ZOOLOGY

CODE :- 19



Time Allowed: Two Hours			Marks: 100
Name:		Roll No	

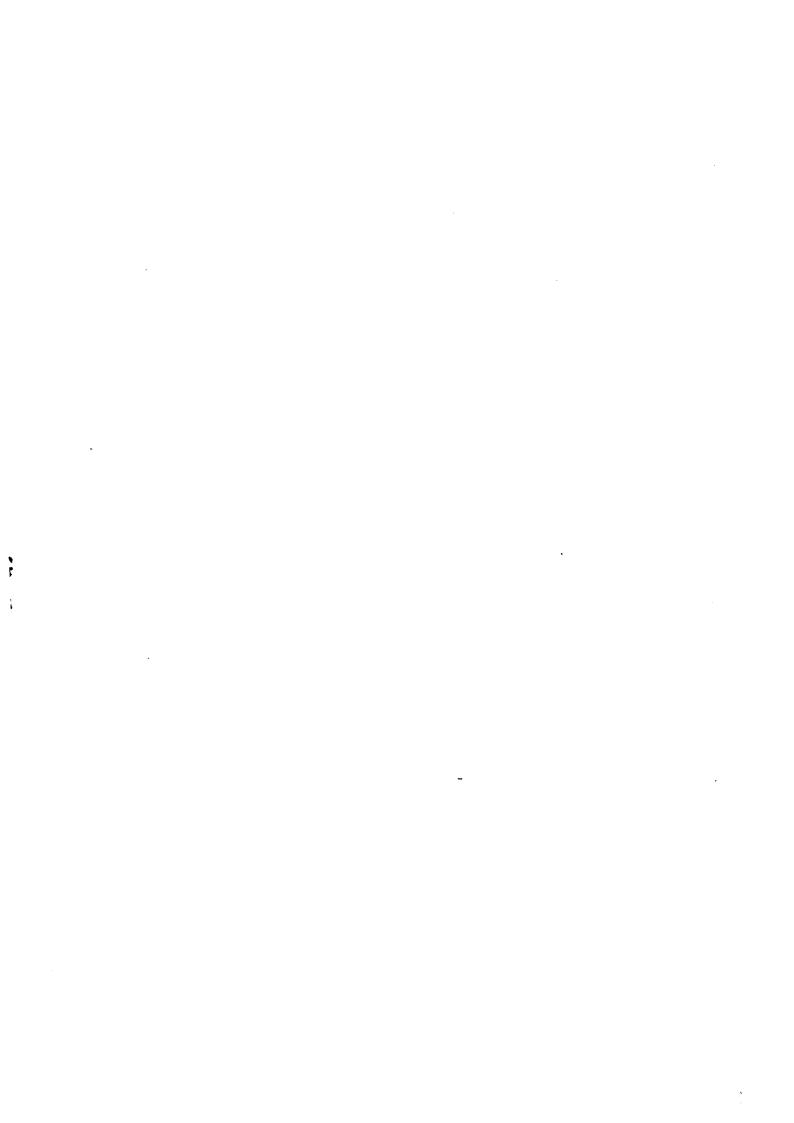
Read instructions given below before opening this booklet:

DO NOT OPEN THIS BOOKLET UNTIL YOU ARE TOLD TO DO SO

- 1. Use only **BLUE Ball Point** Pen.
- 2. In case of any defect Misprint, Missing Question/s Get the booklet changed. No complaint shall be entertained after the examination.
- 3. Before you mark the answer, read the instruction on the OMR Sheet (Answer Sheet) also before attempting the questions and fill the particulars in the ANSWER SHEET carefully and correctly.
- 4. There are FOUR options to each question. Darken only one to which you think is the right answer. There will be no Negative Marking.
- 5. Answer Sheets will be collected after the completion of examination and no candidate shall be allowed to leave the examination hall earlier.
- 6. The candidates are to ensure that the Answer Sheet is handed over to the room invigilator only.
- 7. Rough work, if any, can be done on space provided at the end of the Question Booklet itself. No extra sheet will be provided in any circumstances.
- 8. Write the BOOKLET SERIES in the space provided in the answer sheet, by darkening the corresponding circles.
- 9. Regarding incorrect questions or answers etc. Candidates kindly see NOTE at the last page of the Booklet.

KL-14/Zoo

Series-A



1	Experiments with sea urchin demonstrated species specific sperm-egg recognition through the protein	
	(A) Bindin	(B) Avidin
	(C) Activin	(D) Hyalin
2	The primary function of the diaphragn	
	(A) Control blood pressure	(B) Regulate respiration
	(C) Support the heart	(D) Keep the rib cage dilated
3	In mammals, the main integrating cen	tre for control of temperature is
5	(A) Anterior pituitary	(B) Adrenal cortex
	(C) Posterior pituitary	(D) Hypothalamus
	(c) I osterior pitultary	(<i>D</i>) 11) politicismo
4	During inspiration, the air that we brea	athe moves through different regions of
-	the associated organs in the sequence	
	(A) larynx- nasopharynx- trachea-glot	tis
	(B) nasopharynx – glottis – larynx-tra	chea
	(C) glottis – nasopharynx- larynx- trac	
	(D) larynx- glottis – nasopharynx - tra	chea
~	Will Car City to hind and in its	an dan mana dO
5	Which of the following bird species is	
	(A) Hill myna	(B) Great Indian Bustard(D) Grey Hornbill
	(C) Crow pheasant	(D) Grey Homoni
6	When removal of a species from an ed	cosystem affects persistence of many
		ecies removal is disproportionate to its
	abundance, the species is known as	1 1
	(A) Indicator species	(B) Keystone species
	(C) Flagship species	(D) Umbrella species
7	Which of the following methods is the	
	population density of burrowing anim	als'?
	(A) Quadrant sampling	
	(B) Line transect sampling	
	(C) Tag-recapture method	
	(D) Nearest neighbour distance metho	d
8	Fat formation from glucose takes plac	e in order to
U	(A) Relieve liver from excess of glyco	
	(B) Remove excess of fatty acids from	-
	(C) Keep blood sugar level constant	Circulation
	(D) All of these	
	(2) THE OF MOSE	
9	End product of protein catabolism is	
		B) Uric Acid
	(C) Glutamine	(D) Ammonia

10	The post ovulatory regression of the corpus luteum is caused by (A) a decrease in LH secretion (B) a decrease in FSH secretion (C) reduction in the steroidogenic activity of the corpus luteum (D) an increase in HCG secretion
11	When parathyroid gland is surgically removed from a mammal, the blood level of (A) calcium and phosphorus increase (B) calcium and phosphorus decrease (C) calcium increases while that of phosphorus decreases (D) calcium decreases while that of phosphorus increases
12	The hydrologic cycle involves (A) Movement of water from atmosphere to the oceans (B) human activities affected by water (C) Movement of water from oceans by evaporation to the atmosphere (D) Energy obtained from water
13	Active transport is mediated by (A) Channel protein (B) Carrier protein (C) Both depending on the concentration of the ion (D) Both depending on the size of the ion
14	Which one of the following is the smallest protein known? (A) Insulin (B) Haemoglobin (C) Immunoglobin (D) Albumin
15	The order of correct sedimentation is (A) Nucleus – Mitochondria – Lysosomes – Ribosomes (B) Lysosomes – Ribosomes – Mitochondria - Nucleus (C) Nucleus – Golgi – Lysosomes - Mitochondria (D) Lysosomes – Mitochondria – Nucleus – Ribosomes
16	Golgi complex forms an extensive inter-communicating membrane system. This system is called (A) Exomembrane system (B) Communicating system (C) Endomembrane system (D) Dictyosome
17	Which of the following process involves the reversal of specialized cells back to embryonic activity? (A) Embryogenesis (B) Differentiation (C) De-differentiation (D) Trans differentiation
18	A cell membrane is selectively permeable. This means (A) Is highly folded (B) Allows all materials to pass through (C) Allows only biologic molecules to pass through (D) Allows only certain materials to pass through

19	Apoptosis is (A) Necrotic death of a cell (B) Programmed death of a cell (C) Shrinking of apoplast and aging (D) A process of shedding leaves	gprocess
20	In mitochondria, cristae act as sites (A) Breakdown of macromoleucles (B) Phosphorylation of flavoproteir (C) Protein synthesis (D) Oxidation-reduction reactions	3
21	(A) Spontaneously induced deletion(B) Development of genetically div(C) Breaking of a part of chromoso	ns erse tissues in the same organism
22	During cell division, DNA duplicat (A) Prophase (C) S-phase of interphase	ion occurs in (B) G1 of prophase (D) Early prophase
23	Danielli and Davson proposed a mo (A) DNA and histones in chromatir (B) RNA and proteins in ribosomes (C) Lipids and proteins in cell mem (D) Enzymes and coenzymes in mi	n s . ıbrane
24	The smallest measuring unit in cyto (A) Milimeter (C) Angstorm	ology is (B) Millimicron (D) Electron
25	Cellular respiration in man occurs it (A) Cells lining the lung cavities (B) Cells contained in blood (C) Cells lining the gut (D) All living cells of the body	n
26	The thoracic cavity and abdominal (A) Diaphragm (C) Abdominal wall	cavity are formed by a partition termed as (B) Ribs (D) All the above
27	Arterial blood is present in (A) Pulmonary arteries (C) Capillaries of renal system	(B) Pulmonary veins(D) All the veins

28	Lack of breathing is known as (A) Apnea (C) Dyspnea	(B) Asphyxia (D) Eupnea	
29	Anadromous fishes migrate from (A) River to sea (C) River to stream (D) Upstream to origin of river	(B) Sea to river	
30	In a population, the Hardy-Weinberg (A) Absence of selection (B) Presence of random mating (C)Absence of immigration or emigra		prevail in the
31	(D) Presence of mutationDNA is amplified by(A) PCR technique(C) Northern Blotting	(B) Southern Blotting (D)Nucleic acid hybrid	ization technique
32	A man and a woman, each carries a minborn error of metabolism. However probability that their second child will (A) 0.25 (B) 0.50	, neither of them has this	disease. The
33	Both the zebra and the African lion li different (A) Biospheres (C) Ecological niches	ve in the tropical grasslar (B) Environments (D) Habitats	nds but occupy
34	Which of the following pairs is not co (A) Kaziranga National park – Assam (B) Kanha National Park – Madhya P (C) Dachigam Sanctuary – West Beng (D) Bandipur Sanctuary – Karnataka	n radesh	
35	'Kala azar' is caused by (A) <i>Trypanosoma</i> (C) <i>Leishmania</i>	(B) Giardia (D) Monocystis	
36	What does an ecological footprint me (A) Natural resources used by each pe (B) Products bought and used by each (C) The amount of people that can liv (D) The number of planet's worth of	erson in an area n person in a given area e in a given area	
37	The Environment Protection Act was (A) 1992 (B) 1986	passed in (C) 1984	(D) 1976

38	(A) Attached on the bark of trees (B) Attached on submerged plants (C) Attached at the bottom of a wate (D) Attached on submerged woody	er body
39	Which of the following is the best ex	xample of a keystone species?
	(A) Sea otter(C) Spotted owl	(B) Sea urchin (D) Snail darter
40		by an animal from an intruder of the same
	species is its	(D) II
	(A) Niche	(B) Home range
	(C) Territory	(D) Habitat
41	El Nino, a periodic warming of ocea following regions?	in currents, occurs in which of the
	(A) Tropical East Pacific	(B) Gulf of Mexico
	(C) Arctic North Pacific	(D) Temperate West Atlantic
		1
42	The plasma membrane of sperm hea	
	(A) Antifertilizin	(B) Fertilizin (D) Actin
	(C) Acrosin	(D) Actili
43	Cell transformation which involves	a change in the genome itself is called
	(A) Cytoplasia	(B) Chromoplasia .
	(C) Heteroplasia	(D) Neoplasia
44	During morphogenesis the tissue tra	ansmitting a stimulus to the other tissue is
	(A) Impressor	(B) Dominant
	(C) Repressor	(D) Organizer
	(c) repressor	(2) 0.8
45	Deciduate placenta is present in	
	(A) Horse	(B) Pig
	(C) Man	(D) Mammals
46	Fangs in poisonous snakes are mod	ified
	(A) Canines	(B) Mandibulary teeth
	(C) Maxillary teeth	(D) palatine teeth
47	The basic biological function of cel (A) Cause delayed hypersensitivity	
	(B) Destroy abnormal cells	
	(C) Combat virus infection	
	(D) Combat intracellular bacteria	

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48			
	(A) Agriculture	(B) Apiculture	
	(C) Sericulture	(D) Aquaculture	
49	9 A nerve impulse is transmitted across the synapse by means of		
	(A) Nucleotide	(B) Hormones	
	(C) Nucleolus	(D) Neurotransmitter	
50	Which of the following is true for mitosis?		
	(A) No chiasma formation		
	(B) No crossing over		
	(C) Prophase has no sub-stage		
	(D) All of the above .		
51	Heart in crocodile is		
	(A) Two chambered	(B) Three chambered	
	(C) Four chambered	(D) Incompletely four chambered	
52	The fever caused by <i>Plasmodium</i>	ı falciparum .	
	(A) Benign tertian	(B) Malignant tertian	
	(C) Ovale tertian	(D) Quartan	
53	An oil immersion objective lens	usually has a magnification of	
	(A) $10x$ (B) $40x$	(C) 100x (D) Both (B) & (C)	
54	In a honey bee colony, the worke		
	(A) Sterile females	(B) Fertile females	
	(C) Fertile males	(D) Sterile males	
55	Which of the following is not an	organ of respiration in invertebrates?	
	(A) Green glands	(B) Ctenidia	
	(C) Trachea	(D) Spiracles	
56			
	(A) Tapeworms	(B) Annelids	
	(C) Anthropods	(D) Echinoderms	
57		aurer's canal of liver fluke are all involved in	
	its (A) Feeding	(B) Respiration	
	(C) Reproduction	(D) Locomotion	
58	Which of the following is not a r	nematode parasite?	
	(A) Schistosoma	(B) Trichinella	
	(C) Ascaris	(D) Dracunculus	
59	Eggs of human louse are called		
	(A) Cocoon	(B) Tumbelers	
	(C) Nits	(D) Maggots	

60	Smog is a (A) Air pollutant (C) Soil pollutant	(B) Water pollutant (D) Noise pollutant
61	External gills are present in (A) Anura (C) Apoda	(B) Urodela (D) Stegocephalia
62	Which neurotransmitter is not secr (A) Adrenalin (C) Acetlycholine	eted by nerve fibres? (B) Noradrenalin (D) Kinin
63	Retrogressive metamorphism occu (A) Hemichordata (C) Cephalochordata	rs in (B) Urochordata (D) Cyclostomata
64	Which hormone maintains normal water? (A) Renin (C) Angiotensin	blood pressure by regulating excretion of (B) Angiotensiongen (D) Aldosterone
65	Which one cannot be included in n (A) Polyandry (C) Courtship	nating system? (B) Promiscuity (D) Ethogram
66		nomic group as (B) Whales (D) Birds
67	Sweat glands in mammals are prim (A) Removal of excessive salts (B) Removal of excessive water (C) Regulation of toxic material (D) Regulation of body temperature	
68	·	reptiles. B) Jurassic D) Modified
69	Biological clocks of living organis (A) Inbuilt sensory systems recepti (B) Regulated by movement of mo (C) Independent of changes in envi (D) Specific only to mammals	ve to environmental stimuli on
70	Which of the following is found in (A) <i>Tubifex</i> (B) <i>Pheretima</i> (C) <i>Teribella</i> (D) <i>Hirudo</i>	a marine habitat?

71	Which of the following body structures meant for water conservation?	s of an insect is an adaptation entirely
	(A) Trachea	(B) Intestinal lining
	(C) Invaginated spiracles	(D) Malphigian tubules
	(C) invaginated spiracies	(b) Marphigram tabares
72	Compensation level in an aquatic ecos (A) And carbon dioxide are in equal properties (B) Level is just sufficient to maintain (C) Level is just sufficient to maintain (D) Release in photosynthesis balances	roportion producers decomposers
73	Peripatus is a connecting link between (A) Annelids and arthropods (C) Molluscs and echinoderms	(B) Arthropods and mollusks (D) Annelids and molluses
	` '	
74	Fossil remains of Archaeopteryx were	recovered from the rock beds of the
	(A) Cretaceous	(B) Jurassic
	(C) Triassic	(D) Permian
	` '	
75	Which one of the following ancestors man?	is most distantly related to the modern
	(A) Australopithecus	(B) Dryopithecus
	(C) Ramapithecus	(D) Pithecanthropus
76	Allopatric speciation occurs when por	oulation show
	(A) Reproductive isolation	(B) Ecological isolation
	(C) Seasonal isolation	(D) Geographic isolation
77	Biogenetic Law was postulated by	
. ,	(A) T.H. Morgan	
	(B) Charles Darwin	
	(C) Ernst Haekel	
	(D) Wallace	
	(b) wanaee	
78	The total collection of genes, at any o	ne time, in a unit of evolution is called
	the	
	(A) Genotype	
	(B) Demotype	,
	(C) Multiple allele group	
	(D) Gene pool	
	(-) 0000 F	

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79	Which of the following yields double calories as per gram of carbohydrate? (A) Fat (B) Mineral		
	(C) Protein	(D) Vitamin	
80	What is the end product of glycoly	sis?	
	(A) Pyruvic acid	(B) Acetyl CoA	
	(C) Lactic acid	(D) Citric acid	
81	Ciliated cells are found in		
	(A) Bronchus	(B) Pancreas	
	(C) Liver	(D) Uterus	
82	A heritable change in DNA is		
	(A) Natural selection	(B) Genetic drift	
	(C) Gene flow	(D) Mutation	
83	Common bath sponge is		
	(A) Euplectella	(B) Spongilla	
	(C) Sycon	(D) Euspongia .	
84	Role of typhlosole in the intestine (A) to increase absorptive surface (B) to control blood flow	of earthworm is	
	(C) to secrete digestive enzymes (D) to kill bacteria		
85	The first body segment of earthwo		
	(A) Peristome	(B) Peristomium	
	(C) Protostomium	(D) Protostome	
86	Aristotle's lantern is a characteristic		
	(A) Star fish	(B) Sea Urchin	
	(C) Brittle stars	(D) Holothurians	
87	Larva in development of sea urchin		
	(A) Auricularia	(B) Echinopluteus	
	(C) Bipinnaria	(D) Pluteus	
88	The echinoderms are related to the development of	chordates by their similarity in the	
	(A) Nervous system	(B) Gut	
	(C) Heart	(D) Coelom	
89	Book lungs are the respiratory organs of		
	(A) Insects	(B) Crustaceans	
	(C) Arachnids	(D) Peripatus	

90	The mouth parts of house fly are of (A) Piercing and sucking type (B) Biting and chewing type (C) Sponging and sucking type (D) Biting, sucking and lapping type	
91	Fasciola hepatica is an endoparasite p	present in the
	(A) Liver of sheep(C) Spleen of sheep	(B) Stomach of sheep(D) Intestine of sheep
92	Rhabdites are present in the cells of ep	pidermis of
	(A) Cestoda(C) Turbellaria	(B) Trematoda(D) All of the above
93	Which of the following is a vertebrate	organism? -
	(A) Cuttle fish(C) Globe fish	(B) Devil fish (D) Cray fish
94	Hepatic portal system is present in (A) Amniotes only (C) Amphibians and mammals only	(B) Anamniotes only (D) All of the above
95	Cornea transplant in humans is almost (A) It is composed of enucleated cells (B) It lacks blood supply (C) It is a non living layer (D) It's cells are least penetrable by b	
96	Which one of the following pairs is it (A) Glucagon – beta cells (C) Somatostatin – delta cells	ncorrectly matched? (B) Insulin – diabetes mellitus (D) Corpus luteum – relaxin
97	The functional unit of contractile sys (A) Sarcomere (C) Myofibril	stem in striated muscle is (B) Z band (D) Cross bridges
98	Largest gland in the human body is (A) Brain (C) Stomach	(B) Liver (D) Pancreas
99	HCl of the gastric juice (A) Activates both pepsin and ptyalin (B) Inactivates both pepsin and ptyal (C) Activates pepsin and inactivates (D) Inactivates pepsin and activates	in ptyalin
100	Brunner's glands are present in (A) Stomach (C) Duodenum	(B) Ileum (D) Oesphagus