ಕत्र्व (ಕಡ್ಡಾಯ)

ಸಮಯ: 3 ಘಂಟೆಗಳು

ಗರಿಷ್ಠ ಅಂಕಗಳು: 100

ಸೂಚನೆಗಳು

- ಅ) ಅಭ್ಯರ್ಥಿಗಳು ಎಲ್ಲಾ ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳಿಗೂ ಉತ್ತರಿಸಬೇಕು.
- ಆ) ಪ್ರತಿಯೊಂದು ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗೆ ನಿಗದಿಪಡಿಸಿರುವ ಅಂಕಗಳನ್ನು ಸೂಚನೆಯ ನಂತರ ನೀಡಲಾಗಿದೆ.
- ಇ) ಸಂಕ್ಷೇಪ ಲೇಖನವನ್ನು ನಿಗದಿತ ಹಾಳೆಯಲ್ಲಿಯೇ ಬರೆಯಿರಿ.

ಭಾಗ - 1

1. ಈ ಕೆಳಕಂಡ ವಾಕ್ಯಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಕಾಗುಣಿತಾಕ್ಷರಗಳ ತಪ್ಪುಗಳನ್ನು ತಿದ್ದಿ ಬರೆಯಿರಿ:

 $(5\times2=10)$

- ಅ) ದುಸ್ಯಂತ ಸಕುಂತಲೆ ಗಂಧವ ರೀತಿಯಲಿ ವಿವಾಹವಾದರು.
- ಆ) ಬಾರತವು ಪವಿತವಾದ ಬೂಮಿ.
- ಇ) ಕನಾಟಕ ಸವದಮಗಳ ಬಿಡು.
- ಈ) ಯಿಯೇಕಾನಂದರು ದೀರ ಸಂನಾಸಿಗಳು.
- ಉ) ಬಾವನೆ ಅಂತೆ ಬಗವಂತ.

2. ಈ ಕೆಳಕಂಡ ಗಾದೆಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಎರಡರ ಅರ್ಥ ಸ್ವಾರಸ್ಯವನ್ನು ವಿವರಿಸಿ:

 $(2 \times 5 = 10)$

- ಅ) ನಗುವವರ ಮುಂದೆ ಜಾರಿ ಬಿದ್ದರು.
- ಆ) ದೋಷ ಇರುವವನಿಗೆ ರೋಷ ಹೆಚ್ಚು
- ಇ) ಊರೆಲ್ಲ ನೆಂಟರು ಉಣ್ಣಲಿಕ್ಕುವರಿಲ್ಲ
- ಈ) ಕಳ್ಳನಿಗೆ ಸುಳ್ಳೇಬಲ.



3. ಈ ಕೆಳಕಂಡ ಯಾವುದಾದರೂ ಐದು ಪದಗಳಿಗೆ ವಿರುದ್ಧಾರ್ಥಕ ಪದಗಳನ್ನು ಬರೆಯಿರಿ: $(5 \times 1 = 5)$

ಅ) ದಡ್ಡ

ಊ) ಶ್ರೀಮಂತ

ಆ) ವೀರ

ಋ) ನಿಶ್ಚಲ

ಇ) ಮಿತ್ರ

ಯೂ) ಶಾಂತಿ

ಈ) ಸಂಸಾರಿ

ಎ) ಉದ್ಯೋಗ

ಉ) ದೇವರು

ಏ) ಆರೋಗ್ಯ

4. ಈ ಕೆಳಕಂಡ ಗದ್ಯಭಾಗವನ್ನು ಓದಿ ಕೊನೆಯಲ್ಲಿರುವ ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳಿಗೆ ಉತ್ತರಿಸಿ.

 $(5 \times 1 = 5)$

ನಮ್ಮ ನಟರನ್ನು ಸಾಮಾನ್ಯವಾಗಿ ವಿಲಾಯಿತಿಯ ನಟರಿಗೆ ಹೋಲಿಸುವುದುಂಟು. ವೀರಣ್ಣನವರನ್ನು 'ಕರ್ನಾಟಕದ ಚಾರ್ಲಿ ಚಾಪ್ಲಿನ್' ಎಂದು ಕೆಲವರು ಕರೆದಿದ್ದಾರೆ. ಚಾರ್ಲಿ ಶ್ರೇಷ್ಠ ದರ್ಜೆಯ ಹಾಸ್ಯಗಾರ. ಕರುಣಾಮಯ ಹಾಸ್ಯೋತ್ಪಾದನೆಯಲ್ಲಿ ಅವನು ಪರಮಸಿದ್ದ. ಆದರೆ ವೀರಣ್ಣನವರ ವಿವಿಧತೆ ಅವನಲ್ಲಿಲ್ಲ. ಮಾಣವಕ, ಕಳ್ಳ, ಬ್ರಾಹ್ಮಣ, ಮುಸಲ್ಮಾನ, ವೈಶ್ಯ, ವಿರೋಚನ ಪಾತ್ರಗಳು ಒಂದೊಂದೂ ಒಂದೊಂದು ಬಗೆ, ಸಂಪ್ರದಾಯಕ್ಕೆ ಸೇರಿದವು. ಚಾರ್ಲಿ ಒಬ್ಬ ಹಾದಿಹೋಕನ ಪಾತ್ರದಲ್ಲಿ ತನ್ನೆಲ್ಲ ಸಿದ್ಧಾಂತ, ಅನುಭವಗಳನ್ನು ಅಡಗಿಸಿಬಿಡುತ್ತಾನೆ. ಸಮಾಜದ ವಿವಿಧ ವರ್ಗದ ವ್ಯಕ್ತಿಗಳನ್ನು ಅವನು ಚಿತ್ರಿಸಲಾರ. ಅವನಲ್ಲಿ ವಿಸ್ತಾರವಿಲ್ಲ ಆಳವಿದೆ. ವೀರಣ್ಣನವರಲ್ಲಿ ಆಳ, ವಿಸ್ತಾರಗಳೆರಡರ ಸಂಗಮವಿದೆ.

- ಅ) ವೀರಣ್ಣನವರನ್ನು ಏನೆಂದು ಕರೆದಿದ್ದಾರೆ?
- ಆ) ಚಾರ್ಲಿ ಯಾವುದರಲ್ಲಿ ಪರಮಸಿದ್ದ?
- ಇ) ಚಾರ್ಲಿ ಹಾದಿಹೋಕನ ಪಾತ್ರದಲ್ಲಿ ಏನನ್ನು ಅಡಗಿಸಿರುತ್ತಾನೆ?
- ಈ) ಯಾರಲ್ಲಿ ವಿಸ್ತಾರವಿಲ್ಲ ಆಳವಿದೆ?
- ಉ) ವೀರಣ್ಣನವರಲ್ಲಿ ಯಾವುದರ ಸಂಗಮವಿದೆ?

ಭಾಗ - 2

5. ಈ ಕೆಳಕಂಡ ಯಾವುದಾದರೂ ಒಂದನ್ನು ಕುರಿತು 250-300 ಪದಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಒಂದು ಪ್ರಬಂಧವನ್ನು ರಚಿಸಿ: $(1 \times 15 = 15)$

ಅ) ಸಂಸ್ಕೃತ ವಿಶ್ವವಿದ್ಯಾನಿಲಯದ ಸ್ಥಾಪನೆ

ಆ) ಸರ್ವಜ್ಞ ತಿರುವಳ್ಳವುರ್ ಪ್ರತಿಮೆಗಳ ಅನಾವರಣ

ಇ) ಆಂಧ್ರ ಮುಖ್ಯಮಂತ್ರಿ ವೈ.ಎಸ್.ಆರ್. ವಿಮಾನ ದುರಂತ

6. ಈ ಕೆಳಕಂಡ ಯಾವುದಾದರೂ **ಐದು** ಪದಗಳನ್ನು ಬಿಡಿಸಿಬರೆಯಿರಿ:

 $(5 \times 2 = 10)$

ಉದಾ: ಒಕ್ಕೂಡಿಸು = ಒರ್+ಕೂಡಿಸು

ಅ) ಜಗದ್ವಿಖ್ಯಾತ

ಈ) ತೊಟ್ಟಲೊಳಗಿನ

ಆ) ಒತ್ತೊತ್ತು

ಉ) ಬೆಳ್ಳಕ್ಕಿ

ಇ) ನಾಲ್ಕಾರು

ಊ) ಊರಾಚೆ



7. ಈ ಗದ್ಯಭಾಗದ ಮೂಲ ಅರ್ಥ ಕೆಡದಂತೆ ಮೂರನೆಯ ಒಂದರಷ್ಟು ಭಾಗಕ್ಕೆ ಸಂಕ್ಷೇಪಿಸಿ ಬರೆಯಿರಿ: (1×15=15)

ಹಕ್ಕಿಗಳ ಫೋಟೋಗಳನ್ನು ನಾನು ಮೊದಲು ಪುಸ್ತಕಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ನಿಯತಕಾಲಿಕೆಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ನೋಡಿದಾಗ ಅವುಗಳ ಅಂದಚಂದಗಳನ್ನು ಎಲ್ಲರಂತೆಯೇ ಪ್ರಶಂಸಿಸುತ್ತಿದ್ದೆ. ಆದರೂ ಆ ಚಿತ್ರಗ್ರಾಹಕ ಫೋಟೋ ತೆಗೆಯಲು ಪಟ್ಟಿರಬಹುದಾದ ಕಷ್ಟ ತೊಂದರೆಗಳ ಅಂದಾಜು ಇರಲಿಲ್ಲ. ನೀವೂ ಸಹಾ ಚಿತ್ರಗ್ರಾಹಕರಾಗದ ಹೊರತು ಚಿತ್ರಗಳನ್ನು ನೋಡಿ ಮೆಚ್ಚಬಹುದೇ ವಿನಾ ಅವುಗಳನ್ನು ತೆಗೆಯುವ ಕಷ್ಟ ಏನೆಂಬುದು ನಿಮಗೆ ಗೊತ್ತಾಗುವುದೇ ಇಲ್ಲ. ನಾನು ಈವರೆಗೆ ಐದಾರು ಸಾವಿರ ಹಕ್ಕಿಗಳ ಫೋಟೋ ತೆಗೆದಿರಬಹುದು. ಅವುಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಅರ್ಧದಷ್ಟು ನೆಗಟಿವ್ ಗಳಲ್ಲಾದರೂ ನಾನು ತೆಗೆಯಬಯಸಿದ ಹಕ್ಕಿಗಳೇ ಇಲ್ಲ ಎಂದ ಮೇಲೆ ಎಷ್ಟೊಂದು ಕಾಲ, ಫಿಲ್ಮು ಹಣ ವ್ಯರ್ಥವಾಗಿರಬಹುದು ನೀವೇ ಊಹಿಸಿ. ಇದಕ್ಕೆ ಮುಖ್ಯ ಕಾರಣ ಹಕ್ಕಿಗಳ ಫೋಟೋ ತೆಗೆಯಲು ಹೋದ ಛಾಯಾಗ್ರಾಹಕನಿಗೆ ತನ್ನ ಕ್ಯಾಮರ ಒಂದನ್ನುಳಿದು ಇನ್ನು ಯಾವುದೂ ಅವನ ಹತೋಟೆಯಲ್ಲಿ ಇಲ್ಲದ ಪ್ರತಿಕೂಲ ಸನ್ನಿವೇಶದಲ್ಲಿ ಅವನು ಕೆಲಸ ಮಾಡಬೇಕಾಗುತ್ತದೆ. ಬೆಳಕು, ಹಕ್ಕಿಗಳು ಅವುಗಳ ಭಂಗಿ, ಹಿನ್ನೆಲೆ ಇವು ಯಾವುವೂ ನಿಮ್ಮ ಇಷ್ಟಕ್ಷೆ ತಕ್ಕಂತೆ ಇರುವುದೇ ಇಲ್ಲ. ಬೆಳಗಿನಿಂದ ಸಂಜೆಯವರೆಗೆ ಹಠಯೋಗದ ಭಂಗಿಯಲ್ಲಿ ಮರೆಯೊಳಗೆ ಕುಳಿತ ಛಾಯಾಗ್ರಾಹಕ ಸಹನೆಯಿಂದ ಕಾದು ಇರುವ ಸನ್ನಿವೇಶವನ್ನೇ ಅತ್ಯುತ್ತಮವಾಗಿ ಬಳಸಿಕೊಳ್ಳಲು ಹೆಣಗಬೇಕು. ಜೊತೆಗೆ ಹಕ್ಕಿಗಳು ಅತ್ಯಂತ ಚಿಕ್ಕವೂ, ತುಂಬ ಚಪಲಚಿತ್ತದ ಪ್ರಾಣಿಗಳೂ ಆಗಿರುವುದರಿಂದ ಅಕಸ್ಮಾತ್ ಅವುಗಳ ಫೋಟೋ ಹಿಡಿಯುವುದರಲ್ಲಿ ಛಾಯಾಗ್ರಾಹಕ ಯಶಸ್ವಿಯಾದರೂ ಹಕ್ಕೆ ರೆಕ್ಕೆ ಬಡಿದೋ, ಕುತ್ತಿಗೆ ಅಲ್ಲಾಡಿಸಿಯೋ ಫೋಟೋ ಹಾಳಾಗಿರುತ್ತ. ಇವೆಲ್ಲಕ್ಕಿಂತ ಮಿಗಿಲಾಗಿ ಮನುಷ್ಯರ ಬಗ್ಗೆ ಅವಕ್ಕೆ ಇರುವ ಭಯವೇ ಚಿತ್ರಗ್ರಾಹಕರಿಗೆ ಇರುವ ಅತಿ ಮುಖ್ಯ ತೊಂದರೆ. ಅದರೆಡೆಗೆ ಗುರಿ ಹಿಡಿದಿದ್ದು ಕ್ಯಾಮರಾ ಆದರೂ ಅವು ಅದನ್ನು ಬಂದೂಕೆಂದೇ ತಿಳಿದು ಅಲ್ಲಿಂದ ಪಲಾಯನ ಮಾಡುತ್ತವೆ.

- 8. ಈ ಕೆಳಕಂಡ ನುಡಿಗಟ್ಟುಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಐದರ ಅರ್ಥ ತಿಳಿಸಿ ಅವುಗಳನ್ನು ನಿಮ್ಮ ಸ್ವಂತ ವಾಕ್ಯಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಪ್ರಯೋಗಿಸಿ. (5×3=15)
 - ಅ) ಒಲುಮೆಗಣ್ಣು
 - ಆ) ದೌಡಿಡು
 - ಇ) ಹಕ್ಕಿಯಂತೆ ಹಾರು
 - ಈ) ಊರ್ಜಿತಗೊಳಿಸು
 - ಉ) ಕಿಚ್ಚು ಹತ್ತಿಕೊಳ್ಳು
 - ಊ) ಒಗ್ಗೂಡಿಸು
- 9. ಈ ಕೆಳಕಂಡವುಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಒಂದನ್ನು ಕುರಿತು ಪತ್ರ ಬರೆಯಿರಿ:

 $(1 \times 15 = 15)$

- ಅ) ನಿಮ್ಮ ಬಡಾವಣೆಯಲ್ಲಿರುವ ಮದ್ಯದಂಗಡಿಯನ್ನು ತೆರವು ಮಾಡಿಸುವಂತೆ ಸಂಬಂಧಿಸಿದ ಅಧಿಕಾರಿಗಳಿಗೆ ಒಂದು ಪತ್ರವನ್ನು ಬರೆಯಿರಿ.
- ಆ) ನೀವು ಇತ್ತೀಚೆಗೆ ಕೈಗೊಂಡ ಪ್ರವಾಸವನ್ನು ಕುರಿತು ನಿಮ್ಮ ಮಿತ್ರರಿಗೆ ಪತ್ರವೊಂದನ್ನು ಬರೆಯಿರಿ.

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ACF 2009

ENGLISH (Compulsory)

Duration: 3 Hours Max. Marks: 100

Instructions: 1) Answers should be written in English only.

- 2) Answer all the questions.
- 3) Marks are indicated against each question.
- 4) Write the PRÉCIS on the sheet provided.
- 5) Write the question number and sub-question number correctly.

PART - A

1.			priate forms of the verbs given below: (7×1=7) ild, cost, leave)
	A)	The train	an hour ago.
			by India in the Mumbai cricket in 2006.
	C)	We have	to suffer from malnutrition.
	D)	Had I	that you would be late, I'd have finished my lunch.
	E)	My new watch has	me Rs. 900.
			an opportunity to win a tender last week.
	G)	Have you	the house on a disputed land?
2.			aces requires an article (A/AN/THE) at the appropriate using the required article in the right position: $(3\times1=3)$
	A)	Each of us has role to I	olay.
	B)	Are you best singer of	the year?
	C)	Inspiring leader will alv	vays be remembered.
3.			key words have been omitted from the idiomatic ks to complete the idioms: (3×1=3)
	A)	The disobedient son tur	ned aear to his father's advice.
	B)	The newly-wed couple their heart.	left for their honeymoon with ain
	C)	The unemployed youth	could not make both meet.
			PTO



list	t in brackets.	om the $(5\times1=5)$
A	Hundreds of visitors pour the city.	(0.11-0)
7.18%	(by, into, against, for)	
B)	She had been treasurer three terms.	
	(with, to, for, of)	
C)	It's a long journey the hills to the plains.	
	(from, since, between, at)	
D)	An extra pair of eyes can be a boon insects.	
	(under, on, through, to)	
E)	Was there any interaction the speaker and the audie	ence ?
	(between, in, across, above)	
5. Co	rrect the following sentences and rewrite the corrected versions:	$(7 \times 1 = 7)$
	The surface of these products are smooth.	AL I
B)	Let us discuss about your plans.	
	Gopi and myself will handle the job.	
	Did you buy new equipments for your factory?	
	The cashier dispersed salary to the workers.	
	Of the six possible locations, Karwar is the better one.	
	The two company's were in competition.	
marejo	PART – B	
6. Rev	write as directed:	$(5 \times 1 = 5)$
A)	A (perquisite/prerequisite) enjoyed by MPs is	free
	accommodation.	
	(choose the correct word)	
B)	The once a year elections are to be held tomorrow.	
	(Replace the underlined words by a single word)	
C)	We were (abroad/aboard) the plane 20 min	nutes
	before the departure.	14100
	(Choose the correct word)	



D)	From the following list of word, choose the word opposite in meaning to the
	remaining words:

(careless, negligent, observant, inattentive)

E) We should be indebted to the school where we studied.

The underlined words can be substituted by

- (a) bonafide (b) alumni
- (c) almamater
- (d) magnum opus]
- 7. Read the following passage and answer the questions given below as directed:

 $(5 \times 1 = 5)$

We may have been taught that butterflies are lovely and toads are ugly; so, we admire the butterfly and shrink away from the toad without really examining it to find out if what we had been taught is true. Or, we are taught that flowers are good and weeds are bad; so, we pull up the latter without a glance. To the artist's eye there is no good or bad. There is just the inappropriate. In the garden, weeds are not appropriate, but in the vacant lot they offer a world of enchantment. And after we have learned to see the beauty in weeds, even though we have to pull them out of the garden, we can first admire their design.

- A) What have we been taught about butterflies and flowers?
- B) In the garden, weeds offer a world of enchantment. (True/False)
- C) To the artist, there is only the
 - a) good; bad
 - b) lovely; ugly
 - c) appropriate; inappropriate
 - d) fear; admiration.
- D) In the sentence " ... so, we pull up the latter without a glance", what does "latter" stand for ?
- E) The message conveyed by the above passage is that we should
 - a) avoid preconceived ideas.
 - b) disregard what is lovely and beautiful.
 - c) not admire toads and weeds.
 - d) not trust our teachers.

SEA

8. A) Write a PRÉCIS of the following passage in about 90 words. State the number of words in your précis. Use the sheets provided and secure them to the answer book. Suggest a suitable title.

25

Business communication is about getting your message across clearly and in a professional manner. Writing letters and sending them by e-mail is no different. But people, who are normally competent and confident letter writers somehow find themselves hesistant when it comes to business e-mail. This is probably because it is very hard to find the right tone – it is too easy to drop into the casual conversational mode. Write e-mail letters as you would write a normal business letter. E-mail may be global but it has not yet broken down international business etiquette barriers, so start formally with 'Dear Mr. X' which is much better than 'Hi there!'. Correct spelling and good grammar are essential – jokes and chatroom shorthand are out.

Doing business by e-mail can be a bit impersonal – you need to know your reader exists in the real world! Making contact by phone as well is a good way to build your relationship. Reply to e-mails promptly. A swift 'I'll get back to you' is better than silence.

Add confidentiality or security notices to your e-mails; if you are not sure who may read them – be safe rather than sorry. Do not send large attachment; 'snail mail' may be better if there is time.

You can place orders, present proposals and finalise contracts via e-mail, but anything requiring a signature will still need a letter, fax or face-to-face meeting.

E-mail is instantaneous; it is intensive. Nevertheless, it is not necessary to abandon the letter writing rules that we follow in business communication.

(271 Words)

B) Answer any one of the following:

15

Write a letter to your friend about your recent trip to a historic place in Karnataka.

OR

Write a letter of complaint to the authorities concerned regarding the opening of a bar-cum-restaurant in your locality.

C) Write an essay on any one of the following topics in about 300 words:

25

- a) Global warming: causes and remedies.
- b) Imaginary meeting with an icon (dead or living) scientists/actors/politicians may be considered.
- c) "Reading is to the mind what exercise is to the body" Comment.



CIVIL ENGINEERING

Duration: 3 Hours Max. Marks: 100

INSTRUCTIONS

- 1) Answer all questions.
- 2) Answers to be written in English only
- 3) Additional data required may be assumed suitably and mentioned clearly.
- 4) IS Codes, Handbooks and Charts are Not Allowed.
- 5) Part A contains Three questions and Part B contains Four questions.
- Candidates are permitted to use their own simple scientific non-programmable type calculator.

PART – A

(Each Sub-question carries one mark)

Question No: 1 Marks: 7×1=7

1. Fill in the blanks:

A)	If two equal and opposite forces are keeping a rigid body under equilibrium they must be
B)	Gypsum is added to ordinary Portland cement at the time of its manufacture for the purpose of
C)	Presence of organic material in water is indicated by
D)	In a beam subjected to transverse loads only, "pure bending condition" exists in the region where shear force is
E)	An instrument used to measure the area of a drawing of a plot prepared after surveying the plot is
F)	A soil consisting of particles of all possible sizes is known as
G)	An instrument used to measure the difference in fluid pressure between two

2. Choose the correct answer:

- A) A transversal force acting away from the axis of a beam produces:
 - i) Impact
 - ii) Bending moment
 - iii) Twisting moment
 - iv) Fatigue
- B) System of supplying irrigation water directly to the root zone of a plant is known
 - i) Furrow irrigation
 - ii) Sprinkler irrigation
 - iii) Drip irrigation
 - iv) Canal Irrigation
- C) Instrument used to set out a simple curve on the ground using the method of deflection angles is:
 - i) Tilting Level
 - ii) Tachiometer
 - iii) Theodolite
 - iv) Dumpy Level
- D) To measure the quantity of flow of water in a pipe line a venturymeter is preferred to orifice meter because:
 - i) It is giving better reading
 - ii) It is cheaper than orifice meter
 - iii) It has lower head loss than in orifice meter
 - iv) It is easy to measure the flow
- E) If any three co-planar non parallel forces acting on a rigid body are keeping it under equilibrium then they are: the first man base of continue to the block of the continue to
 - i) Non concurrent
 - ii) Producing a moment
 - iii) Concurrent
 - iv) Forming a couple
- F) Without adding extra water, the workability of a fresh concrete can be increased by adding:
 - i) Puzzolanic material
 - ii) Plasticisers
 - iii) Additional quantity of cement
 - iv) Gypsum powder
- G) In planning of a construction project "Mass diagram" is useful which provides information about:
 - i) Total cost of the project
 - ii) Quality of construction
 - iii) Quantity of materials to be moved
 - iv) Total time of construction



Question No: 3 Marks: 6×1=6

3. Answer in one sentence:

- A) Why expansion joints are provided in concrete pavements?
- B) What is the use of prismatic compass?
- C) What is the difference between absolute pressure and gauge pressure?
- D) What is Chejja?
- E) Define "Bar chart" used in construction management.
- F) Effect of pore water pressure on shear strength of soil.

$$PART - B \qquad (4 \times 20 = 80)$$

 A) A block weighing 1000 N is placed on an inclined plane surface as shown in Fig. 1. Determine the magnitude of the horizontal force 'F' required to cause impending motion up the plane.

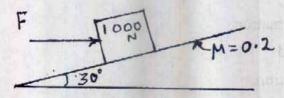


Fig. 1

B) Determine the stresses in different segments of a circular bar as shown in Fig. 2.

Compute the total elongation of the bar if modulus of elasticity 'E' is 200GPA for the material.

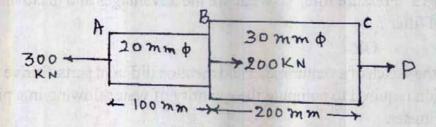


Fig. 2

OR

Explain the method of computing deflection at the centre of the beam shown in Fig. 3. using moment area method. Modulus of elasticity of the beam material is 'E' and moment of inertia of the section of the beam is 'I'.

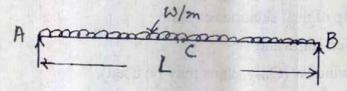


Fig. 3



5. A) Find the R.L of the top of a chimney using the following data:

Instrument station point	Reading on Bench mark in m	Angle of elevation
A	0.862	18º 36'
B B	1.222	10° 12'

Stations A, B and the chimney are in the same vertical plane. Distance between A and B is 50 m. RL of Bench mark is + 100.00 m.

10

OR

Write **two** or **three** sentences about the following:

- i) Definition of "Levelling"
- ii) Box sextant
- iii) Line of collimation
- iv) Contour and
- v) Local attraction.
- B) Briefly explain the classification of roads of our country on the basis of location and function (As per Nagpur road plan).

10 10

6. A) Explain different modes of failure of an earthen dam.

B) What is a "Pressure filter"? What are the advantages and disadvantages of this type of filter?

10

OR

Write the sketch of a venturimeter and mention different parts. Derive the discharge equation required to compute the quantity of water flowing in a pipe using the venturimeter.

7. A) Define "Workability" of a fresh cement concrete. Describe "Slump test" used to asses the workability.

10

OF

Explain the method of determining "Shear strength parameters" of clayey silt by conducting "Unconfined compression test".

- B) With the help of neat sketches explain:
 - i) Doglegged stairs and
 - ii) Corner window (Only Plans may be used).

10



MATHEMATICS

Duration: 3 Hours Max. Marks: 100

INSTRUCTIONS

- 1. Answers should be written only in English.
- 2. Answer all questions.
- 3. Write answers for objective and descriptive type of questions in the Answer book itself.

(Each sub-question carries one mark)

1.	Fill	in	the	b	an	ks.
	~ ~~~	***	DA.		AA	RELIZ O

Question No. 1 Marks: 7×1=7

- A) The number of all positive divisors of 960 is _____
- B) The limit of the sequence $\left\{\frac{1+2+3+...+n}{2n^2+3n}\right\}$ is _____
- C) The nth derivative of log(1 2x) is _____
- D) The Integrating factor of the differential equation $\frac{dy}{dx} + \frac{2}{x}y = x^3$ is

E)
$$L^{-1} \left[\frac{1}{3s^2 + 16} \right] = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$$

- F) If $\vec{a} = (1, 1, 1)$, $\vec{b} = (1, 2, 3)$, $\vec{c} = (2, 1, 4)$ then $\vec{a} \times (\vec{b} \times \vec{c})$ is _____
- G) The rank of the matrix $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 3 & -2 \\ 2 & -1 & 4 \\ 1 & -11 & 14 \end{bmatrix}$ is ______

2. Choose the correct answer.

(Correct answer should be chosen from among the 4 choices given)

Question No. 2 Marks: 7×1=7

- A) The least non-negative remainder obtained when 64×65×66 is divided by 67 is
 - a) 60

b) 61

c) 62

- d) 63
- B) If $z = \frac{x}{y} + \frac{y}{x}$ then $x \frac{\partial z}{\partial x} + y \frac{\partial z}{\partial y} =$
 - a) 0

b) 1

c) -1

- d) 2
- C) The area bounded by the straight lines x = 0, x = 2 and the curves $y = 2^x$, $y = 2x x^2$ is
 - a) $\frac{3}{\log_2} + 4$
- b) $\frac{3}{\log_2} \frac{4}{7}$
- c) $\frac{3}{\log_2} \frac{4}{3}$

- d) $\frac{4}{7} \frac{\log_2}{3}$
- D) If the function $f(x) = 2x^3 9ax^2 + 12a^2x + 1$ where a > 0 attains its maximum and minimum at p and q respectively such that $p^2 = q$ then a is equal to
 - a) 1

b) 3

c) -1

- d) 2
- E) $\int_{0}^{2} \int_{1}^{2} (x^{2} + y^{2}) dx dy =$
 - a) $\frac{22}{3}$

b) $\frac{20}{3}$

c) $\frac{21}{4}$

d) $\frac{-22}{3}$



F) The acute angle between the planes 2x + 2y - 3z - 5 = 0 and 3x - 3y + 5z - 6 = 0 is

a)
$$\cos^{-1} \left(\frac{15}{\sqrt{721}} \right)$$

b)
$$\cos^{-1}\left(\frac{15}{\sqrt{731}}\right)$$

c)
$$\cos^{-1}\left(\frac{15}{\sqrt{713}}\right)$$

d)
$$\cos^{-1}\left(\frac{15}{731}\right)$$

- G) Which of the following statement is false
 - a) Every cyclic group is abelian.
 - b) If $f: R \to R'$ be a homomorphism of ring R in to ring R' then Kerf is a subring of R.
 - c) A homomorphism $f:G \to G'$ is said to be an Isomorphism if f is one-one.
 - d) Every finite group is isomorphic to a permutation group.
- 3. Answer briefly.

Question No. 3 Marks: 6×1=6

- A) Show that $\vec{F} = (6xy + z^3)\hat{i} + (3x^2 z)\hat{j} + (3xz^2 y)\hat{k}$ is irrotational.
- B) Show that the set $S = \{(1, 0, 0), (0, 1, 0), (0, 0, 1)\}$ is linearly independent in $V_3(R)$.
- C) $f(x, y) = x^2 y^2$ is a harmonic function. State true or false.

D) Find
$$A^{-1}$$
 if $A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 3 \\ 4 & 5 \end{bmatrix}$

- E) Write Lagrange's interpolation formula for unequal intervals.
- F) Evaluate $\Delta^{10} [(1-ax)(1-bx^2)(1-cx^3)(1-dx^4)]$

PART - B

SECTION - 1

Answer the following questions.

 $(5 \times 4 = 20)$

4. a) Define the congruence relation on z and show that the relation 'congruence modulo m' is an equivalence relation on z · (z is the set of integers).

OR

- b) Discuss the convergence of the series $\frac{x^2}{2\sqrt{1}} + \frac{x^3}{3\sqrt{2}} + \frac{x^4}{4\sqrt{3}} + \dots$
- 5. a) State and prove Cauchy Mean Value Theorem of real analysis.

OR

- b) Find the volume of the solid generated by revolving the cardioid $r = a(1 + \cos \theta)$ about the initial line.
- 6. a) Show that the family of ellipses $\frac{x^2}{a^2 + \lambda} + \frac{y^2}{b^2 + \lambda} = 1$ is self orthogonal. (a and b are constants, λ is a parameter)

OR

- b) Find an expression for the shortest distance between two skewlines whose vector equations are given by $\vec{r} = \vec{a} + \lambda \vec{\alpha}$ and $\vec{r} = \vec{b} + \mu \vec{\beta}$.
- 7. a) Prove that every homomorphic image G' of a group G is isomorphic to some quotient group thereof.

OR

b) Verify convolution theorem for the function f(t) = sint, $g(t) = e^{-t}$ using Laplace transform.



8. a) Solve
$$(y - z)p + (z - x)q = (x - y)$$
.

OR

b) Find the bilinear transformation which maps $z = \infty$, i, o onto w = 0, i, ∞ .

Answer the following questions:

 $(5 \times 12 = 60)$

9. a) If
$$y = a \cos \left[n \log \left(\frac{x}{n} \right) \right]$$
 prove that $x^2 y_{n+2} + (2n+1)xy_{n+1} + 2n^2 y_n = 0$.

b) Obtain Maclaurin's expansion of log sec x.

OR

- c) Show that a rectangular solid of maximum volume which can be inscribed in a sphere is a cube.
- d) Evaluate $\int_{0}^{1} \int_{x^{2}}^{2-x} xy dx dy$ by changing the order of integration.
- 10. a) Solve $(D^2 2D + 1)y = xe^x \sin x$.
 - b) Solve by the method of variation of parameters $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} y = \frac{2}{1+e^x}$.

OR

- c) Show that the lines $\frac{x-1}{2} = \frac{y-2}{2} = \frac{z-3}{1}$ and $\frac{x-2}{3} = \frac{y-2}{2} = \frac{z-6}{4}$ are coplanar and find the equation of the plane containing them.
- d) R be the ring of all 2×2 matrices with their elements as integers and $S = \left\{ \begin{pmatrix} a & 0 \\ b & 0 \end{pmatrix} : a, b \in z \right\}$. Show that S is a left ideal in R, but not a right ideal.



- 11. a) Find the cube roots of $(\sqrt{3} + i)$ and represent them on the Argand plane.
 - b) If n is a non-zero constant, show that $\nabla^2 r^n = n(n+1)r^{n-2}$. Deduce that when $r \neq 0$, r^n is harmonic if and only if n = -1.

OR

c) Using Gauss divergence theorem

evaluate $\iint_S \vec{F} \cdot \hat{n} \, ds$ where $\vec{F} = 4x\hat{c} - 2y^2\hat{j} + z^2\hat{k}$ and S is the surface enclosing the region for which $x^2 + y^2 \le 4$ and $0 \le z \le 3$.

d) Solve by Charpit's method

$$pxy + pq + qy - yz = 0.$$

- 12. a) A particle which is performing Simple Harmonic motion of period T about a centre O passes through a point P with velocity V in the direction OP. Prove that the time which elapses before it returns to P is $\frac{T}{\pi} tan^{-1} \left(\frac{VT}{2\pi OP} \right)$.
 - b) A particle is thrown over a triangle from one end of a horizontal base and grazing over the vertex falls on the other end of the base. If A, B be the base angles of the triangle and α the angle of projection, prove that $\tan \alpha = \tan A + \tan B$.

OR

- c) Show that $u = e^x \sin y + x^2 y^2$ is harmonic and find its harmonic conjugate.
- d) Evaluate $\int_{c} \frac{z}{(z^2+1)(z^2-9)} dz$ where c:|z|=2.



- 13. a) Find the minimum value of z = -x + 2y subject to the constraints $-x + 3y \le 10$, $x + y \le 6$, $x y \le 2$, $x, y \ge 0$ using graphical method.
 - b) Obtain all the basic feasible solutions of the system of linear equations

$$x_1 + 2x_2 + x_3 = 4$$
 $2x_1 + x_2 + 5x_3 = 5$

OR

- c) Find a real root of the equation $xe^x 2 = 0$ correct to three decimal places using Newton-Raphson method.
- d) Solve $\frac{dy}{dx} = 3x + \frac{y}{2}$ using Runge-Kutta method with y(0) = 1. Compute y(0.2) by taking h = 0.2.

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AGRICULTURE

Duration: 3 Hours

1.

Maximum Marks: 100

INSTRUCTIONS

- 1. Answers should be written only in English.
- 2. Answer all questions taking note of choice questions wherever given.
- 3. Write answers for objective and descriptive type questions in the Answerbook itself.

PART - A

(Each sub-question carries one mark)

F	ill in the blanks: (10×1=10 Mark
a)	exported from India. is the major processed product of mango prepared and
b)	In acid soils, availability of added P is less due to its fixation in the soil as phosphates.
c)	Cliestogamy refers to condition of the flower.
	The example for reflecting type of antitranspirant is
e)	The insect vector transmits katte disease of cardamom and bunchy top of banana.
f)	Proportionate rate of change in output to proportionate rate of change in input is called
g)	A quality seed should be pure and possess high and
h)	Meloidogyne sp. causes disease in vegetables.
	Plant growth hormone that helps fir chlorophyll retention in leaves is
j)	Swarnajayanti Gram Swarozgar Yojana, a Self-employment Generation Programme was implemented in the country in the year

A AMERICA



2. Choose the right answer:	AGIRCULTURE	$(10 \times 1 = 10)$
a) Commonly cultivated pot		
a) Auto tetraploid	b) Auto hexaploid	Arid Ligarous (BCI)
c) Diploid	d) Triploid	
b) The 'active soil forming f	actors' are	SEVINE AND TEMPORAL
a) Parent material & Clim	nate	
b) Climate & Time		
c) Climate & Biota		
d) Time & Relief		
c) Single Seed Descent method	od of selection is practised in the follo	wing generation
than to a) F1 community mid-		
c) F6	d) None of the above	es baseman
d) The herbicide Glyphosate		
a) Non-selective contact	b) Non-selective translocated	rich elit (CE)
c) Both of these	d) None of these	
e) A pest which is found bot	th in field and storage on sweet pota	to is
	la b) Cylas formicarius	ras i come?
c) Lasioderma serricorne		
f) In a regulated market	sebil should be	
a) Arrivals of agricultural	I produce is regulated	over a solvant of
	ricultural produce is regulated	
c) Price of the agricultura		
d) Demand for agricultura	AL ABOVE DESIGNATION OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR	



	g)	represents the point of attachmen	t of seed to its stalk.
	a) Hilam	b) Raphe	
	c) Micropyle	d) Plumule	
	h) Flagellation is genus	Erwinia is	
	a) Amphitrichous	b) Lophotrichous	endrativ somo gott 21 ndo amono fendi vivi
	c) Monotrichous	d) Peritrichous	
	i) Chlorophyll molecu	le contains the following mineral ele	ments
	a) Fe and Mg	b) N and Mg	
	c) 2n and Fe	a) b and iv	
	j) An extension metho	d which aims at showing the value or	
	a) Method demonst	tration b) Result demonstration	on the separation of the second
	c) On campus train		
	portunation come south	PART - B	a una trasagne, sietativ
Vrit	e short notes on any fiv	e of the following:	(5×4=20 Marks)
3.	Use of root stocks in c	itrus.	
4.	Salt affected soils and t	heir management	
5.	Mutation and the proce	dure of mutation breeding in crop p	
6.	Water-use efficiency.		
7.	World Trade Organizati	ion.	1. Silvipriotic (iii
8.	Maintenance of Genetic	c purity during seed production.	
9.	Photorespiration.		
10.	Factors to be considered transfer of technology.	l in selection of appropriate extension	n methods for effective



Answer any five of the following:

(5×12=60 Marks)

- Problems and prospects in cultivation and processing of fruit, vegetable and flower crops in India.
- 12. What are the salient features of 'Soil Taxonomy' and its structure? How different 'Categories' in the system are differentiated? List the ten common Soil Orders with their major characteristics.
- 13. Define heterosis and explain different types of heterosis. Explain the two theories of heterosis, their objections and clarifications. Also, explain how heterosis has been exploited in rice.
- 14. Define watershed and discuss the role of watershed management for sustainable agricultural production including the components, objectives, approaches and strategies for implementation of watershed development programme.
- Mention four important pests of coconut along with nature of damage, damage symptoms and management practices.
- 16. Define seed deterioration and causes for the same. What are the visible and non-visible expressions of seed deterioration? Briefly explain three important methods of measuring seed deterioration.
- 17. Explain in detail economic importance, symptoms, cause, epidemiology and integrated management of stem rust of wheat.
- 18. i) Write the diagram of 'Z' scheme of light reaction.
 - ii) Mention the different phases of dark reaction (C3 pathway) and explain the reductive phase neatly.
 - iii) Explain different environmental factors affecting photosynthesis and productivity.



SEAL

FORESTRY - II

Duration: 3 Hours Max. Marks: 100

INSTRUCTIONS

- 1. Answer should be written only in English.
- 2. Answer all questions taking note of choice questions wherever given.
- 3. Write answers for objective and descriptive type questions in the Answer book itself.

PART – A

(Each Sub-question carries one mark)

1.	Fill in the blanks :		Question No. 1 Marks: 7×1=7				
	A) The form factor is used for the standing trees.	A) The form factor is used for the purpose of estimation of of standing trees.					
	B) Bagasse as one of the agric manufacture.	Bagasse as one of the agricultural sources is used in manufacture.					
	C) The fibre obtained from caryo	ota urens is called	as fibre.				
		D) The Biodiversity Treaty was signed by 171 countries including India at the Earth Summit in Brazil in the year					
		The size and distribution of several ecosystems and their interactions across a given land surface is referred to diversity.					
		Diversion of forest area to agricultural purpose was emphasized in that National Forest Policy enunciated during the year					
	G) Electrostatic precipitation is g		a method for measurement of				
2.	Choose the correct answer:		Question No. 2 Marks: 7×1=7				
	A) It is one of the bad fuel wood species.						
	i) Sissoo ii) Oak	iii) Jamun	iv) Maharukh				
	B) The biomass estimation on unit area basis is done based on categorization of diameter classes in						
	i) Stratified tree technique	ii) Mean tree to	echnique				
	iii) Unit area method	iv) Basal area p	proportion method				
			P.T.O.				



C)	In unmanaged forests, rotatio	n tends to be longe	er because		
	i) The growth of individual tr	ree is boosted			
i i	ii) The growth of individual tr	ee is retarded	The second to a contract the second to the s		
ii	i) There is no intense compet	ition			
iv	v) None of these	rkeikoo I or a kijo na			
	The voluntary organization in Programme is	ivolving women a	and children in Social Forestry		
	i) Sadguru Seva Sangh				
i	i) Anand Niketan Ashram				
ii	i) Society for Wasteland Dev	elopment			
iv	The Ulthan trust				
	Cineole oil which is mostly use leaves of	ed in pharmaceutic	eal industry is obtained from the		
	i) Neem ii) Babul	iii) Sal	iv) Eucalyptus		
	The most important factor in by small farmers for returns is		cial farm forestry for adoption		
1	i) Long gestation period	ii) Lack of suit			
ii	i) Bulkness of products	iv) Low returns	s to consulte shaha seta en l' Qu		
	Because of its toughness comscooping by hand tools, willow		weight and amenability to neat er used for		
	i) Railway coaches	ii) Shoelasts	in the street of precipitation is		
iii	i) Artificial limbs	iv) Pitprops			
3. Ans	swer in one sentence:		Question No. 3 Marks: 6×1=6		
A) \	What is stereoscopy?				
B) \	B) What is Ex-situ conservation of Biodiversity?				
C) 1	What are the growth rings?				



D)	Define	GAI.

- E) What is Pinknot?
- F) What does the term 'Canes' represent?

PART - B

SECTION - I

Write short notes on any five of the following:

5×4=20

- 4. The advantages of remote sensing.
- 5. Strategy for popularising non timber forest produce.
- Sub divisions of indirect values provided by biodiversity that do not involve harvesting or destroying the natural resources.
- 7. Manifold uses of essential oils from which man is benefited.
- 8. Two distinct strains of lac insects in India.
- 9. Types of forest fires classified on the basis of their intensity and place of action.
- 10. Collection and curing of Tendu leaves.
- 11. Types of forests classified by National Forest Policy of 1952.

SECTION - II

Answer any five of the following questions:

 $5 \times 12 = 60$

12

- 12. Discuss the process of estimation of growing stock in preparation of forest inventory.
- Describe the standard rules governing breast height measurement under different tree stem positions along with neat diagrams.
- Explain the ill effects of deforestation causing demage to the environment in various ways.



15.	וט	iscuss the various issues to be considered for implementation to achieve the goals	
	of	sustainable forest management and biodiversity conservation.	12
16.	a)	What is seasoning? Write the objectives of seasoning wood.	4
	b)	Write the common seasoning defects and causes which bring about these defects.	8
17.		aplain the important decisions to be frequently made by the foresters wherein onomic analysis can be usefully employed.	12
18.	a)	What are the effects of grazing on forests?	4
	b)	Explain the direct control measures for regulation of grazing in Forest areas.	8
19.	a)	Discuss the important points in fixing the rotation, if we analyse the rotations fixed to various forest crops.	6
	b)	Explain the various kinds of rotations classified based on the objects of management and also of necessity.	6

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SEAL

FORESTRY - I

Duration: 3 Hours Maximum Marks: 100

INSTRUCTIONS

- 1. Answer should be written only in English.
- 2. Answer all questions taking note of choice questions wherever given.
- 3. Write answers for objective and descriptive type questions in the Answer book itself.

PART - A

(Each sub-question carries one mark)

Question No. 1 Marks: 7×1=7

	Ill in the blanks: The hedge rows are cut back and kept pruned during the cropping period in		
D	type of Agroforestry Practice.		
В.	A practice of raising trees on canal banks, railway lines, road sides etc. is termed as forestry.		
C.	Plant succession that comes up in areas which have previously not borne in any form of vegetation is called succession.		
D.	Bamboo is multiplied naturally annually during the rains from		
E.	Cutting of trees at a height of 2 meters for green leaf manuring and avoiding shade effect on intercrops in an agroforestry system is known as		
F.	Suppressed, dominated and diseased trees are removed in thinning type.		
G.	The best approach of alternate land use in watershed areas issystem to enhance the production without disturbing the ecosystem.		



Question No. 2 Marks: 7×1=7

		Question No. 2 Marks: 7x
Choose the correct answer.		
aslution of		duced to half by immersing in
i) Sodium chloride	ii) Ferrous sul	phate
iii) Potassium chloride	iv) Ammoniun	n sulphate
		mplemented by different State
i) ICRISAT ii) IGFRI	iii) CIDA	iv) CRIDA
. Sporadic flowering occurs in	this tree species.	
i) Bamboo ii) Teak	iii) Casuarina	iv) Sandal wood
. The suitable agroforesting sy	stem for class IV a	and above lands is
i) Agri horticulture	ii) Agri silvipa	storal
iii) Agri hortipastoral	iv) Silvipastora	ıl
i) Legal definition	ii) General def	inition
iii) Ecological definition	iv) Dictionary	
The wrenching operation in s	seed bed is done fo	r
i) Shoot manipulation	ii) Population	manipulation
iii) Root manipulation	iv) Soil manipu	ulation
. A tree which appears phenoty	pically desirable a	nd is to be evaluated is called
i) Candidate tree	ii) Select tree	
iii) Plus tree	iv) Elite tree	
	i) Sodium chloride iii) Potassium chloride The model watershed prograte Governments under technical i) ICRISAT ii) IGFRI Sporadic flowering occurs in i) Bamboo ii) Teak The suitable agroforesting sy i) Agri horticulture iii) Agri hortipastoral Forest is defined as a plant conwoody vegetation usually win i) Legal definition iii) Ecological definition The wrenching operation in si i) Shoot manipulation iii) Root manipulation iii) Root manipulation characteristics and the second seco	Mimosine content is subabul leaves can be recolution of i) Sodium chloride ii) Ferrous subabul leaves can be recolution of ii) Potassium chloride iv) Ammonium The model watershed programmes are being in Governments under technical supervision of i) ICRISAT ii) IGFRI iii) CIDA Sporadic flowering occurs in this tree species. i) Bamboo ii) Teak iii) Casuarina The suitable agroforesting system for class IV at i) Agri horticulture ii) Agri horticulture iii) Agri hortipastoral Forest is defined as a plant community comprising woody vegetation usually with a close canopy at i) Legal definition ii) General definition iii) Ecological definition iv) Dictionary The wrenching operation in seed bed is done for i) Shoot manipulation iii) Root manipulation iv) Soil manipulation iv) Soil manipulation iv) Candidate tree ii) Select tree



Question No. 3 Marks: 6×1=6

- 3. Answer in one sentence:
 - A. What is Form factor?
 - B. What is pricking out?
 - C. What are the characteristic features of the habitat of Mangrove vegetation?
 - D. What does Silvics deal with?
 - E. What is the mixture used for making bricks in brick planting method?
 - F. What is the purpose of D & D methodology followed in Agroforestry systems?

PART - B

SECTION – I

Write short notes on any five of the following:

(5×4=20)

- 4. Importance of succession in Silviculture.
- 5. Operations usually prescribed in improvement felling.
- 6. Advantages with mycorrhizae fungi inoculation.
- 7. The principles and benefits of watershed management.
- 8. Precautions for establishing seed orchards.
- 9. Pre-sowing treatment methods for teak seed.
- 10. Utility of vegetative propogation in tree improvement.
- 11. Use of Bamboo for different purposes.

SECTION - II

An	swer any five of the following questions: $(5\times12=$	60
12.	a) Write afforestation measures for coastal region for control of wind erosion.	
	b) Discuss the scope of Urban Forestry.	
13.	 a) Write the various types of efforts made to obtain people's participation in Social Forestry Programmes. 	_
	b) Write the major constraints in people's participation in Social Forestry Programmes.	8
14.	Explain different operations for obtaining natural regeneration of a species in desired quantity, at a desired time and at a desired place.	
15.	a) Write the main difficulties which arise in tree breeding programmes.	4
	b) Explain the various stages in tree improvement programme.	8
16.	a) Write the Silvicultural characters and natural regeneration of <u>Acacia auriculiformis</u> .	6
	b) Write the distribution of <u>Hardwickia binata</u> in Karnataka and important features of the species.	6
17.	Explain the beneficial effects of trees on soils with respect to the following aspects:	
	a) Additions to soil b) Reduction of losses from the soil	
	c) Physical properties of soil d) Chemical properties of soil	
18.	What does Nitrogen Fixing Tree (NFT) refer to ? Give justifications for recommending Nitrogen Fixing Trees in agroforestry systems.	
	What is Tending? Explain the various operations involved in tending for well being of a forest crop.	



CHEMISTRY

Time: 3 Hours Max. Marks: 100

INSTRUCTIONS

- 1) Answers should be written only in English.
- 2) Answer all questions.
- 3) Write all your answers (Objectives/Descriptives) in the answerbook itself.

PART - A

(Answer all the questions. Each Sub-question carries one mark)

r	11 11	if the blanks:	Question No. 1	Marks: $5 \times 1 = 5$
1.	a)	The electronic configuration of ele	ement copper (atomic nur	mber 29) is
	b)	The radius of Na ⁺ is	than the radius of Na atom	. नेप्पण हुन्य । अपूर्ण हुन्य
	c)	The hybridised state of C in C ₂ H ₆ is	Description statements	
	d)	The abbreviation LCAO stands for _		
	e)	The metal present in haemoglobin is _	"antimonnana" mass	
Fi	ll ir	n the blanks :	Question No. 2	Marks : 5×1=5
2.	a)	An example of a hexadentate ligand is		
	b)	All spontaneous processes are accomp	panied by	in entropy.
	c)	The catalyst used in Friedel-Craft's all	cylation is	but mail to
	d)	The number of peptide bonds present	in tetrapeptides is	LESOT STORE
	e)	The region of electromagnetic radiation usis region.	seful in the study of vibrationa	al transitions



Question No. 3 Marks: 5×1=5

- 3. a) Arrange the following in the increasing order of their bond strength O_2^{2-} , O_2^+ , O_2^- , O_2^- , O_2
 - b) Arrange the following in the increasing order of their stabilities

- c) Which one of the following is most acidic?

 CH₃COOH, CICH₂COOH, CH₃CH₂COOH
- d) Write the zwitter ion structure of Alanine.
- e) Write the Nernst equation for single electrode potential.

Question No. 4 Marks: 5×1=5

- 4. a) How is half life related to the order of a reaction?
 - b) How does molar conductance and specific conductance of a weak electrolyte vary with dilution?
 - c) Identify the electrophile in an aromatic sulphonation reaction.
 - d) Give an example each for reducing and non reducing sugars.
 - e) Define the term 'enantiomers'.

PART - B

SECTION - 1

Answer all the questions. Each question carries 4 marks. Some questions have internal choice.

5×4=20

- 5. a) Transition metals form coloured compounds with other elements. Give reason.
 - b) K₃ [Co F₆] is highly paramagnetic but [Co (NH₃)₆] Cl₃ is diamagnetic. Give reason.



6. For the reaction sequence

$$A+A \rightleftharpoons A^*+A$$

 $A^* \xrightarrow{k_3} products$

assuming steady state approximation for A*, find the order of the reaction if k₂>>k₃.

OR

For the cell $Zn|Zn_{aq}^{++}(0.01M)||Cu_{aq}^{++}(0.05M)||Cu||$ calculate the equilibrium constant for the spontaneous cell reaction at 298 K.

$$\left[E_{Zn}^{\circ} = -0.76V ; E_{Cu}^{\circ} = +0.34V \right]$$

- 7. a) Set up the M.O. diagram of O₂ molecule and comment on its magnetic nature.
 - b) Explain with an example, the mechanism of a homogeneously catalysed reaction.
- 8. a) Describe the E₂ mechanism in which the H leaves first and then the X. In what kind of reactions is this mechanism more likely to be followed?

OR

b) Identify A, B, C, D and E and write their structures in the following reaction sequence.

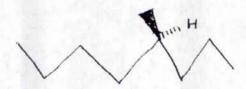
$$R - \stackrel{\circ}{C} - NH_2 \stackrel{\circ}{\longrightarrow} A \stackrel{OH^-}{\longrightarrow} B \stackrel{1,2 \text{ shift}}{\longleftarrow} C$$

$$CO_2 + R - NH_2 \longleftarrow F \stackrel{H_2O}{\longleftarrow} D \stackrel{L}{\longleftarrow} \text{Reavirangement}$$

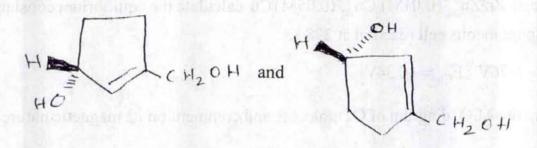
- 9. a) Write the structures of E and Z forms of 3-methyl-2- pentene.
 - b) Draw the structure of 3, 4-Dimethyl-1-pentene and identify the stereogenic centre.

 OR

c) Write the configuration and IUPAC name of the following molecule



d) How are the following molecules related?



SECTION - 2

Answer all questions availing internal choice. Each question carries twelve marks.

 $5 \times 12 = 60$

- 10. a) Write all possible values of quantum numbers l and m for the principal quantum number n = 3.
 - b) Set up the Born-Haber cycle for the formation of NaCl(s) and show how its lattice energy can be evaluated from this.
 - c) Calculate the spin only magnetic moment of Mn⁴⁺ species.
- 11. a) Explain 'ionisation isomerism' exhibited by coordination compounds with an example.
 - b) Draw the structure of ferrocyanide ion, indicate the hybridisation state of Fe in the ion and comment on its magnetic character.
 - c) Draw the structures of CO₂ and H₂O molecules and comment on their dipole moments.
 - d) Explain lanthanide contraction.



- 12. a) The rate constants for a reaction at 300 K and 400 K are 4×10^{-4} s⁻¹ and 2×10^{-2} s⁻¹ respectively. Find the activation energy for this reaction.
 - b) Δ H and Δ S for a reaction are 60 kJ mol⁻¹ and 40 JK⁻¹ mol⁻¹ respectively. At what temperatures the reaction becomes spontaneous?
 - c) Write the Debye Huckel Onsager equation and explain the terms.
 - d) Zinc displaces copper from an aqueous solution of CuSO₄. Give reason.

OR

- e) How does the enthalpy of a reaction vary with temperature? Derive this equation.
- f) What are 'active centres'? How can they be increased?
- g) Calculate the entropy change when 10 moles of an ideal gas undergoes isothermal reversible expansion from 10 dm³ to 100 dm³ at 300 K. (R = 8.314 JK⁻¹ mol⁻¹)
- h) A reaction

 $A + B \rightarrow Products$

yielded the following experimental data. Find the order of the reaction.

Concentration of A	Concentration of B	Rate of the reaction
0.5 M	0.5 M	x
1.0 M	0.5 M	2x
0.5 M	1.0 M	4x

- 13. a) Give a structure consistent with each of the following sets of NMR data
 - i) $C_4 H_9 Br$

doublet δ 1.04, δ H

multiplet δ 1.95, 1 H

doublet δ 3.33, 2 H

ii) C₁₀ H₁₃ Cl

singlet δ 1.57, 6 H

singlet δ 3.07, 2 H

singlet δ 7.27, 5 H



b) Explain how the configurations of compounds containing more than one chiral carbon be established taking 2, 3, 4- Trihydroxy butanal as an example.

OR

- c) How was the open chian structure of D-fructose established?
- d) What are the shortcomings of the open chain structure? How were they overcome?
- a) Describe the mechanism of Beckmann rearrangement. Using this rearrangement, write the conversion of Cyclohexanone to caprolactam.

addresses a referred OR as refrigher day oney projects also verify beneficial and the

b) As an evidence for SN₂ mechanism describe the conversion of

(+) - 1 - phenyl - 2 - propanol to

i) (-)-ether and ii) (+)-ether and explain where exactly inversion takes place.

Shan an brill tema fantam tar ya antwolfo) eni bet la l

c) Give another kind of evidence for SN₂ mechanism using compounds with potential leaving groups at bridge head carbons.

SEAL



BOTANY

Duration: 3 Hours Max. Marks: 100

INSTRUCTIONS

- 1. Answer should be written only in English.
- 2. Answer all questions.

iii) Pteridophytes

3. Write answers for objective and descriptive type question in the **Answerbook** itself.

PART - A

(Each sub-question carries one mark)

	Question 140. 1 Ivian	13. / 11-
Fill in the blanks:		
A. Loss of liquid water by guttation occurs thr	ough	
B. Citrus canker is caused by		
C. Special types of rejuvenating spores pr	oduced by diatoms are	called
The areas motion as a series and a series an	abbeiled bed 10	
D. Structure of chromosome is clearly visible d	uring	
E. The transfer of genetic material of one bacte	rium to another by virus is	called
F. In Angiosperms, triple fusion results in the fe	ormation of	L
G. Smog is a result of		
. Choose the correct answer:	Question No. 2 Mark	cs : 7×1='
A. In which of the following groups would yo spores, has vascular tissues and lacks seeds	?	
i) Algae ii) Bryophytes		

iv) Gymnosperms

B. Persistent calyx and oblique carpels are the salient features of the family



	Solanaceae	iv) Asteraceae		
C. Sim i) ii) iii)	pple tissues are these Parenchyma, xylem a Parenchyma, collench Parenchyma, xylem a	nd collenchyma nyma and sclerenchyma nd sclerenchyma		
	Parenchyma, xylem a	nd phloem		
i)	c fruit is a Syconus Berry	ii) Sorosis iv) Pepo		
i)	ometer is an instrumen Respiration Growth	t used for measuring th ii) Transpiration iv) Translocation	ne rate of	
i) ii) iii)	1 genotypic ratio in a r Dominance Segregation Independent Assortme Co-ordination	ent		
i)	d rain is caused due to Carbon dioxide Nitrous oxides	increase in the concen ii) Carbon monoxio iv) Sulphur dioxide		
3. Answer	in one sentence:	moral of one lentern	Question No. 3	Marks : 1×6=6
B. Wha	at are cristae ? at is Etiology ? ne cleistogamy.		to dimer a	
D. Whe	ere do you find Caspar	ian thickenings?		
	ne the fungus from whi at are thylakoids?	ch Gibberlin is extracte	ed.	



PART - B

SECTION - 1

 $(5 \times 4 = 20)$

- 4. Write notes on:
 - A. Salient features of Apocyanaceae.

OR

- B. Sporophyte of Marchantia.
- 5. A. Air pollution

OR

- B. Types of vascular bundles.
- 6. A. Dwarf shoot of Pinus.

OR

- B. Thallus organisation in Algae.
- 7. A. Economic importance of Lichens.

OR

- B. Significance of Transpiration.
- 8. A. Koleroga

OR

B. Synangium of psilotum.

SECTION - 2

9. Answer the following:

 $(5 \times 12 = 60)$

A. Describe briefly prophase-1 of Meiosis in plant cell and add a note on the significance of Meiosis.

OR

B. Give a detailed account on vegetation of Karnataka.

 A. Describe the structure of Double helix model of DNA and add a note on DNA replication.

OR

- B. Define photo-phosphorylation. Describe cyclic and non-cyclic photophosphorylation.
- 11. A. Describe the life cycle of puccinia on wheat plant.

OR

- B. What is Soil Erosion? Explain the various types of Soil Erosion and steps involved in soil conservation.
- 12. A. What is plant succession? Give a brief account on xerosere.

OR

- B. Describe the process of double fertilization in angiosperms.
- 13. A. Mention the salient features of the following families with two examples:
 - i) Musaceae
 - ii) Brassicaceae
 - iii) Cucurbitaceae.

OR

- B. Write the Botanical name, family, part used and economic importance of the following:
 - i) Wheat

ii) Clove

iii) Groundnut

iv) Coffee

v) Ravoulfia

vi) Tobacco

PHYSICS

ACF 2009

Duration: 3 Hours Max. Marks: 100

INSTRUCTIONS

- 1) Answer should be written only in English.
- 2) Answer all questions.
- 3) Write your answers (Objective/Descriptive) in the answer book itself.

PART – A (Each sub-question carries one mark)

Fil	l in the blanks :		Question	No. 1	Marks : 5×1=5
	The rms velocity given by	of gas molecules	s on the basis of K	Linetic The	ory of Gases is
B)		loubled, then the	string is increased e frequency of the cy.		
C)	Biprism interfere	ence experiment,	light is replaced by then the width of eld of view.	the fringes	s and the
D)	The power facto	or of a series LC	R circuit at resona	ance is	Alle and the second
E)	The graph of de- momentum give	A STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR	ngth of an electron	n plotted ag	gainst its linear
Cho	ose the Correct	Answer:	Question	No. 2	Marks : 5×1=5
A)	wavelength regi	on of 5000Å of	ent, the grating has the spectrum and a wavelength diff	in the sec	
	a) 25Å	b) 2.5Å	c) 0.25Å	d) 0.02	5Å
B)	The electric field	d components of	a plane electroma	gnetic wav	e are given by
	$E_x = 2E_0 \cos(\omega)$ the wave will be	$(t - kz)$ and $E_y = 1$	$E_0 \sin(\omega t - kz)$. T	he state of	polarization of
	a) Circular	b) Plane	c) Elliptical	d) Unp	olarised



- C) The mass of a proton is 1836 times the mass of an electron. They are projected into a uniform magnetic field with the same kinetic energy at right angles to the field direction. Then,
 - a) The electron trajectory is less curved than the proton trajectory
 - b) The proton trajectory is less curved than the electron trajectory
 - c) Both the trajectories are equally curved
 - d) Both the trajectories are straight
 - D) The position and momentum of 1 keV electron are simultaneously determined. If its position is determined within 0.4 nm, the percentage uncertainty in its momentum is
 - a) 1.5%
- b) 2.2%
- c) 4.4%
- E) A Raman line at a wavelength of 462.4 nm was observed with t exciting radiation of wavelength 435.8 nm. The corresponding Anti-stokes' line is at a wavelength of

- a) 512.2 nm b) 412.1 nm c) 479.6 nm d) 452.3 nm

Answer in one sentence:

Question No. 3

Marks: $5 \times 1 = 5$

- A) What is meant by invariance of Physical Laws?
- B) What is Compton effect?
- C) In a Bohr hydrogen atom, the angular momentum of electron is $3\hbar$. Find the energy of the electron in eV.
- D) Where does it take longer time to cook rice in an open vessel: Bangalore or Himalayas? Why?
- E) What is the percentage change in the optical rotation produced by a sugar solution if length is increased by 50% and concentration is decreased by 50% of its initial value?

State True or False:

Question No. 4

Marks: $5 \times 1 = 5$

- A) Efficiency of a Carnot engine can be 100%.
- B) Waves in a stretched string can be either longitudinal or transverse.
- C) The critical magnetic filed is the external field applied on a superconductor to just destory its superconductivity and convert into ordinary conductor.
- D) The result of Michelson-Morley interference experiment showed that there was no ether drag. Further, it established the fact that the speed of light in free space is the same everywhere, regardless of motion of source or observer.
- E) The molecular spectrum of a diatomic molecule lies only in the infrared region.



PART - B

SECTION - 1

 $(5 \times 4 = 20)$

(Each question carries four marks)

5. a) Mention the advantages of centre of mass frame as compared to that of a laboratory frame.

OR

- Derive an expression for the force acting on a conductor carrying current kept in a magnetic field.
- 6. a) Define Mean free path of a gas molecule and obtain an expression for it.

OR Malestone. Topic management aircles the old trabus.

- b) State and explain Pauli's Exclusion Principle. How many electrons can be accommodated in a given shell?
- 7. a) Derive an expression for velocity of longitudinal waves in a rod.

Complete Milliam to all desperance in contract to description OR contract to description of the contract to description of t

- b) Describe the construction and working of Ruby Laser.
- 8. a) Mention the differences between Zone plate and convex lens.

OR

- b) Distinguish between half-wave rectifier and full wave rectifier.
- a) What is Coriolis force? Describe the effect of Coriolis force on a freely falling particle.

OR

 Starting from the Lorentz transformation equations, derive the velocity addition theorem under special relativity.

SECTION - 2

 $(5 \times 12 = 60)$

(Each question carries 12 marks)

10. a) Derive Kepler's laws from Newton's law of gravitation.

OR

- b) Describe the experimental set up for studying the anomalous Zeeman effect. Explain the theory of anomalous Zeeman effect.
- a) Describe the characteristics of the energy spectrum of a black body. Derive the Planck's law of radiation.

OR

- b) Give the Huygens' theory of double refraction. Explain Huygens' construction for double refraction in Uniaxial negative crystals when optic axis is in the plane of incidence and parallel to the refracting surface for i) oblique incidence and ii) normal incidence.
- 12. a) Derive Maxwell's equations of electromagnetism.

OR which is a first on the value of the valu

- b) Describe Millikan's oil drop experiment to determine the charge of an electron.
- 13. a) Describe the Davisson Germer experiment on electron diffraction with necessary theory.

OR

- b) Obtain an expression for electrical conductivity of metals on the basis of free electron theory of metals.
- 14. a) Derive an expression for relativistic variation of mass with velocity.

OR

b) What is Hall effect? Derive an expression for Hall coefficient in the case of metals. Qualitatively, explain the hall effect in p-type and n-type semiconductors. What is the significance of Hall effect in semiconductors? 1.

2.

3.

4. Give the general formula of Vital Index.

SEAL

ZOOLOGY

Time: 3 Hours Max. Marks: 100

INSTRUCTIONS

- 1. Answers should be written only in English.
- 2. Answer all questions.
- 3. Write answers for objective and descriptive type questions in the **Answer Book** itself.

PART – A

Question No. 1 Marks: 7×1=7

Fill in the bla	anks with appropriate words:		
A)	is the migration of fresh water fish to salt water for spawning.		
B)	is the last stage in the prophase of f	irst Meiotic division.	
C)	is the principle moulting hormone of	of insects.	
D)polysaccha	bond binds monosaccharide to form a	a disaccharide and	
E)	are the internal asexual buds of spo	onges.	
F) The sessile	e, bottom dwelling organisms in an aquatic ecos	ystem are called	
G)soft palate.	is the sensitive fleshy hanging process	at the back of the	
What is pygos	style? What is its function?	Mark: 1	
What are Web	perian ossicles ?	Mark:1	

Mark:1

5. Define Gause's Principle.	201002	Mark: 1
6. Name the two Purine bases of RN	VA.	Mark:1
7. What are Leydig cells?		Mark:1
8. Give any two examples for Conce	ealing mimicry.	Mark:1
9. Choose the correct choice from	the following: Question No. 9 M	farks : 6×1=6
A) Onchosphere is connected wit	h	
a) Ascaris lumbricoides	b) Fasciola hepatica	
c) Taenia solium	d) Plasmodium vivax	
B) The test of ascidians are made	up of	
a) Mucin	b) Tunicin	HI WIN THE
c) Chitin	d) Chondrin	
C) Pick the reptile	ur agele pari all et	
a) Surinam toad	b) Desert toad	
c) Clawed toad	d) Midwife toad	
D) The inter cellular proteolytic en	nzyme, Cathepsin is synthesized by	
a) Lysosomes	b) Ribosomes	
c) Mitochondria	d) Golgi bodies	
E) This Vitamin increases the abs	orption of Calcium and Phosphate in the	e gut.
a) Vit-A b) Vit-B	c) Vit-C d) Vit-D	
F) Bidder's organ is found in	Total and the first first object of	
a) Planaria	b) Star fish	
c) Frog	d) Turtle	



PART - B

SECTION - I

 $(5 \times 4 = 20)$

 a) Differentiate between Ecto and Endothermic animals. Give one example for each.

OR

- b) Explain with suitable diagram the looping and somersaulting movement in Hydra.
- 11. a) Explain with diagrams the Pinocytosis and Phagocytosis.

OR

- b) What is the difference between National Parks and Wild life Sanctuaries? Give one example for each.
- 12. a) List out three salient features of phylum Echidermata. Classify the phylum upto classes.

OR

- b) Find out the probable offsprings of a woman who is normal but the father being colour blind marries a man who is normal but also with a colourblind father.
- 13. a) Describe Chloride shift.

OR

- b) Describe Biological Magnification.
- 14. a) Draw a neat labeled diagram of the ventral view of brain of frog.

OR

b) Describe In Vitro Fertilization (IVF).



SECTION - II

 $(3 \times 20 = 60)$

 a) Trace the evolution of aortic arches among vertebrates with suitable labeled diagrams.

OR

- b) Describe the physiology of the transmission of nerve impulse.
- 16. a) Define fertilization. With the help of labeled diagrams explain the process and list out three important significances of this act.

OR

- b) Describe the energy flow in a typical ecosystem.
- 17. a) List out the drawbacks of Darwinism and substantiate the modified Synthetic theory of evolution.

OR

b) What are proteins? Classify with examples and list out any four important functions of it to life.