merit system
60. Ombudsman was first introduced in:
- A) U.S.A B) U.K. C) Sweden D) France

94. The Chairman of the Central Administrative Tribunals in India holds office for a term of:
- Four years or up to the age 60 years
 - Four years or up to the age 62 years
 - Five years or up to the age of 65 years
 - Five years or up to the age of 67 years
95. Which of the following is a NOT a feature of bureaucracy envisaged by Max Weber?
- Each office has defined competence
 - Promotions are by merit only
 - Organised in hierarchy of offices
 - Officials are subject to discipline in the conduct of office
96. Where was the tradition of neutrality of public services developed?
- U.K.
 - U.S.A.
 - India
 - Canada
97. First five-year plan was launched in:
- 1950
 - 1951
 - 1952
 - 1953
98. Who has the credit of initiating public administration as a discipline?
- Woodrow Wilson
 - W.F. Willoughby
 - Marshall Dimock
 - L. Gullick
99. Elton Mayo emphasised on:
- Scientific management
 - Classical theory of administration
 - Behavioural science theory
 - Human aspect of administration
100. According to Karl Marx, “the history of all hitherto existing society is the history of class struggles”. This statement is from:
- The Communist Manifesto*
 - Capital*
 - Critique of Political Economy*
 - The Poverty of Philosophy*
101. Which of the following work is NOT written by V.I.Lenin?
- The State and Revolution*
 - Marxism and the National Question*
 - What Is to Be Done?*
 - The Right of Nations to Self-Determination*
102. One of the aims of Mao’s Cultural Revolution was:
- Party must not be separated from the popular masses
 - To remove the bourgeois element in government through class struggle
 - Contradictions must be removed from the society
 - To expand economic development in rural areas

103. Antonio Gramsci's "hegemony" is closely connected to:
 A) Political party B) Power
 C) Military D) Civil society
104. Which of the following statement is NOT from John Rawls' theory of justice:
 A) Justice as the first virtue of social institutions
 B) Justice as fairness
 C) Morality is part of justice
 D) Idea of the original position
105. *Arthashastra* of Kautilya is more about:
 A) Politics B) Grammar
 C) Administration D) Power of the state
106. Gandhian concept of *Ramarajya* is based on:
 A) Self-help, sacrifice and discipline
 B) Sacrifice, truth and decentralisation
 C) Self-help, development of villages and ahimsa
 D) Sacrifice, truth and discipline
107. According to M.N.Roy which of the following is the essence of human existence:
 A) Rights B) Justice
 C) Moral values D) Freedom
108. Jayaprakash Narayan is also known as:
 A) Socialist leader B) Sarvodaya leader
 C) Peasants leader D) Nationalist leader
109. Which of the following statement is correct about post-behaviouralism?
 A) The need to study social change
 B) Seeking scientific precision by quantification
 C) Political behaviour of individuals and groups
 D) Emphasizes the collection of observable data and the use of statistical analysis
110. Who defined political socialisation as 'those developing processes through which persons acquire political orientations and patterns of behaviour'?
 A) Easton and Dennis
 B) Rush and Althoff
 C) Almond and Verba
 D) Almond and Powell
111. *Political Man* is written by :
 A) Edward Shils B) James S. Coleman
 C) Walt W. Rostow D) Martin Lipset

