UNIVERSITY OF HYDERABAD

ENTRANCE EXAMINATION – FEBRUARY 2013 Ph.D. (COMPARATIVE LITERATURE)

Time: 2 Hours Max. Marks: 75

Hall Ticket No. :	

INSTRUCTIONS TO THE CANDIDATE

- 1. The question paper (in 7 pages) consists of two parts: Part A and Part B.
- 2. Part A is objective type and has to be answered in the OMR Answer Sheets, using black or blue ball point pen, as per the instructions.
 - a) Please write Answer Sheet. Hall Ticket Number in the OMR
 - b) There is negative marking in this part. 0.33 mark will be deducted for each wrong answer. No mark will be deducted for an unanswered bit.
 - c) No extra/additional OMR Answer Sheet will be provided. Rough work, if any, has to be done in the space provided at the end.
- 3. Part B contains questions of a descriptive nature and has to be answered in English, except Part B II translation, in the separate Answer Book.
- 4. Please write the Hall Ticket Number in Part A of the question paper as well as in the Part B Answer Book.
- 5. Please hand over the OMR Answer Sheet and the Answer Book at the end of the examination to the invigilator. The question paper may be taken by the candidates at the end of the examination.

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Hall Ticket No.:

	PART –	<u>A</u> (50	0 Marks)
	MARK THE MOST APPROPI	RIATE ANSWER IN THE ON	AR SHEETS.
1.	All the trees in the park are flowering trees. Some of the trees in the park are dogwoods. All dogwoods in the park are flowering trees. If the first two statements are true, the third statement is		
	A) True	B) False	 •
	C) Unknown	D) Ambiguous	
2.	Mara runs faster than Gail. Lily runs faster than Mara. Gail runs faster than Lily. If the first two statements are to A) True	ue, the third statement is B) False	·
	C) Unknown	D) Ambiguous	
QUE.	STIONS <u>3 - 10</u> : CHOOSE THE <u>ODD ONE</u>	OUT, THE ONE WHICH DOES NOT	BELONG TO THE GROUP.
3.	A) Umbrella	B) Gloves	
	C) Shirt	D) Shoes	
4.	A) Inhabit	B) Vacate	
	C) Reside	D) Dwell	
5.	A) Cotton	B) Nylon	
	C) Silk	D) Terylene	
6.	A) Treat	B) Great	
	C) Heard	D) Rates	
7.	A) Cear	B) Wear	
	C) Bear	D) Fear	
8.	A) Giddy	B) Acne	
	C) Mother	D) Egg	
9.	A) Table	B) Later	
•	(c) Treat	D) Tears	
10.	A) Rare	B) Tear	
	🚯 Reap	D) Tore	

11.	Snakes and hawks are the predator mice are bought on the scene. What A) Decrease in the number of mice. B) Increase in the number of snakes C) Decrease in the number of snakes D) Decrease in the number of dogs.	s. es and hawks.	
12.	to lack of some common property.	is not related to the other pairs of numbers due	
	A) 57, 69 C) 47, 59	B) 73, 61 D) 42, 29	
13.	Ice is related to coolness in the same way as Earth is related to		
	A) Ocean	B) Weight	
	C) Gravitation	D) Forest	
14.	is the study of the evolution	of the human as an animal.	
	A) Ethnology	B) Anthropology	
	C) Chronology	D) Archaeology	
15.		Identify the missing number in the series: 6, 12, 21,, 48.	
	A) 45	B) 33	
	C) 38	D) 40	
16.	The story of Kannaki and Kovalan i	s dealt with in	
	A) Tirukkural -	B) Nallathangal Kathai	
	C) Desingurajan Kathai	D) Cilapathikaram	
17.	Which of the following is not rightly		
	A) Ballad: A genre that combines thB) Novel: A genre that has been cal	ne elements of the epic, the lyric and the drama.	
	C) Tragedy: A genre that imitates a		
	D) Pastoral: A genre related to the c		
18.	Identify the writer who published Street on the Hill (poetry), Difficult Pleasures (short stories) and The Lunatic in my Head (novel):		
	A) Anjum Hasan	B) Temsula Ao	
	C) Fakir Senapati	D) Kiran Desai	
19.	The Oslo Accord refers to a peace treaty between:		
	A) India and Pakistan	B) India and China	
	C) North Korea and South Korea	D) Israel and Palestine	
20.	The linguistic function of "Hello" at the beginning of a phone conversation is:		
	A) Poetic	B) Conative	
	C) Phatic	D) Referential	
21.	Phaniyamma, the Kannada novel about a child-widow, is by		
	A) C.T. Indira	B) M.K. Indira	
	C) Pankaka	D) Vaidehi	

22.	Bisin is associated Willi		
	A) Derrida	B) Bakhtin	
	C) Foucault	D) Jakboson	
22			
23.	and the composed		
	A) Dhwanyaloka	B) Kavyamimamsa	
	C) Kavya Prakas	D) Kavyalamkarasutra	
24.	Suryakant Tripathi Nirala writes poetry in		
	A) Gujarati		
	C) Hindi	B) Odiya	
•	e) Timul	D) Marathi	
25.	Indulekha is often considered the first in		
	A) Tamil	B) Kannada	
	C) Telugu	D) Malayalam	
26.	Akka Mahadevi was a promine	nt figure of the Veerashaiva Bhakti movement of	
		2 movement of	
	A) Kerala	B) Karnataka	
	C) Tamil Nadu	D) Telugu	
27.	Umrao Jaan Ada is an Urdu novel by		
	A) Mirza Hadi Ruswa		
	C) Mirza Ghalib	B) Khalil Gibran	
	o) imza Ghano	D) Faiz Ahmed Faiz	
28.	"The Crisis of Comparative Liter	"The Crisis of Comparative Literature," in Concepts of Criticism, is by	
	A) M.H. Abrams	B) F.R. Leavis	
	C) Raymond Williams	D) Rene Wellek	
29.	Comparative Poetics: An Interc	cultural Essay on Theories of Literature is by	
		on Theories of Literature is by	
	A) Claude Pichois	B) Antonio Porta	
	C) Earl Miner	D) Francois Jost	
30.	Comparative Cultural Studies is a	n approach made popular by	
	A) Steven Totosy de Zepetnek	R) David Dames I	
	C) Susan Bassnett	D) Charles Para L	
	, a positi Bussinott	D) Charles Bernheimer	
31.	The Melodramatic Public: Film F	form and Spectatorship in India is by	
	A) Madhav Prasad	B) Ravi Vasudevan	
	C) Ashish Rajadhyaksha	D) S.V. Srinivas	
20	•		
32.	The Subaltern Studies group was i	nspired by the ideas of	
	A) minianuel Kant	B) Thomas Hobbs	
	C) Thomas Babington Macaulay	D) Antonio Gramsci	
33.	Justice Raiender Sachar Committee	Panort doors and the	
	educational status of in Inc	ee Report documented the social, economic and	
	A) Muslims	B) Dalits	
	C) Tribals	D) Women	
	•	APT WOLLEN :	

34.	Siddalingaiah's <i>Ooru Keri</i> is a A) Short story C) Poem	a B) Novel D) Autobiography
35.	upper caste writers on Dalits. A) Dalit writers by nature are B) Upper caste progressive wr	that Dalits are better represented in the literature yes than the "progressive literature" produced by the This belief is based on the idea that more objective:
36.	Most of Partha Chatterjee's wire A) Colonialism & nationalism C) Human rights	B) Partition D) Women's rights
37.	Which of the following unive Hundred Ramayanas" from the A) Delhi University C) Aligarh Muslim Hyderabad	B) South Guiarat Univeriety
38.	In which of the following prinvolving mass protests and rio A) Karnataka C) Maharashtra	resent Indian states did the anti-Hindi agitations, its by students, happen? B) Tamil Nadu D) Andhra Pradesh
39.	Identify the modern Indian pla from among the following: A) Badal Sircar C) Girish Karnad	aywright who has used Indian myths in his plays, B) Vijay Tendulkar D) Mohan Rakesh
40.	NAAC is an autonomous institu A) ICSSR C) UGC	ution under the aegis of: B) CSIR D) ICHR
41.	"Translation usurps authority, be statement by A) Octavio Paz C) André Lefevere	but translation also bestows authority" is a famous B) Eugene Nida D) J.C. Catford
12.	The lead character in the film 'T A) Rupa Ganguly C) Pratiba Sinha	he Bandit Queen' has been played by B) Seema Biswas D) Shabama Azmi
3.	The film Salaam Bombay was di A) Shyam Benegal C) Aparna Sen	rected by - B) Mira Nair D) Mrinal Sen

44.	written by	Stories from the War Zone is a collection short stories
	A) Temsula Ao	B) M.K. Binodini
	C) Robin Ngangom	D') Indira Goswami
45.	"Be not afeard; the isle is f and hurt not," the opening by	full of noises / Sounds, and sweet airs, that give delight lines of London 2012 Summer Olympics, was penned
	A) Lloyd George	B) William Shakespeare
	C) D.J. Whosane	D) Elton John
46.	The concept of "arche writing" was developed by	
	A) Fish	B) Foucault
	C) Derrida	D) de Man
47.	The concept of "empty-sign by	ifier" as being crucial to popular politics is advocated
	A) Slavoj Zizek	P) Louis Althur
	C) Alan Badiou	B) Louis Althusser D) Ernest Laclau
48.	Who among the following is	s associated with the concept of "public sphere"?
	A) Gayatri Spivak	B) Terry Eagleton
	C) Jurgen Habermas	D) Frederic Jameson
49.	Panchatantra was first translated into Pahlavi in	
	A) 6th century AD	B) 7th century AD
	C) 8th century AD	D) 9th century AD
50.	George Bernard Shaw, the gi	reat dramatist, was
	A) Welsh	B) British
	C) Scottish	D) Irish

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PART-B

(25 Marks)

To be answered in the Answer Book.

I. Write an essay on any one of the following:

(15 Marks)

- a) The importance of translation for Comparative Indian Literature.
- b) Death of the Author.
- c) Comment on new writings in any one Indian vernacular.
- II. Translate the following passage into a modern Indian language, other than English.

 (Note: Mention the language) (10 Marks)

"A dumb log," was my reply when asked: "What kind of person should be chosen for prime minster?" Human beings are the only animals who have to work, and I think this is the most ridiculous thing in the world. Other animals make their livings by living, but people work like crazy, thinking that they have to in order to stay alive. The bigger the job, the greater the challenge, the more wonderful they think it is.... I think that the way animals live in the tropics, stepping outside in the morning and evening to see if there is something to eat, taking a long nap in the afternoon, must be a wonderful life.... For human beings, a life of such simplicity would be possible if one worked to produce directly his daily necessities. In such a life, work is not work as people generally think of it, but simply doing what needs to be done.... To think that the one who is smart and can look out for himself is exceptional, is to follow "adult" values. The one who goes about his own business, eats and sleeps well, the one with nothing to worry about, would seem to me to be living in the most satisfactory manner. There is no one so great as the one who does not try to accomplish anything. In Aesop's fable, when the frogs asked god for a king, he presented them with a log. The frogs made fun of the dumb log and when they asked the god for a greater king, he sent down a crane. As the story goes, the crane pecked all the frogs to death.
