

Total No. of Questions : 56]

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##  <br> Subject : SOCIAL SCIENCE


(English Version)

## FOR OFFICE USE ONLY



General Instructions :
i) The Question-cum-Answer Booklet consists of objective and subjective types of questions having 56 questions.
ii) Space has been provided against each objective type question. You have to choose the correct choice and write the complete answer along with its alphabet in the space provided.
iii) For subjective type questions enough space for each question has been provided. You have to answer the questions in the space.
iv) Follow the instructions given against both the objective and subjective types of questions.
v) Candidate should not write the answer with pencil. Answers written in pencil will not be evaluated. ( Except Graphs, Diagrams \& Maps )
vi) In case of Multiple Choice, Fill in the blanks and Matching questions, scratching / rewriting / marking is not permitted, thereby rendering to disqualification for evaluation.
vii) Candidates have extra 15 minutes for reading the question paper.
I. Four alternatives are given for each of the following questions / incomplete statements. Only one of them is correct or most appropriate. Choose the correct alternative and write the complete answer along with its alphabet in the space provided against each question.

1. The English Education in India was introduced on the advice of
(A) William Bentinck
(B) Macaulay
(C) Sir Charles Wood
(D) Dalhousie.

Ans: $\qquad$
2. The Act that provided provincial autonomy was
(A) Government of India Act of 1858
(B) Government of India Act of 1919
(C) Government of India Act of 1935
(D) Indian Independence Act of 1947.

Ans : $\qquad$
3. The popular advocate from Bellary who took part in the Non-co-operation Movement of Karnataka was
(A) Jayarao Nargund
(B) Kolachalam Venkatrao
(C) Karnad Sadashivarao
(D) Srinivasrao Kaujalagi.

Ans: $\qquad$
4. The Karnataka Ekikarana Samithi was headed by
(A) Ramakrishna Karanth
(B) Alavandi Shivamurthy Swamy
(C) S. Nijalingappa
(D) Alur Venkatrao.

Ans : $\qquad$
5. The League of Nations was established in the year
(A) 1916 A.D.
(B) 1917 A.D.
(C) 1918 A.D.
(D) 1919 A.D.

Ans : $\qquad$
6. The Fascist Party was established by
(A) Hitler
(B) Hidenberg
(C) Mussolini
(D) Emanuel III.

Ans: $\qquad$
7. The scheme enforced for the development of rural women was
(A) Streeshakti
(B) Swayamsiddha
(C) Balika Samruddhi Yojana
(D) Rashtreeya Mahila Vimochana.

Ans : $\qquad$
8. A Universal Charter for the Welfare of Children was adopted by U.N.O.'s
(A) General Assembly
(B) Security Council
(C) International Court of Justice
(D) Secretariat.

Ans: $\qquad$
9. The headquarters of SAARC is at
(A) Bangkok
(B) Kathmandu
(C) Colombo
(D) Delhi.

Ans: $\qquad$
10. Zaskar range falls under the rainfall region of
(A) high
(B) very high
(C) low
(D) very low.

Ans: $\qquad$
11. 'Sundari' trees are found in one of the region of
(A) Tropical deciduous forests
(B) Mangrove forests
(C) Desert vegetation
(D) Himalayan vegetation.

Ans: $\qquad$
12. Which one of the following is an important ferro-alloy?
(A) Manganese ore
(B) Bauxite ore
(C) Iron ore
(D) Mica.

Ans: $\qquad$
13. In 1919 a Steel Plant was set up at
(A) Bhadravathi
(B) Burnpur
(C) Rourkela
(D) Jamshedpur.

Ans : $\qquad$
14. Green Revolution was witnessed during which of the following Five Year Plans ?
(A) First
(B) Second
(C) Third
(D) Fourth.

Ans : $\qquad$
15. Which one of the following is an example for Cottage industries ?
(A) Rope making
(B) Garments
(C) Soaps
(D) Chemicals.

Ans: $\qquad$
II. Fill in the blanks with suitable answers :
$5 \times 1=5$
16. Count de Lally surrendered to the British at $\qquad$
17. The king of Egypt was dethroned by $\qquad$ .. .
18. In 1952 Government of India opened $\qquad$
19. The highest temperature recorded in India at Ganganagar is in $\qquad$ state.
20. We import petroleum and its by-products from $\qquad$
III. 21. Match List-A with List-B. Write the correct answer in the space provided :

$$
5 \times 1=5
$$

## List-A

(a) Redesignation of Governor General as Viceroy
(b) Inclusion of Law member
(c) Anglo Oriental School
(d) Ramakrishna Mission
(e) Satya Shodhak Samaj
der

## List-B

(i) Charter Act of 1853
(ii) Vivekananda
(iii) Charter Act of 1833
(iv) Jyotiba Phule
(v) Sir Syed Ahmad Khan
(vi) Government of India Act of 1858
(vii) Ramakrishna Paramahamsa
(viii) Raja Rammohan Roy

Ans.: a)
b) $\qquad$
c) $\qquad$
d) $\qquad$
e)
IV. Answer the following questions in a sentence each :
$9 \times 1=9$
22. Who was the Governor-General during the First Anglo-Maratha War ?
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
23. What was the immediate cause for the First World War?
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
24. Who took up the ambitious programme, Marshall Plan ?
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
25. What is the main aim of World Trade Organisation ?
26. Which countries signed the Disarmament treaty in 1988 ?
27. Who called the underdeveloped countries as 'Third World'?
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
28. What is the aim of Vanamahotsava?
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
29. Which is the oldest and still existing newspaper of India?
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
30. What was the top priority of the Seventh Five-Year Plan?
V. Answer the following questions in two sentences each :
$16 \times 2=32$
31. What were the results of the fourth Anglo-Mysore War ?
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32. Write any four services rendered by Sir M. Vishveswarayya.
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
33. How did the Industrial Revolution of England affect the Indian industries ?
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34. Why did the people of Isur declare their village 'free'? What was its result ?
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35. Write a note on the liberation movement in Goa.
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36. How did Japan modernise ?
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37. Which countries signed the Camp David agreement? What was its effect?
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38. Mention any two provisions made to safeguard the interests of SC/ST.
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39. Mention any two aims of the UNO.
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40. Differentiate the Western and the Eastern Ghats.
41. Name the two noteworthy events in the direction of Human Rights.
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42. What are the important non-conventional sources of energy?
43. Which are the four main industrial regions found in India?
44. What is dredging ? In which port is it found?
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45. Mention any four problems faced by cottage and small scale industries.
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46. Define Economic Planning. Name any two aims of it.
VI. Answer the following questions in six sentences each :
47. Why did the Portuguese fail to establish their power in India?
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48. What were the political factors that lead to the First War of Indian Independence?
49. Name the programmes envisaged to implement the policy of universalization of Primary Education.
50. What are the factors influencing land-use in India?
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51. Which are the different types of agricultural practices followed in India ? Give any two reasons for following them.
52. What are the services of retail traders ?
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VII. Write the answer to the following questions in about eight sentences each :

$$
3 \times 4=12
$$

53. What role did Mahatma Gandhi play in our Freedom Movement ?
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54. "UNESCO is one of the important specialised agencies of the UNO." Why ?
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55. What does the regulated market committee consist of ? Mention the functions of the committee.
VIII. 56. Draw an outline map of India and mark the following :

$$
1+3=4
$$

a) Patkai Bum
b) River Yamuna
c) Tea Port of India.

Alternative Question for Blind Candidates only : (In lieu of Q. No. 56 )
Why are the Himalayas important in the life of Indians ?
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