

17216 120 MINUTES

1.	The 1	battle fought immediately after the cor	iquest o	of Makkah in 630 AD was:							
	A)	Tabuk	B)	Hunayn							
	C)	Bu'ath	D)	Fijar							
2.		ording to Sharia code of law, in the prefinheritance of husband's property?	esence (	of children, how much is the portion of wife							
	A)	One eighth	B)	One half							
	C)	One fourth	D)	One sixth							
3.	How	How did Akbar get rid of the authority of the Ulema?									
	A)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·									
	B)	He appointed Hindus to the highest	-	<u>=</u>							
	C) D)	<ul> <li>C) He invited the representatives of all religions for religious debates at the Ibadat Khana</li> <li>D) He issued an infallibility decree in 1579</li> </ul>									
4.	Mew	ar accepted the Suzerainty of the Mug	hals du	aring the reign of:							
	A)	Akbar	B)	Jahangir							
	Ć)	Shah Jahan	Ď)	Aurangzeb							
5.	In M	In Mughal period Zamindars were:									
	A)	Land owners	B)	Jagirdars							
	C)	Labourers	D)	Revenue plunderers							
6.	Mahmud Gawan was a Prime Minister of the:										
	A)	Delhi Sultanate	B)	Bahmani Kingdom							
	C)	Mughal Empire	D)	Vijaynagar Kingdom							
7.	To w	To which Sufi order did the famous saint of Bihar, Makhdum Shaykh Yahya Maneri belong?									
	A)	Chistiyah	B)	Kubrawiyah							
	C)	Qadiriyah	D)	Firdausiyah							
8.	Bahmani Kingdom in South India was extinguished in the:										
	A)	Beginning of 16th century	B)								
	C)	Beginning of 17th century	D)	Later half of 17th century.							
9.	Who	among the following was known as 'l	Frontie	r Gandhi'?							
	A)	Sir Syed Ahmad Khan	B)	Syed Ameer Ali							
	C)	Abul Kalam Azad	D)	Khan Abdul Ghaffar Khan							
10.				jaynagar Empire come into existence?							
	A)	Ghiyasuddin Tughlaq	B)	Mohammed-bin-Tughlaq							
	C)	Firoze Shah Tughlaq	D)	Nasiruddin Mahmud Shah							

- 11. Which of the following stands for 'Iqta'?
  - A) Law of primogeniture
  - B) Crown land donated to army officers
  - C) State's share in the war booty
  - D) The grant of revenue from a territory in lieu of salary
- 12. What was Muhammad's teaching with respect to the revelations of other monotheistic religions?
  - A) Muhammad accepted the earlier Christian revelations, but rejected completely any influence from Judaism.
  - B) Muhammad stressed that only his own revelations had merit and that others were works of the devil.
  - C) Muhammad accepted the earlier Judaic revelations, but rejected completely any influence from Christianity.
  - D) Muhammad accepted the validity of earlier Christian and Judaic revelations and taught that his own revelations were a final refinement and reformulation of earlier ones.
- 13. What was the Umayyad attitude to other religions?
  - A) The Umayyads displayed tolerance towards the religions of dhimmi peoples.
  - B) The Umayyads converted to Christianity, but continued to permit the open worship of Islam.
  - C) Zoroastrians and Hindus were never accepted.
  - D) Christianity and Judaism were suppressed as heresies, but other communities were permitted to retain their religions.
- 14. What was the impact of the Seljuk conquest of Baghdad on the Abbasid Empire?
  - A) The imposition of a Christian government in the name of the Abbasid Caliphs temporarily restored order.
  - B) The Seljuks abandoned the Middle East for further conquests in the Indian subcontinent.
  - C) It actually restored the ability of the empire to meet the challenges of Egypt and the Byzantine Empire.
  - D) The Empire continued to crumble as a result of the military successes of Fatimid Egypt and the Byzantine Empire.
- 15. Which of the following is NOT correct in describing cultural influences on Islam?
  - A) Persian literature deeply influenced Islamic literary works.
  - B) Indian numerals had a profound influence on the development of mathematical thinking among Muslims.
  - C) The caliphs adopted Persian ideas of kingship.
  - D) Greek rational reasoning had a long-lasting influence on the theological development of Islam.

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Vienna was brought under Ottoman rule in: A) 1521 AD B) 1526 AD C) 1529 AD D) 1542 AD C3. The Ottoman Caliph deposed by Mustafa Kemal was: A) Sultan Abdul Majeed II B) Sultan Vehiduddin C) Abdul Hameed I D) Muhammad V C4. Al- Qayrawan was founded by: A) Musa bin Nusayr B) Abdur Rahman I C) Uqbah ibn Nafi D) Tariq bin Ziyad C5. Andalusian Umayyad Emirate was established in the year: A) 711 AD B) 738 AD C) 743 AD D) 756 AD C6. The river Dijlah is:		,			ŕ								
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25. Andalusian Umayyad Emirate was established in the year: A) 711 AD B) 738 AD C) 743 AD D) 756 AD 26. The river <i>Dijlah</i> is:			•		,	Tario	ı bin Ziyad						
A) 711 AD B) 738 AD C) 743 AD D) 756 AD 26. The river <i>Dijlah</i> is:		,	1		,	-	. ,						
A) 711 AD B) 738 AD C) 743 AD D) 756 AD 26. The river <i>Dijlah</i> is:	25.	Anda	ılusian Umayyad Emi	rate was	established in	the year	·•						
26. The river <i>Dijlah</i> is:						•		D)	756 AD				
y		,		,		,		,					
·	26.	The 1	river <i>Dijlah</i> is:										
			•	B)	Euphrates	C)	Nile	D)	Tigris				

27.	Bukh	nara is presently situated in:								
	A)	Kazakhstan	B)	Uzbekistan						
	C)	Azerbaijan	D)	Turkmenistan						
28.	Tamerlane (Taimur) established his dynasty by subduing:									
	A)	Golden Hordes	B)	Chagatai Khanates						
	C)	Ghazanavids	D)	Ilkhanids						
29.	The o	city of Merv, a springboard to the co	nquest of	f Central Asia, is situated in:						
	A)	Kazakhstan	B)	Kirghizstan						
	C)	Tajikistan	D)	Turkmenistan						
30.	Salonika gained prominence in the Turkish History due to:									
	A)									
	B)	•								
	C)	Exile of the Last Ottoman Caliph								
	D)	None of the above								
31.	Ibn Athir was the renowned:									
	A)	Historian	B)	Philosopher						
	C)	Political thinker	D)	Jurist (Faqih)						
32.	Abdu	Abdur Rahman ibn Muljam was:								
	A)	Governor of Yaman appointed by	Prophet	Muhammad (SAW)						
	B)	, 1								
	C)	,								
	D)	Founder of a Druze sect.								
33.	The Muslim jurist imprisoned on Mihna was:									
	A)	Mansur al- Hajjaj	B)	Dhun nun Misri						
	C)	Ahmad bin Hanbal	D)	Ibn Jarir Tabari						
34.	Saddam Hussein, dictatorial President of Iraq was associated with:									
	A)	Arab Socialist Ba'ath Party	B)	National Democratic Party						
	C)	Worker Communist Party	D)	Popular Unity Party						
35.	Title	al- Ustadh is ascribed to:								
	A)	Ibn Sina	B)	Al- Biruni						
	C)	Al- Farabi	D)	Ibn Tufayl						
36.	Strait	t of Gibraltar is a part of:								
	A)	Asia	B)	Africa						
	C)	Europe	D)	All of the above						
37.	The	word <i>Tatar</i> in Muslim History is refe	erred to:							
	A)	Persian	B)	Mongol						
	C)	Arabs	D)	African slaves						

38.		fied palace city Madin					<b>D</b> )	<i>C</i> 1				
	A)	Baghdad	B)	Isfahan	C)	Samarra	D)	Cordova				
39.	Muh	ammad Ali Pasha took	the title	e of:								
	A)	Rashidi	B)	Misri	C)	Albani	D)	Khedive				
40.	The S	Seljuk Sultan credited	with the	Turkish settle	ement of	Anatolia was:						
	A)	Tughril Bey	B)	Alp Arslan	C)	Malik Shah I	D)	Sanjar				
41.	Who	earned the prestigious	s title 'th	ne Philosopher	of the A	rabs':						
	A)	al- Kindi		B)	Ibn S	ina						
	C)	Al- Farabi		D)	Al- C	Shazzali						
42.	Mud	Mudejar are:										
	A)	Muslims minority of	of Spain	after 1492								
	B)	Neo-Muslim comm	unity of	Muslim Spain	1							
	C)	Non-Muslim comm	nunity of	Muslim Portu	ıgal							
	D)	None of the above										
43.	Ibn F	Hazm's was dogmatica	ally asso									
	A)	Mutazilism	B)	Asharism	C)	Maturidism	D)	Zahirism				
44.	Whic	ch country in Arabic is	s called a	as 'Urdunn'?								
	A)	Iraq	B)	Jordan	C)	Libya	D)	Lebanon				
45.	Al- Nabighah al- Dhubiyāni was:											
	A)	Famous philosophe	r of Bag	hdad								
	B)	Famous poet of pre	-Islamic	Arabia								
	C)	Leader of the tribe of Banu Qaynuyah										
	D)	Name ascribed to n	nembers	of the Shurah	Council	under pious cal	liphate					
46.	Battl	e of Hattin was fought	t in the y	ear:								
	A)	1171 AD		B)	1187	AD						
	C)	1206 AD		D)	1292	AD						
47.	The statement(s) which is/are in conformity with the tragedy of Karbala:											
	A)	Grandson of Prophe	et Muha	mmad (SAW)	Husayn	bin Ali was kill	led in 6	80				
	B)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·										
	C)											
	D)	All the above are co	orrect									
48.	Ghaz	znavid dynasty was est	tablished	l by defeating	the Kabı	ıl Shahi ruler:						
	A)	Jayapala		B)	Jaich	and						
	C)	Hutpal		D)	Anan	dapala						
49.	The 1	number of dynasties th	nat const	itute Deccan S	Sultanate	were:						
	A)	3	B)	5	C)	8	D)	11				

50.	'Lion A)	of Mysore' Tipu Sul Srirangapatna	ltan's toı B)	nb is situated a Mysore	t: C)	Gulbarga	D)	Bidar			
	11)	Sinungapatna	D)	14135010	C)	Guiourgu	D)	Didui			
51.		ali is a form of:		<b>.</b>	~``	_		G 01 1			
	A)	Architecture	B)	Painting	C)	Dance	D)	Sufi order			
52.	Sayy	id Zain Hamid Cheru	seethi Tl	hangal was the	sufi of:						
	A)	Chishtiyyah Tariqa	ıth	B)	Qada	ariyah Tariqath	1				
	C)	Naqshbandiyah Ta	riqath	D)	Suhr	awardiyah Tar	iqath				
53.	Muh	yadheen Mala was co	mposed	by:							
	A)	Shaykh Abdul Qad	ir Jilani	B)	Juna	yd Baghdadi					
	C)	Khazi Muhammad		D)	None	e of the above					
54.	Ghul										
	A)	Abul Kalam Azad		B)	Shib	li Numani					
	C)	Shah Waliullah De	hlavi	D)	Qasi	m Nanautavi					
55.	Nadv	at al- Ulema was orig	ginally es	stablished in:							
	A)	Aligarh	B)	Lucknow	C)	Deoband	D)	Kanpur			
56.	Pre-I	slamic Minaean King	dom wa	s centered at:							
	A)	Yemen	B)	Bahrayn	C)	Shām	D)	Yathrib			
57.	'Arabia Felix' for Roman Empire was:										
	A)	Shām	B)	Hejaz	C)	Yemen	D)	Persia			
58.	Which Himyarite King made Judaism as the state religion?										
	A)	Imr'ul Qays		B)	_	m al- Tayyi					
	C)	Muqawqis		D)	Dhu	Nuwas					
59.	Arabian peninsula is situated at the of Asia										
	A)	South East		B)	Sout	h West					
	C)	North East		D)	None	e of these					
60.	The ninth year of the Hijrah is referred in Islamic History as:										
	A)	Year of Elephant		B)	Year	of Deputation	S				
	C)	Year of Embassies		D)	Year	of Sorrow					
61.	Khali	id bin Walid belonged	d to the t	ribe of:							
	A)	Hashim		B)	Uma	• •					
	C)	Makhzum		D)	Kina	na					
62.	The f	First caliph to abdicate	the cali	phate was:							
	A)	Hazrat Ali		B)		at Hassan					
	C)	Hazrat Hussain		D)	None	e of the above					

63.	The to	omb of Hazrat Abu A	yub Ans	sari is situated at	:						
	A)	Ankara	B)	Madina	C)	Istanbul	D)	Busra			
64.	Tulun	nids were:									
	A)	Palestinian Dynasty	y	B)	Syria	ın Dynasty					
	C)	Iraqi Dynasty		D)	Egyp	otian Dynasty					
65.	The fi	irst Muslim Governo	r of Spai	n was:							
	A)	Ta'arif		B)	Tario	ı bin Ziyad					
	C)	Abdul Aziz		D)	Abdu	ır Rahman ad	Dakhil				
66.	Hisha	Hisham bin Abdur Rehman is credited with introducing rite in Spain									
	A)	Hanafi	B)	Shafi'i	C)	Hanbali	D)	Maliki			
67.	The b	eautiful palace <i>Madi</i>	nah al- Z	<i>Zahra</i> was built b	oy:						
	A)	Abdur Rahman III		B)	Abdu	ır Rahman I					
	C)	Abdur Rahman II		D)	Wali	d bin Abdul M	Ialik				
68.	In wh	ose favour Ottoman	Sultan B	ayazid II abdicat	ted his	throne:					
	A)	Sultan Muhammad	II	B)	Sulta	ın Sulayman tl	ne Magni	ficent			
	C)	Sultan Selim I		D)	Sulta	n Murad II					
69.	White	e Sheep Turkmen are	better kı	nown in the anna							
	A)	Qara Quyunlu		B)	Aq Ç	<b>Q</b> uyunlu					
	C)	Berbers		D)	Mam	ıluks					
70.	Khana	ate of Khiva was four	nded at:								
	A)	Bukhara		B)		arezm					
	C)	Moscow		D)	Sama	arqand					
71.		ids were:									
	A)	Twelver Shia		B)		ner Shia					
	C)	Fiver Shia		D)	Four	er Shia					
72.		rt of Lions' was situat	ted in:								
	A)	Seville		B)	Cord						
	C)	Gibraltar		D)	Gran	ada					
73.		h of the following sta					rue?				
	A)	It was an intellectu									
	B)	It was for re-install			-						
	C)	It was welcomed by	y the Ind	ian political free	edom f	äghters					
	D)	All of these									
74.	A tras	gic episode namely th	ne Monni	ila Rebellion or t	the Ma	alabar Rebellic	n occurr	ed in:			
,	A)	1911 AD	B)	1919 AD	C)	1920 AD	D)	1921 AΓ			
	,		,		,	•	,				

75.	The (A)	city associated with the Coimbatore	he Wagon B)	Tragedy is: Kannur	C)	Calicut	D)	Kochi				
76.	The IA)	eader of the Khudai Maulana Abul Kal Khan Abdul Ghaf	lam Azad	ar was: B) D)		ammad Ali Ji llama Iqbal	nnah					
77.		Battuta was the native			<b>C</b> )		<b>D</b> )	T 1'				
	A)	Egypt	B)	Morocco	C)	Iraq	D)	India				
78.	Nahd A)	latul Ulama a socio-r 1910 AD	eligious m B)	novement of Ir 1926 AD	ndonesia C)	was establish 1939 AD	hed in: D)	1954 AD				
79.	Chul	Chularatchamontri is a Thai equivalent of:										
. , .	A)	Amir al- Mominee	-	B)	Shav	kh al- Islam						
	C)	Khalifah al- Islam  D) None of the above										
80.	The e	The earliest mosque erected in Japan is:										
	A)	Kobe mosque		B)	Tokv	o mosque						
	C)	Asakusa Mosque		D)	•	Masjid						
81.	Islam	n in Philippines was i	ntroduced	l in:								
	A)	12 <sup>th</sup> Century AD		B)	13 <sup>th</sup> (	Century AD						
	C)	14 <sup>th</sup> Century AD		D)	15 <sup>th</sup> (	Century AD						
82.	Philo	Philosophical work 'Hayy ibn Yaqdhan' was authored by:										
	A)	Ibn Sina		B)	Al- C	Shazzali						
	C)	Al- Farabi		D)	Ibn Tufayl							
83.	Ibn a	Ibn al- Haytham is known for his remarkable contribution to:										
	A)	Geography		B)	Math	ematics						
	C)	Philosophy		D)	Unive	ersal History						
84.	Whic	ch among the following	ng is the o	oldest degree a	warding	Islamic univ	ersity?					
	A)	Jamiah al- Azhar,	001	B)		arawiyyin, N						
	C)	Madarsah al- Niza	miyyah, I	raq D)	None	of the above	;					
85.	Ayas	ofya Museum in Ista	nbul was o	originally a:								
	A)	Church		B)		gogue						
	C)	Mosque		D)	Mona	astery						
86.	_	ur name for the Tarir	n Basin is									
	A)	Ikishahr		B)	Altisl							
	C)	Beşshahr		D)	Yedis	shahr						

87.	Tafsir al- Jalālayn is the work of:										
	A)	A) Jalal al- Din al- Rumi and Jalal al- Din al- Suyuti									
	B)	Jalal al- Din al- Rumi and Jalal al- Din al- Mahalli									
	C)	Jalal al- Din al- Mahalli and Jalal	al- Din a	al- Suyu	ti						
	D)	Jalal al- Din al- Suyuti and Jalal a		•							
88.	Ahm	Ahmad Kasravi Tabrizi laid the foundation of:									
	A)	Ahmadiyyah movement	B)	Pakd	ini movement						
	C)	Vilayet - i - Faqih movement	D)		an Islamic Rev	olution	of 1979				
89.	Ribli	ical name of the Prophet Ayyub is:									
0).	A)	Jacob B) Seth	1	C)	Aaron	D)	Job				
	11)	<i>Jacob B)</i> Sen	1	C)	Maron	D)	300				
90.	European philosophical theologian Thomas Aquinas was inspired by:										
	A)	Ibn Rushd	B)	Ibn S							
	C)	Al- Farabi	D)	Al- (	Ghazzali						
91.	'Duhat al- Islam' title ascribed to Amr ibn al- Ās means:										
	A)	Political genius	B)	Theo	ologian						
	C)	Apostate	D)	None	e of the above						
92.	Whic	ch sect upheld the notion of the beating	fic vision	n of Alla	ah Almighty?						
	A)	Khariji	B)		ızilah						
	C)	Mushabbiha	D)		riyah						
93.	The	The philosophical work 'Mirat al- Arifeen' is ascribed to:									
,,,	A)	Ali bin Abi Talib	B)		n bin Ali						
	C)	Husayn bin Ali	D)		al- Abideen						
0.4	, G	•	•								
94.		Constitutional Revolution of Iran took place between:									
	A)	1885 and 1892	B)		and 1911						
	C)	1914 and 1942	D)	1961	and 1979						
95.	Whic	Which dynasty preceded the present Saudi dynasty?									
	A)	Rashidi	B)	Wah							
	C)	Muwahhidun	D)	Mura	abitun						
96.	Zahi	ri is a term applied to the one:									
	A)	Who believes Allah is Zahir									
	B)	Who believes Imam is Zahir									
	C)	<b>,</b>									
	D)										
97.	Whia	ch among the following is <b>not</b> the de	rivative	mode of	f Fiah?						
- · •	A)	Amal	B)		aleh Mursal						
	C)	Istislah	D)	Istih							
	- /		- /								

98.	The in A) B) C) D)	They were the descendents of Banu Ahmar They were the only European Muslims to counter crusades Lisan al- Din Ibn al- Khatib was their vizier It was last Muslim dynasty of Spain									
99.	Nizam	al- Mulk Tusi was as	sassinat	ed by:							
	A)	A Khariji			B)	A Mu	utazili				
	C)	A Hashisheen			D)	A Se	ljuq				
100.	Which A)	biblical and Qur'ānic Yunus	Prophe B)	t was Yusuf		ly rela C)	ted to the Sabao Sulayman	ean King D)	gdom: Musa		
101.	With which profession was Hajjaj bin Yusuf Thaqafi associated?										
	A)	Ironsmith	B)	Mason	ry	C)	Teaching	D)	Judiciary		
102.	Al- M	asudi is also famous as	s:								
	A)	Philosopher of the A	rabs		B)	Hero	dotus of the Ar	abs			
	C)	Geographer of the Ar	rabs		D)	Gree	k of the Arabs				
103.	Thana	ullah Amritsari was as	sociated	d with:							
	A)	Jamait - i – Islami			B)	Ahle	Hadith				
	C)	Qadiyani			D)	Deob	oand				
104.	'Asma al- Rijal' is:										
	A)	Science of the verification of the data of older civilization									
	B)	Science of determining the authenticity and genuineness of Prophetic traditions									
	C)	Science of observation related to universe									
	D)										
105.	The tr	ee considered 'Queen'	amongs	st the Ai	abian I	Flora:					
	A)	Pomegranate			B)	Date					
	C)	Watermelon			D)	Bana	na				
106.	Al- Qi	itami the celebrated po	oet flour	ished du	ıring:						
	A)	Rashidun period			B)	Uma	yyad period				
	C)	Abbasid period			D)	Ottor	man period				
107.	The St	urah that details out the	e expen	diture of	f Sadaq	ah is:					
	A)	Surah Baqarah			B)	Sural	n Maida				
	C)	Surah Aley Imram			D)	Sural	n Taubah				
108.	Faruqi	Dynasty was the part	of:								
	A)	Khandesh Sultanate			B)	Delh	i Sultanate				
	C)	Ottoman Sultanate			D)	Sulta	nate of Oman				

109.	Horn (A) C)	of Africa is geographica Northeast Africa East-West Africa	ally loca	ated in:	B) D)		vest Africa vest Africa		
110.	Bahri I A) C)	Mamluk ruled over Eg 1250-1517 1250-1382	ypt betv	ween:	B) D)	1382-1 None o	517 of the above		
111.	Kanen A)	n-Bornu or Sayfawa Dy Somalia	ynasty v B)	was esta Ethiop		at: C)	Nigeria	D)	Libya
112.	<ul> <li>The caliphate that was established as a result of Fulani War:</li> <li>A) Ottoman Caliphate</li> <li>B) Fatimid Caliphate</li> <li>C) Islamic State of Iraq and Syria Caliphate</li> <li>D) Sokoto Caliphate</li> </ul>								
113.	'Nuzho A)	at al-mushtāq fi'khtirāq Al- Idrisi	q al-āfā B)	q' is the Al- Ma		ated wor	rk by: Al- Istakhri	D)	Al- Biruni
114.	The re A)	gion ruled by the Aghl Sindh	abids or B)	n behalf Merv	of Abb	oasid Ca C)	lliphate was: Anatolia	D)	Ifriqiyah
115.	<ul> <li>The term <i>Taifa</i> denotes:</li> <li>A) Independent Muslim dynasty in Spain</li> <li>B) Honorary title for the Christian Noble of Muslim Spain</li> <li>C) An artillery unit of the Muslim army</li> <li>D) None of the above</li> </ul>								
116.	By cre A)	ed Mulla Sadra was: Shia	B)	Mutazi	ili	C)	Ashari	D)	Khariji
117.	The autobiographical work of al- Ghazzali is:  A) Ihya al- Ulum al- Din  B) Nasihat al- Muluk C) Mishkat al- Anwar  D) Al- Munqidh min al- Dhalal								
118.	Filipin A)	o Muslims are: Moors	B)	Moros		C)	Philipi	D)	Musalli
119.	Tanzir A) C)	nat movement was star Sultan Muhammad II Sultan Abdul Majid I	I	ing the 1 B) D)	Sultan	f: Selim I Abdul			
120.	The sta A) B) C) D)	Regarded as the most Had granted remission Was born of Christian Served as Caliph from	pious C n of tax n woma	Caliph a es impo n 20 AD	mong tl	neo-Mu			