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Code No: A2EC01

MLR INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY

(An Autonomous Institution) I B.Tech I Sem Regular Examinations, December -2016 **NETWORK ANALYSIS** (ECE)

Time: 3hours

Max.Marks:75

Note: 1. This question paper contains two parts A and B.

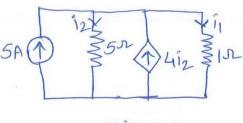
- 2. Part A is compulsory which carries 25 marks. Answer all Questions in Part A.
- 3. Part B consists of 5 units. Answer any one full question from each unit. Each question carries 10 Marks and may have a,b,c as sub sections.

PART-A

- 1. a) A current source of 3A is connected in parallel with a practical voltage source of 6V having **2M** internal resistance 10Ω . Find the effective voltage across the current source.
 - b) A network contains only independent current sources and resistors. Find the values of node 2M voltages, if the values of all resistors are doubled.
 - c) A series circuit has $R = 4\Omega$ and L = 10mH. Find the impedance offered by the circuit when **2M** excited with voltage of 50 Hertz frequency.
 - d) State Reciprocity theorem. 2M
 - e) Draw the dual of the series RLC circuit excited by a voltage source. 2M
- a) Illustrate the relationship between voltage and current operation in (i) Resistor (ii) Inductor and 3M (iii) Capacitor
 - b) Each branch of Delta circuit has an impedance of 3 Ω . Find the each branch impedance of the **3M** equivalent Star circuit.
 - c) A 4 Ω resistor is connected to a 10 mH inductor across a 100V, 50 Hz voltage source. Find (i) 3M Input current (ii) Power factor and (iii) Real Power consumed by the circuit.
 - d) Which Theorem is best suited for examining the active network under different load **3M** conditions? Justify your answer.
 - e) Discuss the effect of increase of resistance in a RLC series circuit on (i) Bandwidth (ii) 3M Resonant Frequency and (iii) power factor

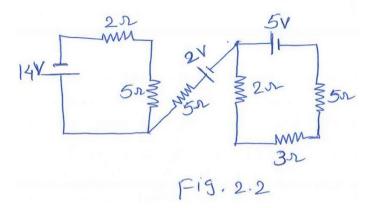
PART – B

3. a) Find the current i_1 and i_2 in the circuit of Fig. 2.1



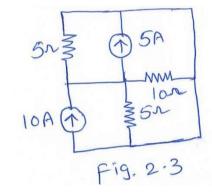
F19.2.

 $4\mathbf{M}$

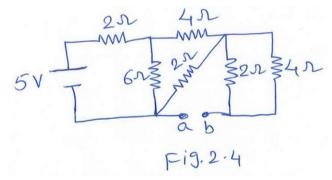


OR

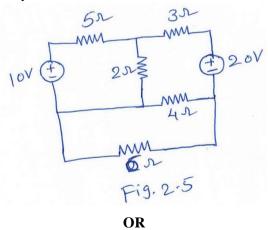
4. a) Determine the voltage across 10 Ω resistor in Fig. 2.3



b) Determine the voltage V_{b-a} in the network shown in Fig. 2.4



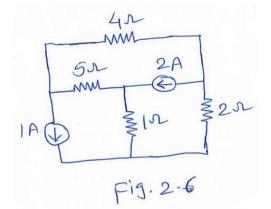
5. Using Mesh analysis, find the current flowing through 2 Ω resistor in the circuit of Fig. 2.5 **10M** and thus power consumed by it.



6. In the network configuration of Fig. 2.6, find the current and voltage drop in 5 Ω resistor **10M** using Nodal analysis.

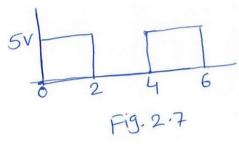
6M

 $4\mathbf{M}$



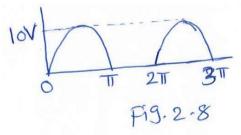
- 7. Illustrate the relationship between Real, Reactive and Apparent Powers. Write the expressions 4Ma) for these. Also, write the expression for power factor.
 - Find the average and RMS values of the periodic wave form shown in Fig. 2.7 b)



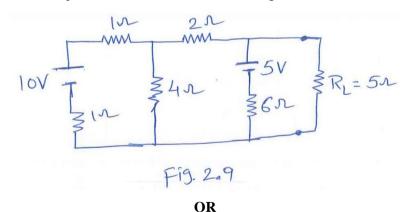




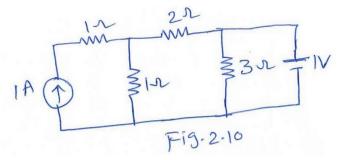
- A series RLC circuit of R = 3 Ω , L = 7 Ω and C = 3 Ω is excited by a sinusoidal voltage 8. a) 4Msource of $50 \angle 0^0 V$ supply. Find the total power consumed and power factor of the circuit. **6M**
 - Find the average and RMS values of the periodic wave form shown in Fig. 2.8 b)



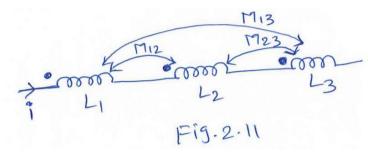
9. Draw the Thevenin's equivalent of the circuit shown in Fig. 2.9 and find the load current. **10M**



10. Find the current through 2Ω resistor in the circuit shown in Fig. 2.10 using Superposition **10M** Theorem.



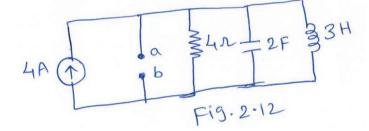
11. a) Find the total impedance of the three series connected coupled coils in the Fig. 2.11. Given **5M** $L_1=1H; L_2=2H; L_3=5H; M_{12}=0.5H; M_{23}=1H and M_{13}=1H$



b) List out the properties of Resonance of Parallel RLC circuit.

OR

12. a) Draw the Dual of the network shown in Fig. 2.12.



b) Find the incidence matrix and reduced incidence matrix for the graph shown in Fig 2.13 5M

5M

5M