

PAPER – III
CHEMICAL SCIENCE

Note : Attempt all the questions. Each question carries *two* (2) marks.

1. A H_2O_2 sample is labelled 28% by volume . The normality of H_2O_2 is
 - 1) 14
 - 2) 7
 - 3) 5
 - 4) 2.5

2. Which of the following is the pseudo halogen?
 - 1) IF_7
 - 2) $(\text{CN})_2$
 - 3) ICl_2
 - 4) I^{3-}

3. A 500g toothpaste sample has 0.2g fluoride concentration. What is the concentration of F-ions in terms of ppm level?
 - 1) 250
 - 2) 200
 - 3) 400
 - 4) 1000

4. The calculated value of magnetic moment of ${}_{22}\text{Ti}^{3+}$ is
 - 1) 1.73 Bohr magneton
 - 2) 2.83 Bohr magneton
 - 3) 3.87 Bohr magneton
 - 4) 4.90 Bohr magneton

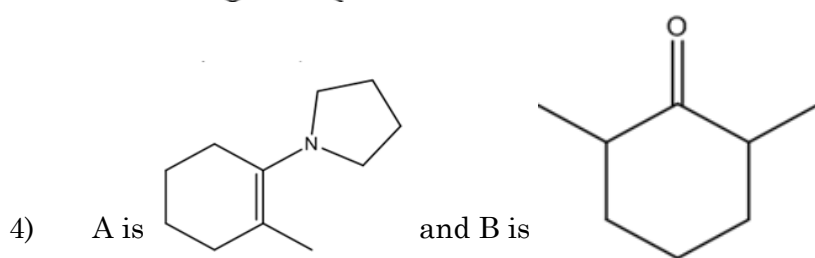
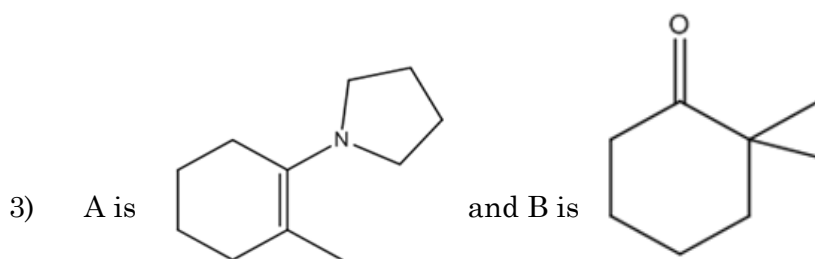
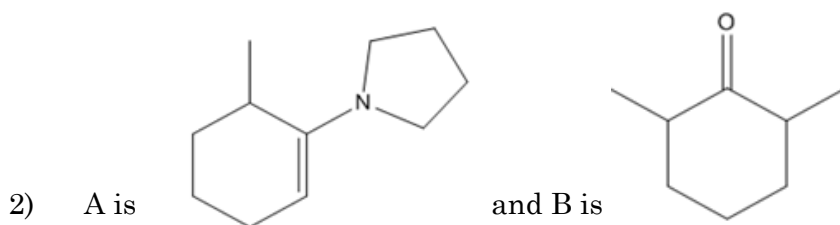
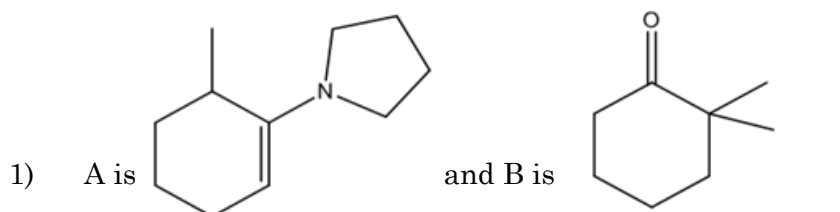
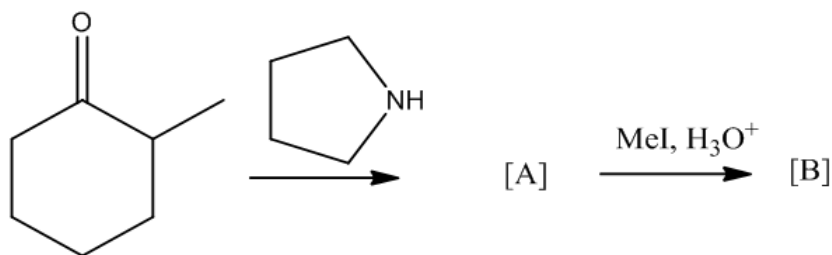
5. The example of normal spinel is
 - 1) ZnFe_2O_4
 - 2) $\text{FeO} - \text{Fe}_2\text{O}_3$
 - 3) Mn_3O_4
 - 4) Mn_2O_7

6. The oxidation state of iron in the brown ring complex formed at the time of qualitative analysis of nitrate is
 - 1) 1
 - 2) 2
 - 3) 3
 - 4) 0

7. Three complexes of Cr are $[\text{Cr}(\text{H}_2\text{O})_6]\text{Cl}_3$, $[\text{Cr}(\text{H}_2\text{O})_5\text{Cl}]\text{Cl}_2 \cdot \text{H}_2\text{O}$, and $[\text{Cr}(\text{H}_2\text{O})_4\text{Cl}_2]\text{Cl} \cdot 2\text{H}_2\text{O}$, and when these treated with H_2SO_4 , the % of weight loss are
 - 1) 0%, 6.75% and 13.5%
 - 2) 6.75%, 0%, and 13.5%
 - 3) 13.5%, 6.75% and 0%
 - 4) 6.75%, 13.5%, and 0%

8. Among the following, those can act a Mossbauer nuclei are
- A. ^{129}I B. ^{57}Co C. ^{57}Fe D. ^{121}Sb
- 1) A, B, C and D 2) B, C and D only
 3) A, B and D only 4) A, C and D only
9. The radioactive isotope of caesium-137 of weight 8g was collected on 1st February 2006, and kept in a sealed tube. On 1st July 2006, it was found that only 0.25g of it remained. The half-life period of the isotope is
- 1) 37.5 days 2) 30 days
 3) 25 days 4) 50 days
10. For a particle in a box at the energy level $n = 1$, the probability of particles, being between $(1/2 - 0.011)$ and $(1/2 + 0.011)$ is
- 1) 04 2) 0.03
 3) 0.02 4) 0.01
11. Trans 1, 2- dichloro ethylene and Cis 1, 2 – dichloro ethylene belongs to
- 1) C_{2h} , C_{2v} point groups respectively
 2) C_{2h} only
 3) C_{2v} only
 4) C_{2v} , C_{2h} point groups respectively
12. If a gas absorbs 2000 J of heat and expands against an internal pressure of 2 atm. from a volume of 0.5 L to 10.5 L, then the change in internal energy is
- 1) -26 J 2) 26 J
 3) 2.6 J 4) -2.6 J

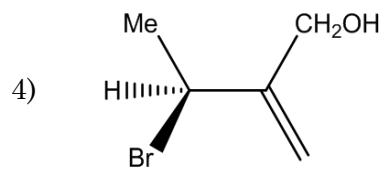
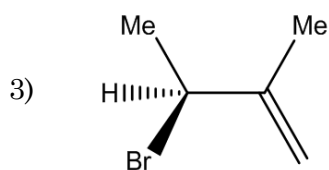
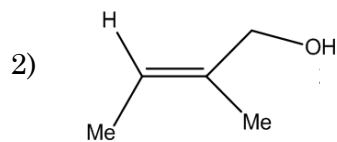
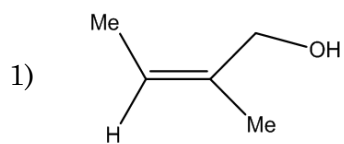
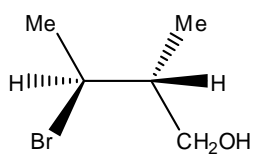
23. What is the product formed in the following reaction?



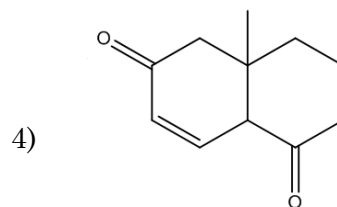
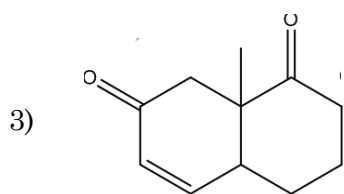
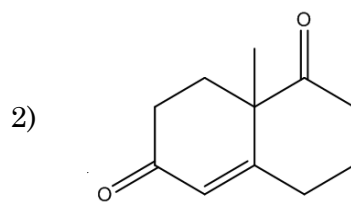
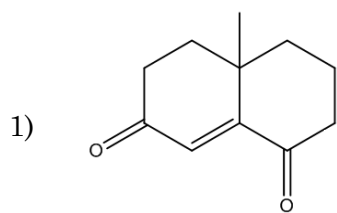
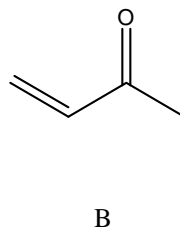
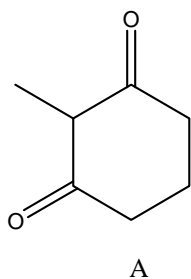
24. Which of the following statements is correct?

- 1) Menthyl chloride on sodium ethoxide treatment gives 3-menthene alone while neo-menthyl chloride gives a mixture of 2-menthene and 3-menthene under the same condition
- 2) Neo-Menthyl chloride on sodium ethoxide treatment gives 2-menthene alone while menthyl chloride gives a mixture of 2-menthene and 3-menthene under the same condition
- 3) Menthyl chloride on sodium ethoxide treatment gives 2-menthene alone while neo-menthyl chloride gives a mixture of 2-menthene and 3-menthene under the same condition
- 4) Neo-Menthyl chloride on sodium ethoxide treatment gives 3-menthene alone while menthyl chloride gives a mixture of 2-menthene and 3-menthene under the same condition

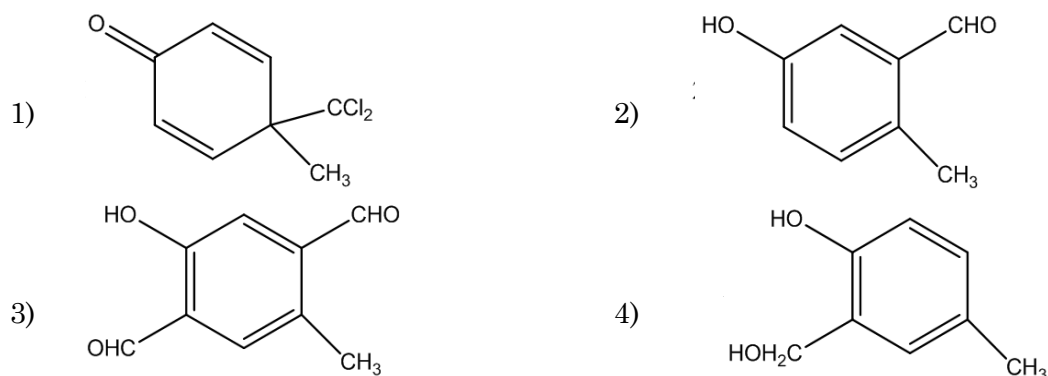
25. The main product formed when the following compound is treated with sodium methoxide in methanol is



26. The reaction of A and B leads to



27. Which of the following compound is obtained during Reimer Tiemann reaction of para-cresol along with the expected 2-hydroxy-5-methylbenzaldehyde?



28. A systematic disconnection approach would lead the following as the precursor(s) for $\text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2\text{COCH}(\text{CH}_3)\text{COEt}$

- 1) ethyl propionate
- 2) ethyl chloride and ethyl α -bromoacetate
- 3) propionic acid and acetyl chloride
- 4) methyl butyrate

29. What are the reagents employed for the conversion of ArI to ArCOOR?

- 1) $\text{Ni}(\text{CO})_4$ and ROH as the reagents and hexane as the solvent
- 2) $\text{Ni}(\text{CO})_4$ and ROH as the reagents and THF as the solvent
- 3) $\text{Ni}(\text{CO})_4$ and ROH as the reagents and water as the solvent
- 4) $\text{Ni}(\text{CO})_4$ and ROH as a reagent as well as solvent

30. When n-heptane is chlorinated with N-chloroamine and sulphuric acid, the chlorination occurs regioselectively at

- 1) C1 carbon of n-heptane
- 2) C2 carbon of n-heptane
- 3) C3 carbon of n-heptane
- 4) C4 carbon of n-heptane

31. What is the value of BOD for clean water

- | | |
|---------------------|---------------------|
| 1) Less than 15 ppm | 2) Less than 5 ppm |
| 3) Less than 25 ppm | 4) Less than 30 ppm |

32. A student is asked to analyse a water sample from a stream for total solids (TS), dissolved solids (DS), and suspended solids(SS). She carried out the experiments below

- A. A 25 ml portion of the water sample is evaporated to dryness in a pre-weighed evaporating dish to give mass 1
- B. A separate 25 ml portion is filtered into second pre-weighed evaporating dish and evaporated to dryness to give mass 2.

How are value for TS, SS and DS (per 25 ml water) determined.

- | |
|--|
| 1) TS = mass 1, SS = mass 1-mass 2, DS = mass 2. |
| 2) TS = mass 1, SS = mass 2, DS = mass 1-mass 2. |
| 3) TS = mass 1 +mass 2, SS = mass 1, DS = mass 2. |
| 4) TS = mass 1 + mass 2, SS = mass 2, DS = mass 2. |

33. Photochemical smog is caused primarily by

- | | |
|-------------------|--------------------|
| 1) CO | 2) CO ₂ |
| 3) O ₃ | 4) NO ₂ |

34. Biodiesel is an example of which of the 12 principle's of green chemistry

- | | |
|-----------------------|---------------------------------|
| 1) 1-waste prevention | 2) 7-use of renewable feedstock |
| 3) 9-Use of catalysis | 4) 5-Safer solvents |

35. Bond order of He_2 and He_2^+ are

- | | |
|-----------|-----------|
| 1) 0, 1/2 | 2) 1/2, 0 |
| 3) 1, 1/2 | 4) 0, 1 |

36. The ionisation potential of sodium is 5.48eV. Potassium is expected to have a value of

- | | |
|-----------|-----------|
| 1) 5.48eV | 2) 4.34eV |
| 3) 5.68eV | 4) 8.4eV |

37. Which one of the following represents the electronic configuration of the most electropositive element?

- | | |
|------------------------------|------------------------------|
| 1) $[\text{He}] 2\text{S}^1$ | 2) $[\text{Xe}] 6\text{S}^1$ |
| 3) $[\text{He}] 2\text{S}^2$ | 4) $[\text{Xe}] 2\text{S}^2$ |

38. Calculate the % of ionic character in KCl. The electronegativities of K and Cl are 0.50eV and 3.60eV respectively

- | | |
|-----------|-----------|
| 1) 83.235 | 2) 12.965 |
| 3) 60.45 | 4) 50.58 |

39. If the molecules of HCl were totally polar, the expected value of dipole moment would be 6.12D, but the experimental value of dipole moment would be 1.03D. Calculate the % of ionic character

- | | |
|-------|-------|
| 1) 50 | 2) 83 |
| 3) 17 | 4) 0 |

40. PK_a values of acids are given below at 25°C. Indicate the strongest acid

- | | |
|--------|--------|
| 1) 2 | 2) 2.5 |
| 3) 3.0 | 4) 4.0 |

41. Metal carbonyls which does not obey EAN rule is
- | | |
|----------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| 1) $\text{Fe}(\text{CO})_5$ | 2) $\text{Mo}(\text{CO})_6$ |
| 3) $\text{Mn}_2(\text{CO})_{10}$ | 4) $\text{V}(\text{CO})_6$ |
42. A solution of 2.0g of brass was analysed for Cu electrogravimetrically using Pt gauze as electrode. The Weight of Pt-gauze changed form 14.5 to 16.0g. The weight of copper in brass is
- | | |
|-------|-------|
| 1) 50 | 2) 55 |
| 3) 60 | 4) 75 |
43. Myoglobin contains
- | | |
|------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| 1) Iron II in the high spin state | 2) Iron II in the low spin state |
| 3) Iron III in the high spin state | 4) Iron III in the low spin state |
44. Type A heme are found in
- | | |
|-----------------|-----------------|
| 1) Haemoglobin | 2) Cytochrome a |
| 3) Cytochrome b | 4) Myoglobin |
45. Haemoglobin binds
- 1) Two H^+ for every dioxygen molecules released
 - 2) One H^+ for every dioxygen molecules released
 - 3) Four H^+ for every dioxygen molecules released
 - 4) It won't binds with H^+
46. The prosthetic group in carboxy peptidase A is
- | | |
|---------------------|---------------------|
| 1) Zn^{+2} | 2) Fe^{+2} |
| 3) Cu^{+2} | 4) Mn^{+4} |
47. In the vibrational spectrum of CO_2 , the number of fundamental vibrational modes common in both infrared and Raman are
- | | |
|------|------|
| 1) 3 | 2) 2 |
| 3) 1 | 4) 0 |

54. The actual expression for the first order correction to the wave function ($\psi_n^{(1)}$) is

- 1) $\Psi_n^{(0)} + \sum_m^1 \left(\frac{\langle m | \hat{H} | n \rangle}{E_n^{(0)} - E_m^{(0)}} \right) | \Psi_m^{(0)} \rangle$ 2) $E_n^{(0)} \times \Psi_n^{(0)}$
 3) $E_n^{(0)} + \langle m | \hat{H} | n \rangle$ 4) $E_n^{(0)} - \langle m | \hat{H} | n \rangle$

55. A cell $Ag/Ag^+ || Cu^{2+}/Cu$ initially contains 1M Ag^+ and 1M Cu^{2+} ions. Calculate the change in cell potential after passing 9.65 amperes of current for 1 h

- 1) 0.0104 V 2) 0.2104 V
 3) 0.0401 V 4) 0.1210 V

56. Gold numbers of protective colloids A, B, C and D are 0.50, 0.01, 0.10 and 0.005 respectively. The correct order of their protective power is

- 1) $D < A < C < B$ 2) $C < B < D < A$
 3) $A < C < B < D$ 4) $B < D < A < C$

57. The adsorption of butane on NiO powder was measured at 0°C, the volumes of butane at STP adsorbed per gram of NiO are

p/k Pa	7.543	11.852	16.448	20.260	22.959
$\gamma/(cm^3/g)$	16.46	20.72	24.38	27.13	29.08

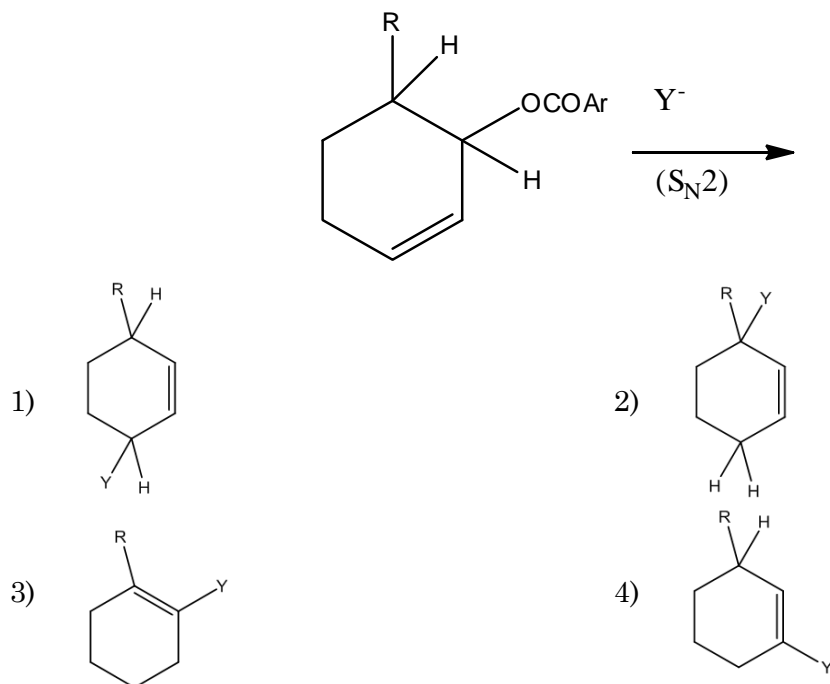
Using BET isotherm, calculate the volume at STP adsorbed per gram when the powder is covered by a monolayer; $P^\circ = 103.2$ kPa

- 1) $27.66 \text{ cm}^3/g$ 2) $276.60 \text{ cm}^3/g$
 3) $17.25 \text{ cm}^3/g$ 4) $174.30 \text{ cm}^3/g$

58. The correct value of standard integral $\int_0^\infty e^{-ax^2} dx$ is

- 1) $\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\frac{x}{a}}$ 2) $\frac{2\pi}{a}$
 3) $\frac{1}{2} \frac{\pi}{a}$ 4) $\sqrt{\frac{2\pi}{a}}$

59. The product formed in the following reaction under S_N2 condition is



60. Which positions of phenanthrene are readily attacked by reagents?

- | | |
|-------------------|--------------------|
| 1) 1, 2 positions | 2) 3, 4 positions |
| 3) 6, 7 positions | 4) 9, 10 positions |

61. Which of the following is aromatic?

- 1) 1,3,5,7-tetramethylcyclooctatetraene
- 2) 1,3,5,7-tetramethylcyclooctatetraene cation
- 3) 1,3,5,7-tetramethylcyclooctatetraene anion
- 4) 1,3,5,7-tetramethylcyclooctatetraene dication

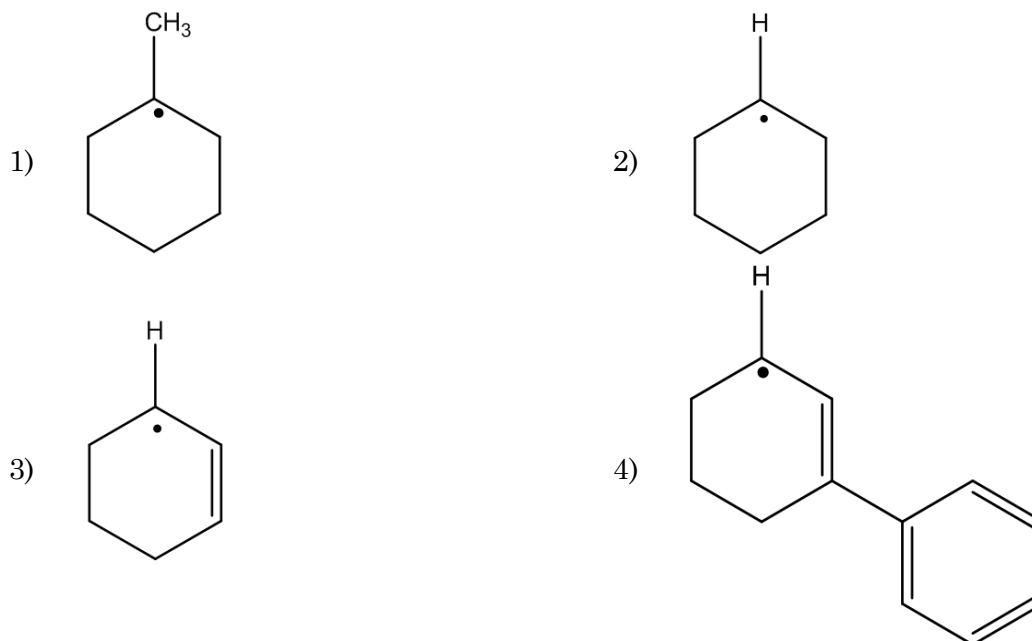
62. Cyclopentadiene cannot be sold as a pure compound because it undergoes a cycloaddition reaction at room temperature. Which of the following structures represents one of the two major products formed?



63. Which of the following statements is correct?

- 1) D-threo-3-phenyl-2-butyl tosylate on solvolysis by HOAc gives 96% racemic threo acetate but D-erythro isomer gives only D-erythro acetate
- 2) D-erythro-3-phenyl-2-butyl tosylate on solvolysis by HOAc gives 96% racemic erythro acetate but D-threo isomer gives only D-threo acetate
- 3) Both D-erythro and D-threo isomers of 3-phenyl-2-butyl tosylate on solvolysis by HOAc gives 96% racemic D-erythro and D-threo acetates respectively
- 4) Both D-erythro and D-threo isomers of 3-phenyl-2-butyl tosylate on solvolysis by HOAc gives only D-erythro and D-threo acetates respectively

64. Which one of the following is the most stable radical?



65. Which of the following statements regarding diazines is wrong?

- 1) They are weaker bases than pyridines
- 2) Their resonance energies are higher than that for benzene
- 3) Compared to pyridine, N-alkylation is difficult in diazines
- 4) Nucleophilic attack is easier in diazines than in benzene

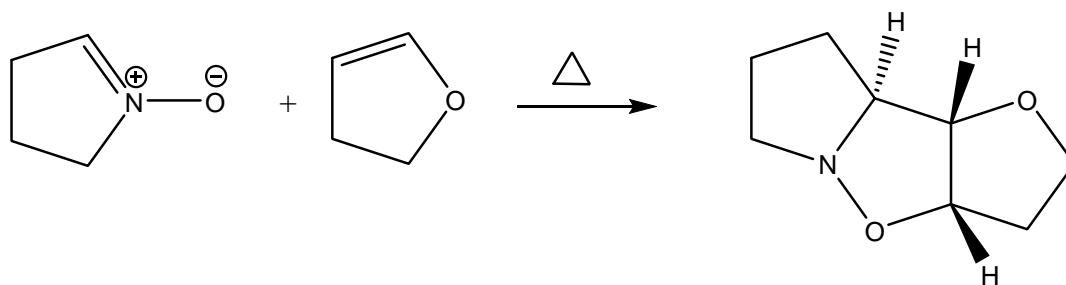
66. Pyridine on treatment with 20% oleum with little mercuric sulfate at 220°C gives 70% of

- 1) pyridine-2-sulfonic acid
- 2) pyridine-3-sulfonic acid
- 3) pyridine-4-sulfonic acid
- 4) pyridine-2,4-disulfonic acid

67. The synthetic equivalent for acyl anion is

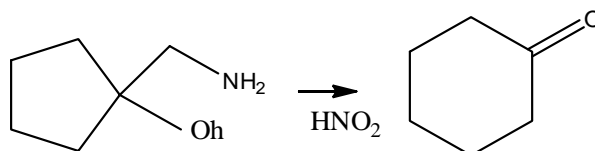
- 1) $\text{CH}_2 = \text{C}(\text{OMe})\text{Li}$
- 2) CH_3COBr
- 3) $\text{CH}_3\text{COOCOCH}_3$
- 4) CH_3COOEt

68. What is true about the following reaction?



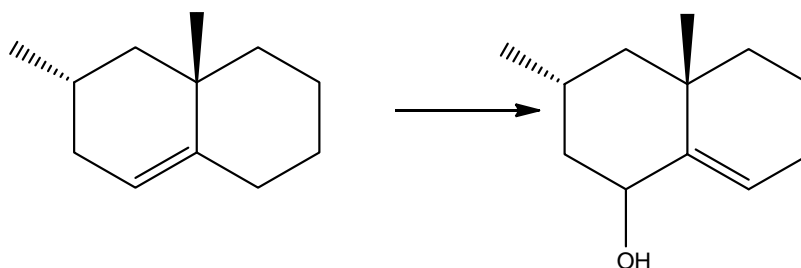
- 1) It is thermally allowed 1,3-dipolar addition reaction
- 2) It is photochemically allowed 1,5-dipolar addition reaction
- 3) The reaction is not stereospecific
- 4) It is a 2+2 addition reaction

69. The following reaction is known as



- 1) TiffineuDemyanov reaction
- 2) Wieland reaction
- 3) Semi pinacol-pinacolone rearrangement
- 4) Wagner Meerwin rearrangement

70. The following conversion can be effected by



- 1) selenium dioxide in acetic acid
- 2) hydrogen peroxide on alkaline medium
- 3) singlet oxygen followed by hydrolysis
- 4) LDA treatment followed by hydrolysis

71. A self assembled monolayer (SAM) is primarily made of which basic components
- 1) A silane, thiol and phosphonate
 - 2) A high functionalisation region(HFR) compiled to a quantum filament
 - 3) An adsorption nucleus and a lattice bridge both attached to a Langmuir-Blodgett film
 - 4) A tail group, back bone chain group and a head group.
72. If you were to measure the surface roughness of a sample on the nanoscale, what would give the best visual representation of this characteristic?
- 1) An SEM
 - 2) Raman spectroscopy
 - 3) An AFM (Atomic Force microscope)
 - 4) XRD
73. Codeine differs morphine by
- 1) N-Methyl group
 - 2) -Cl group
 - 3) -OCH₃ group
 - 4) -OEt group
74. Cyclodextrins have
- 1) hydrophilic surface and hydrophobic cavity
 - 2) hydrophobic surface and hydrophilic cavity
 - 3) hydrophobic surface and hydrophobic cavity
 - 4) hydrophilic surface and hydrophilic cavity
75. Copper sulphate solution can't be kept in iron vessels
- 1) Iron is below Cu in the activity series
 - 2) Iron is above Cu in the activity series
 - 3) Iron and Cu will form alloy
 - 4) The solution becomes toxic

ROUGH WORK

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