

## C1-R4: ADVANCED COMPUTER GRAPHICS

## NOTE:

1. Answer question 1 and any FOUR from questions 2 to 7.
2. Parts of the same question should be answered together and in the same sequence.

Time: 3 Hours

Total Marks: 100

1.
  - a) Explain Parallel Projection in detail.
  - b) What are the different representations for polygon meshes?
  - c) What are the properties of Bezier Curve?
  - d) What is the difference between ambient, diffuse, and specular reflection?
  - e) How window-to-viewport coordinate transformation usually implemented?
  - f) What are the 2D Cues to Depth? Explain in detail.
  - g) Explain toning and show intensity level.

**(7x4)**
  
2.
  - a) Derive the basis matrix for Cubic Hermite Curve.
  - b) What is Gouraud shading model? Write down advantage and disadvantage of this model.
  - c) Define additive and subtractive colors giving an example of each.

**(9+5+4)**
  
3.
  - a) Rotate a triangle with vertices (10,20), (10,10), (20,10) about the origin by 30 degrees and then translate it by  $t_x=5$ ,  $t_y=10$ .
  - b) A parametric cubic curve passes through the points (0,0), (2,4), (4,3), (5, -2) which are parametrized at  $t = 0$ ,  $\frac{1}{4}$ ,  $\frac{3}{4}$ , and 1, respectively. Determine the geometric coefficient matrix and the slope of the curve when  $t = 0.5$ .

**(9+9)**
  
4.
  - a) Use the Cohen Sutherland algorithm to clip line P1 (70,20) and P2(100,10) against a window lower left hand corner (50,10) and upper right hand corner (80,40).
  - b) Explain RGB color model.
  - c) Explain how Digital differential analyzer (DDA) line drawing algorithm works.

**(8+5+5)**
  
5.
  - a) Explain what are various ways to control animation?
  - b) Explain Sutherland Hodgman Algorithm in detail.
  - c) What is Animation? What are the various animation techniques?

**(6+6+6)**
  
6.
  - a) What is illumination? Explain the model used for illumination.
  - b) What is HSV color model? Draw HSV hexcone.

**(9+9)**
  
7. Explain **any three** visible surface detection algorithms.
  - a) Scan-Line Method
  - b) Z-Buffer Algorithm
  - c) Depth-sort Algorithm
  - d) Binary Space Partitioning Trees

**(3x6)**